

# Converting Colors

XYZ(36.0149, 34.7890, 58.2428)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(36.0149, 34.7890, 58.2428)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(36.0149, 34.7890,  
58.2428)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9E9BC6
RGB	158, 155, 198
RGB Percent	62%, 61%, 78%
CMY	0.3804, 0.3921, 0.2235
CMYK	0.20, 0.22, 0.00, 0.22
HSL	244°, 27%, 69%
HSV	244°, 22%, 78%
XYZ	36.0149, 34.7890, 58.2428
YIQ	160.7990, -12.0150, 14.0090

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

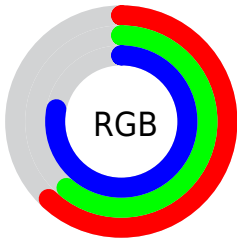
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	158, 155, 198
Decimal	10394566
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	65.58, 10.16, -21.69
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	66, 23.951, 295.095
Yxy	34.7890, 0.2791, 0.2696
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288584646 (0xFF9E9BC6)
YUV	160.7990, 18.3401, -2.4547
Hunter-Lab	58.9822, 5.7744, -17.2592

# Details

The XYZ color **36.0149, 34.7890, 58.2428** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9999CC**. A complement of this color would be **48.6173, 54.3577, 38.9416**, and the grayscale version is **33.7055, 35.4608, 38.6168**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **68.2910, 66.9671, 103.9344**, and **15.9282, 14.9784, 28.4372** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **29.6305, 27.0013, 57.0767**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **43.4848, 43.9401, 59.6160**.

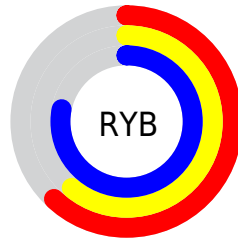
# Distribution



Red (62%)

Green (61%)

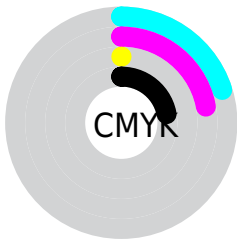
Blue (78%)



Red (62%)

Yellow (61%)

Blue (78%)

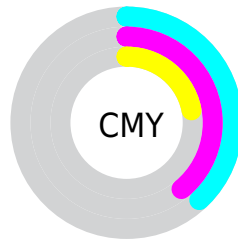


Cyan (20%)

Magenta (22%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (22%)



Cyan (38%)

Magenta (39%)

Yellow (22%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 36.0149, 34.7890, 58.2428 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 36.0149, 34.7890, 58.2428 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 36.0149, 34.7890,  
58.2428

■ 36.0149, 34.7890,  
58.2428

320.4558,  
323.6360, 435.7135

■ 24.6159, 23.5004,  
41.5879

■ 68.3788, 67.1588,  
103.7946

■ 15.9183, 14.9634,  
28.4556

■ 90.0743, 89.0087,  
133.5286

■ 9.5568, 8.7937,  
18.4273

115.9328,  
115.1479, 168.4593

■ 5.1661, 4.6069,  
11.0846

146.3195,  
145.9607, 209.0054

■ 2.3808, 2.0185,  
6.0089

181.5998,  
181.8315, 255.5853

■ 0.8355, 0.6182,  
2.7816

222.1390,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

223.1447, 308.6176

0.9842

268.3026,  
270.2848, 368.5208

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 36.0149, 34.7890,  
58.2428

■ 36.0149, 34.7890,  
58.2428

■ 29.6305, 27.0013,  
57.0767

■ 43.4848, 43.9401,  
59.6160

■ 24.2780, 20.5077,  
56.1054

■ 52.0841, 54.5110,  
61.2032

■ 19.9041, 15.2392,  
55.3190

■ 61.8581, 66.5601,  
63.0137

■ 16.4493, 11.1189,  
54.7058

■ 72.8487, 80.1412,  
65.0559

■ 13.8479, 8.0609,  
54.2527

■ 85.0959, 95.3056,  
67.3374

■ 12.0250, 5.9673,  
53.9446

■ 87.1931, 96.8573,  
67.5264

■ 10.8930, 4.7221,  
53.7639

■ 10.3713, 4.1691,  
53.6847

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



32.4916, 34.7890, 60.6130



36.0149, 34.7890, 58.2428



38.9219, 34.7890, 50.0650

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



36.0149, 34.7890, 58.2428



37.0845, 34.7890, 24.1237



26.7809, 34.7890, 36.2489

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36.0149, 34.7890, 58.2428



48.6173, 54.3577, 38.9416

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



27.8289, 34.7890, 27.8511



36.0149, 34.7890, 58.2428



33.6469, 34.7890, 21.6866

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



36.0149, 34.7890, 58.2428



39.5694, 34.7890, 30.2513



30.2824, 34.7890, 22.9197



27.3171, 34.7890, 46.6926



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36.0149, 34.7890, 58.2428



40.0339, 34.7890, 43.0774



30.2824, 34.7890, 22.9197



26.9573, 34.7890, 33.1172

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36.0160, 34.7904, 58.2436



83.7702, 86.1208, 106.8156



43.2566, 50.1366, 60.8241



17.7325, 18.1903, 22.8264



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36.0160, 34.7904, 58.2436



58.2580, 54.8663, 102.1275



40.5908, 37.1488, 58.4577



10.1240, 10.3222, 13.3763



6.7719, 2.7253, 34.9135



0.3450, 0.1416, 1.6543



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



44.8615, 39.3900, 56.8698



76.6876, 64.4520, 99.1510



43.4855, 51.7121, 38.7014



11.0499, 10.8034, 13.2463



20.7979, 10.0687, 30.4755

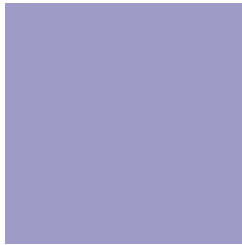


0.9946, 0.4807, 1.4947



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 36.0149, 34.7890, 58.2428 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

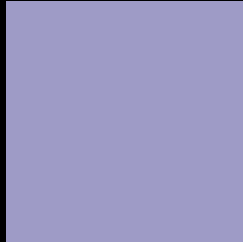
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 36.0149, 34.7890, 58.2428 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

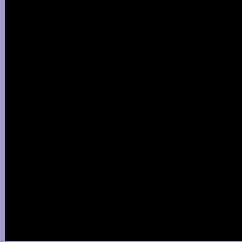
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 36.0149, 34.7890, 58.2428**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 36.0149, 34.7890, 58.2428.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 36.0149, 34.7890,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

36.0149, 34.7890, 58.2428

### Protanopia

35.0466, 35.0134, 59.5547

### Deuteranopia

35.5991, 34.8227, 58.2713



## Tritanopia

33.1541, 34.8925, 44.0172

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

36.0149, 34.7890, 58.2428

## Protanomaly

35.3147, 34.9129, 58.9104

## Deuteranomaly

35.7918, 34.9221, 58.2803

## Tritanomaly

34.0849, 34.7585, 48.6287

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

36.0149, 34.7890, 58.2428

## Achromatopsia

33.8758, 35.6400, 38.8120

## Achromatomaly

34.5353, 35.3258, 45.0428

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 36.0149, 34.7890, 58.2428 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(158, 155, 198)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(158, 155, 198)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(158, 155, 198) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(158, 155, 198) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 36.0149, 34.7890, 58.2428 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(158, 155, 198) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(158, 155, 198) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(158, 155, 198)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(158, 155, 198); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(158, 155, 198);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(158, 155,  
198) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 36.0149, 34.7890, 58.2428 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(158, 155, 198) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(158,  
155, 198) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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