

# Converting Colors

XYZ(36.0417, 19.2905, 2.6793)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(36.0417, 19.2905, 2.6793)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(35.9148, 19.2231,  
2.6817)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	EE1F18
RGB	238, 31, 24
RGB Percent	93%, 12%, 9%
CMY	0.0667, 0.8783, 0.9059
CMYK	0.00, 0.87, 0.90, 0.07
HSL	2°, 86%, 51%
HSV	2°, 90%, 93%
XYZ	35.9148, 19.2231, 2.6817
YIQ	92.0950, 125.6190, 41.7070

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

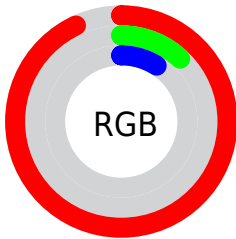
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	238, 31, 24
Decimal	15605528
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	50.95, 72.91, 57.24
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	51, 92.694, 38.132
Yxy	19.2231, 0.6212, 0.3325
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293795608 (0xFFEE1F18)
YUV	92.0950, -33.5708, 127.9587
Hunter-Lab	43.8442, 69.4904, 27.0645

# Details

The XYZ color **35.9148, 19.2231, 2.6817** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF3333**. The color can be described as dark washed red. A complement of this color would be **44.3780, 63.5048, 90.8070**, and the grayscale version is **10.2523, 10.7862, 11.7462**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **47.1940, 31.2438, 9.8466**, and **17.0133, 8.7707, 0.7962** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **35.3477, 18.3513, 1.6849**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **37.1103, 21.0313, 4.8784**.

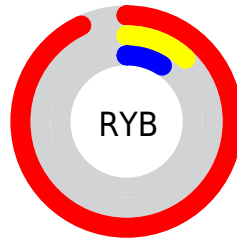
# Distribution



Red (93%)

Green (12%)

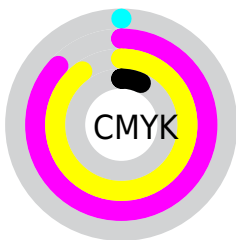
Blue (9%)



Red (93%)

Yellow (12%)

Blue (9%)

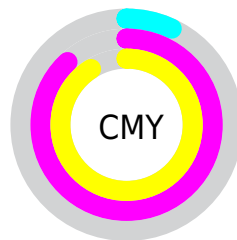


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (87%)

Yellow (90%)

Black (7%)



Cyan (7%)

Magenta (88%)


Yellow (91%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 35.9148, 19.2231, 2.6817 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 35.9148, 19.2231, 2.6817 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 35.9148, 19.2231,  
2.6817


 35.9148, 19.2231,  
2.6817


320.0257,  
247.6776, 132.1973


 24.5382, 11.8316,  
0.9342


 68.2253, 42.1107,  
10.8324

 15.8602, 6.6291,  
0.0000


 89.8899, 58.3757,  
18.0729


 9.5155, 3.2313,  
0.0000


 115.7145, 78.3672,  
27.9817

 5.1387, 1.2536,  
0.0000

 146.0645,  
102.4697, 40.9771

 2.3645, 0.1049,  
0.0000

 181.3053,  
131.0676, 57.4779


 0.8274, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 221.8022,


 0.0000, 0.0000,


164.5453, 77.9025


0.0000


 267.9206,  
203.2872, 102.6694


 35.9148, 19.2231,  
2.6817

 35.9148, 19.2231,  
2.6817


 35.3477, 18.3513,  
1.6849


 37.1103, 21.0313,  
4.8784

 35.3444, 18.3466,  
1.6784

 39.0747, 23.9564,  
8.6275

 41.9086, 28.1407,  
14.1453

 45.6970, 33.7048,  
21.6134

 50.5150, 40.7549,  
31.1911

■ 56.4300, 49.3871,  
43.0214

■ 63.5039, 59.6893,  
57.2345

■ 71.7937, 71.7430,  
73.9510

■ 81.3530, 85.6242,  
93.2831

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



41.8314, 19.2231, 14.5773



35.9148, 19.2231, 2.6817



25.6451, 19.2231, 0.1269

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



35.9148, 19.2231, 2.6817



6.3178, 19.2231, 7.2065



20.8765, 19.2231, 121.0503

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



35.9148, 19.2231, 2.6817



44.3780, 63.5048, 90.8070

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.4662, 19.2231, 111.2694



35.9148, 19.2231, 2.6817



5.7960, 19.2231, 28.9046

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



35.9148, 19.2231, 2.6817



9.4128, 19.2231, 1.0458



7.6260, 19.2231, 70.0592



31.4421, 19.2231, 90.9259



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



35.9148, 19.2231, 2.6817



18.8509, 19.2231, 0.0000



7.6260, 19.2231, 70.0592



17.7030, 19.2231, 122.6043

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



35.9152, 19.2243, 2.6820



68.1898, 60.9535, 54.7092



50.4998, 24.7958, 80.2926



14.0281, 12.2196, 10.5720



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



35.9152, 19.2243, 2.6820



41.3309, 21.4417, 1.9603



44.0282, 35.4503, 5.3863



15.8144, 15.8419, 16.3740



19.7369, 10.2718, 0.9424



1.6565, 0.8836, 0.0832



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



44.3780, 63.5048, 90.8070



51.1975, 73.5150, 106.0992



23.4548, 21.6583, 83.8326



16.2003, 17.8347, 20.3102



24.4454, 35.1151, 50.6174



2.0475, 2.9490, 4.2155



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 35.9148, 19.2231, 2.6817 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 35.9148, 19.2231, 2.6817 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 35.9148, 19.2231, 2.6817**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 35.9148, 19.2231, 2.6817.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 35.9148, 19.2231,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

35.9148, 19.2231, 2.6817

### Protanopia

17.5675, 19.3352, 5.1890

### Deuteranopia

19.5718, 19.3608, 2.7055



## Tritanopia

35.9363, 19.2317, 2.7953

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

35.9148, 19.2231, 2.6817

## Protanomaly

21.1399, 16.1626, 3.7558

## Deuteranomaly

23.3054, 16.8310, 2.2788

## Tritanomaly

35.9253, 19.2273, 2.7375

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

35.9148, 19.2231, 2.6817

## Achromatopsia

10.1725, 10.7023, 11.6548

## Achromatomaly

14.8803, 10.8053, 6.6115

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 35.9148, 19.2231, 2.6817 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(238, 31, 24)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(238, 31, 24)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(238, 31, 24) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(238, 31, 24) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 35.9148, 19.2231, 2.6817 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(238, 31, 24) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(238, 31, 24) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(238, 31, 24) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(238, 31, 24); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(238, 31, 24);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(238, 31,  
24) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 35.9148, 19.2231, 2.6817 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(238, 31, 24) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(238, 31,  
24) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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