

# Converting Colors

XYZ(36.0578, 55.8010, 26.6395)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(36.0578, 55.8010, 26.6395)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(36.0578, 55.8010,  
26.6395)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	75DB78
RGB	117, 219, 120
RGB Percent	46%, 86%, 47%
CMY	0.5412, 0.1412, 0.5294
CMYK	0.47, 0.00, 0.45, 0.14
HSL	122°, 59%, 66%
HSV	122°, 47%, 86%
XYZ	36.0578, 55.8010, 26.6395
YIQ	177.2160, -29.0130, -52.4130

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

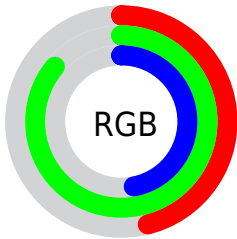
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">117, 216, 219</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">7723896</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">79.50, -49.68, 39.57</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">80, 63.513, 141.466</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">55.8010, 0.3043, 0.4709</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4285913976 (0xFF75DB78)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">177.2160, -28.2075, -52.8094</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">74.7001, -44.5630, 31.1461</a>

# Details

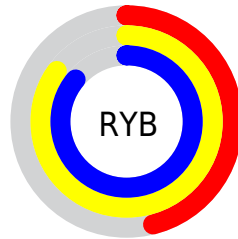
The XYZ color **36.0578, 55.8010, 26.6395** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CC66**. A complement of this color would be **47.9711, 32.7415, 68.7589**, and the grayscale version is **42.0593, 44.2497, 48.1879**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **60.8555, 83.5747, 52.9685**, and **15.9163, 27.5236, 10.1039** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **32.3024, 53.9995, 20.4614**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **40.7906, 58.0765, 34.3603**.

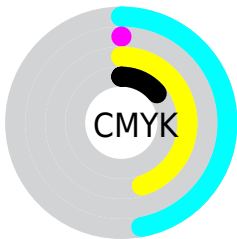
# Distribution



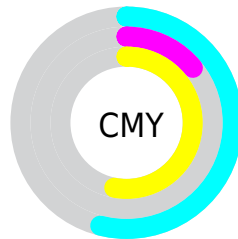
- Red (46%)
- Green (86%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (46%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Blue (86%)



- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Black (14%)




- Cyan (54%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (53%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 36.0578, 55.8010, 26.6395 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 36.0578, 55.8010, 26.6395 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 36.0578, 55.8010,  
26.6395


 36.0578, 55.8010,  
26.6395


320.6399,  
408.9411, 299.6121


 24.6492, 40.0434,  
17.0726


 68.4446, 98.7136,  
55.3015

 15.9432, 27.5724,  
10.1238

 90.1534, 126.6373,  
75.2337

 9.5746, 18.0036,  
5.3744


 116.0263,  
159.3852, 99.4582

 5.1779, 10.9525,  
2.4060

146.4287,  
197.3417, 128.3933

 2.3878, 6.0349,  
0.7897

181.7259,  
240.8911, 162.4578

 0.8390, 2.8663,  
0.0000

222.2833,

 0.0000, 1.0624,

290.4179, 202.0700

0.0000

268.4662,  
346.3064, 247.6486

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 36.0578, 55.8010,  
26.6395

■ 36.0578, 55.8010,  
26.6395

■ 32.3024, 53.9995,  
20.4614

■ 40.7906, 58.0765,  
34.3603

■ 29.4524, 52.6323,  
15.7191

■ 46.5581, 60.8487,  
43.7138

■ 27.4326, 51.6647,  
12.2980


■ 53.4180, 64.1471,  
54.7876


■ 26.1537, 51.0535,  
10.0643


■ 61.4226, 67.9970,  
67.6618

■ 25.5039, 50.7446,  
8.8562

■ 70.6209, 72.4219,  
82.4116

 25.3679, 50.6794,  
8.6301

 81.0590, 77.4442,  
99.1078

 84.6226, 79.1452,  
105.4242

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



44.5508, 55.8010, 16.0039



36.0578, 55.8010, 26.6395



32.2752, 55.8010, 50.9105

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



36.0578, 55.8010, 26.6395



49.4770, 55.8010, 160.1842



79.3217, 55.8010, 38.4890

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36.0578, 55.8010, 26.6395



47.9711, 32.7415, 68.7589

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



81.2081, 55.8010, 71.7994



36.0578, 55.8010, 26.6395



62.5382, 55.8010, 152.4885

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



36.0578, 55.8010, 26.6395



39.1662, 55.8010, 134.0207



74.6522, 55.8010, 115.9268



69.8482, 55.8010, 20.6852



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36.0578, 55.8010, 26.6395



32.4321, 55.8010, 75.8339



74.6522, 55.8010, 115.9268



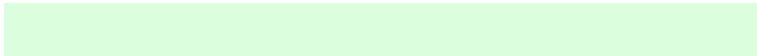
80.9186, 55.8010, 47.8252

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36.0592, 55.8033, 26.6407



78.0285, 91.8125, 81.5629



57.2493, 66.7480, 26.6962



16.2029, 19.4119, 16.6551



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36.0592, 55.8033, 26.6407



45.6434, 76.2482, 28.9577



39.8965, 57.3382, 46.8475



12.9020, 14.6124, 13.9468



15.0483, 30.0520, 5.1540



0.9805, 1.9491, 0.3633



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47.9711, 32.7415, 68.7589



64.4370, 39.8448, 95.3944



42.4868, 30.5478, 39.8791



13.5970, 13.2679, 16.4049



24.4178, 11.7682, 38.1757



1.5872, 0.7645, 2.5013



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 36.0578, 55.8010, 26.6395 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 36.0578, 55.8010, 26.6395 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

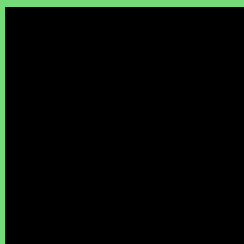
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 36.0578, 55.8010, 26.6395**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 36.0578, 55.8010, 26.6395.



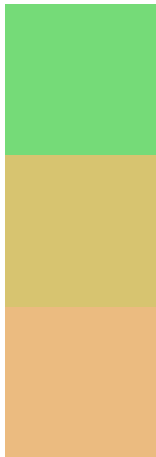
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 36.0578, 55.8010,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

36.0578, 55.8010, 26.6395

### Protanopia

50.6889, 55.0968, 23.2924

### Deuteranopia

55.9276, 54.7613, 28.0444



## Tritanopia

46.4148, 55.4964, 78.7866

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

36.0578, 55.8010, 26.6395



## Protanomaly

43.2778, 54.0072, 24.3631



## Deuteranomaly

45.8633, 53.5340, 27.3179



## Tritanomaly

41.5173, 54.9590, 54.8743

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

36.0578, 55.8010, 26.6395



## Achromatopsia

41.7894, 43.9657, 47.8787



## Achromatomaly

38.3680, 47.0681, 38.5153

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 36.0578, 55.8010, 26.6395 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(117, 219, 120)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(117, 219, 120)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(117, 219, 120) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(117, 219, 120) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 36.0578, 55.8010, 26.6395 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(117, 219, 120) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(117, 219, 120) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(117, 219, 120)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 219, 120); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 219, 120); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 219, 120) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 36.0578, 55.8010, 26.6395 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(117, 219, 120) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(117,  
219, 120) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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