

# Converting Colors

XYZ(35.8479, 27.7464, 35.4629)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(35.8479, 27.7464, 35.4629)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(35.8282, 27.7376,  
35.3638)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C5789D
RGB	197, 120, 157
RGB Percent	77%, 47%, 62%
CMY	0.2274, 0.5294, 0.3843
CMYK	0.00, 0.39, 0.20, 0.23
HSL	331°, 40%, 62%
HSV	331°, 39%, 77%
XYZ	35.8282, 27.7376, 35.3638
YIQ	147.2410, 34.0150, 27.8310

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

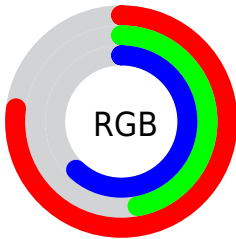
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	197, 120, 157
Decimal	12941469
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	59.65, 35.11, -7.04
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	60, 35.805, 348.654
Yxy	27.7376, 0.3622, 0.2804
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291131549 (0xFFC5789D)
YUV	147.2410, 4.8112, 43.6386
Hunter-Lab	52.6665, 29.2644, -2.9447

# Details

The XYZ color **35.8282, 27.7376, 35.3638** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6699**. A complement of this color would be **34.0584, 46.4643, 40.4334**, and the grayscale version is **27.8045, 29.2525, 31.8559**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **68.2597, 56.2856, 69.5539**, and **15.8850, 11.0476, 14.9308** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **32.8607, 23.1426, 30.2428**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **39.3579, 33.3392, 41.0340**.

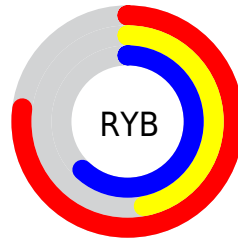
# Distribution



Red (77%)

Green (47%)

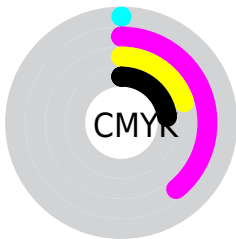
Blue (62%)



Red (77%)

Yellow (47%)

Blue (62%)

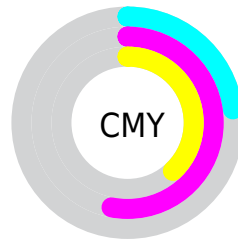


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (39%)

Yellow (20%)

Black (23%)



Cyan (23%)

Magenta (53%)


Yellow (38%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 35.8282, 27.7376, 35.3638 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 35.8282, 27.7376, 35.3638 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 35.8282, 27.7376,  
35.3638


 35.8282, 27.7376,  
35.3638


319.6534,  
291.2109, 341.1241


 24.4710, 18.1280,  
23.6575


 68.0924, 56.0652,  
69.2069

 15.8100, 11.0419,  
14.8699


 89.7302, 75.5520,  
92.1808

 9.4798, 6.0950,  
8.5825


 115.5255, 99.1000,  
119.7476

 5.1151, 2.9029,  
4.3768

145.8438,  
127.0935, 152.3258

 2.3504, 1.0813,  
1.8343

181.0504,  
159.9169, 190.3340

 0.8203, 0.0000,  
0.4504

221.5106,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

197.9547, 234.1908

0.0000

267.5898,  
241.5913, 284.3147

■ 35.8282, 27.7376,  
35.3638

■ 35.8282, 27.7376,  
35.3638

■ 32.8607, 23.1426,  
30.2428

■ 39.3579, 33.3392,  
41.0340

■ 30.4211, 19.4894,  
25.6498

■ 43.4767, 39.9993,  
47.2699

■ 28.4749, 16.7118,  
21.5644


■ 48.2124, 47.7709,  
54.0893


■ 26.9822, 14.7329,  
17.9639


■ 53.5906, 56.7021,  
61.5087


■ 25.8962, 13.4625,  
14.8227


■ 59.6351, 66.8383,  
69.5437


 25.1383, 12.7466,  
12.1041

 66.3686, 78.2224,  
78.2095

 25.0760, 12.6904,  
11.8727

 72.8788, 89.0275,  
87.2092

 74.3476, 89.6150,  
94.9438

 75.9020, 90.2368,  
103.1293

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



33.4358, 27.7376, 49.7919



35.8282, 27.7376, 35.3638



35.4779, 27.7376, 22.9243

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



35.8282, 27.7376, 35.3638



23.6824, 27.7376, 12.2339



21.0328, 27.7376, 52.9861

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



35.8282, 27.7376, 35.3638



34.0584, 46.4643, 40.4334

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



18.9618, 27.7376, 38.8757



35.8282, 27.7376, 35.3638



20.3667, 27.7376, 16.5704

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



35.8282, 27.7376, 35.3638



28.1095, 27.7376, 11.7902



18.7327, 27.7376, 25.5678



24.6918, 27.7376, 61.7396



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



35.8282, 27.7376, 35.3638



33.7440, 27.7376, 17.1777



18.7327, 27.7376, 25.5678



20.1466, 27.7376, 48.5529

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



35.8290, 27.7389, 35.3644



83.5985, 81.0247, 92.9744



31.2496, 24.9170, 55.9859



17.6488, 16.9404, 19.5499



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



35.8290, 27.7389, 35.3644



59.5212, 42.4684, 55.3584



33.2890, 26.9715, 21.2225



10.8426, 10.7204, 12.1543



16.5354, 8.3637, 8.0291



0.8195, 0.4106, 0.5727



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



35.8290, 27.7389, 35.3644



59.5212, 42.4684, 55.3584



37.5007, 47.3770, 59.9917



10.8426, 10.7204, 12.1543



16.5354, 8.3637, 8.0291

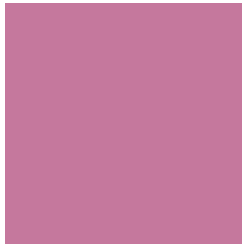


0.8195, 0.4106, 0.5727



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 35.8282, 27.7376, 35.3638 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

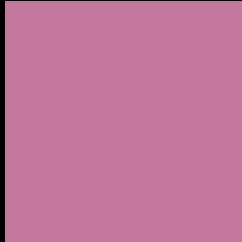
Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 35.8282, 27.7376, 35.3638 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

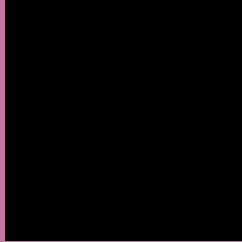
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 35.8282, 27.7376, 35.3638**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 35.8282, 27.7376, 35.3638.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 35.8282, 27.7376,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

35.8282, 27.7376, 35.3638

### Protanopia

27.7501, 28.0268, 42.9768

### Deuteranopia

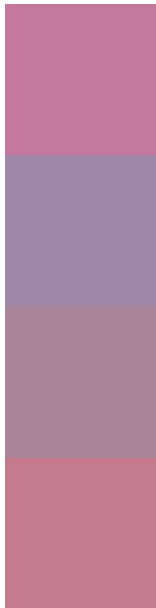
28.4543, 27.9261, 34.0276



## Tritanopia

34.0164, 27.7386, 26.1155

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

35.8282, 27.7376, 35.3638

## Protanomaly

29.9371, 27.4889, 40.2872

## Deuteranomaly

30.7978, 27.6542, 34.2864

## Tritanomaly

34.7304, 27.8547, 29.1372

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

35.8282, 27.7376, 35.3638

## Achromatopsia

27.7328, 29.1771, 31.7738

## Achromatomaly

30.0486, 28.1250, 33.1231

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 35.8282, 27.7376, 35.3638 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(197, 120, 157)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(197, 120, 157)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(197, 120, 157) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(197, 120, 157) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 35.8282, 27.7376, 35.3638 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(197, 120, 157) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(197, 120, 157) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(197, 120, 157)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(197, 120, 157); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 120, 157);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 120,  
157) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 35.8282, 27.7376, 35.3638 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(197, 120, 157) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(197,  
120, 157) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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