

# Converting Colors

XYZ(36.2325, 28.8213, 34.9312)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(36.2325, 28.8213, 34.9312)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(36.3603, 28.9378,  
35.1217)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C57D9C
RGB	197, 125, 156
RGB Percent	77%, 49%, 61%
CMY	0.2274, 0.5098, 0.3882
CMYK	0.00, 0.37, 0.21, 0.23
HSL	334°, 38%, 63%
HSV	334°, 37%, 77%
XYZ	36.3603, 28.9378, 35.1217
YIQ	150.0620, 32.9610, 24.9050

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

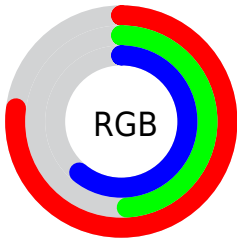
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	197, 125, 156
Decimal	12942748
CIELab	60.73, 32.25, -4.88
CIELCh	61, 32.614, 351.403
Yxy	28.9378, 0.3621, 0.2882
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291132828 (0xFFC57D9C)
YUV	150.0620, 2.9274, 41.1646
Hunter-Lab	53.7939, 26.5123, -1.0544

# Details

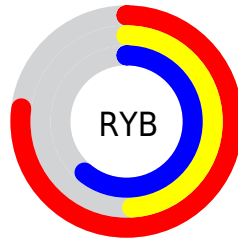
The XYZ color **36.3603, 28.9378, 35.1217** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6699**. A complement of this color would be **35.3078, 47.0464, 43.2984**, and the grayscale version is **28.9946, 30.5046, 33.2195**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **68.9930, 58.1533, 68.5612**, and **16.1539, 11.6683, 14.7654** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **33.2028, 24.0734, 29.5968**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **40.1018, 34.8292, 41.2749**.

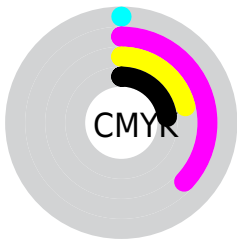
# Distribution



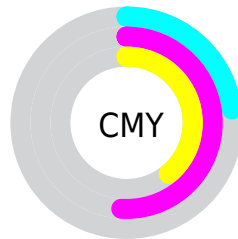
- Red (77%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (61%)



- Red (77%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (61%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Black (23%)




- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (39%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 36.3603, 28.9378, 35.1217 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 36.3603, 28.9378, 35.1217 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 36.3603, 28.9378,  
35.1217


 36.3603, 28.9378,  
35.1217

321.9365,  
296.9214, 340.0257


 24.8840, 19.0338,  
23.4723


 68.9081, 57.9782,  
68.8280

 16.1189, 11.6947,  
14.7341


 90.7102, 77.8835,  
91.7219

 9.6997, 6.5361,  
8.4884


 116.6850,  
101.8912, 119.2012

 5.2611, 3.1737,  
4.3168

147.1979,  
130.3858, 151.6843

 2.4376, 1.2231,  
1.8007

182.6141,  
163.7518, 189.5898

 0.8639, 0.0804,  
0.4284

223.2990,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

202.3734, 233.3361

0.0000

269.6180,  
246.6351, 283.3419

■ 36.3603, 28.9378,  
35.1217

■ 36.3603, 28.9378,  
35.1217

■ 33.2028, 24.0734,  
29.5968

■ 40.1018, 34.8292,  
41.2749

■ 30.5951, 20.1721,  
24.6761

■ 44.4541, 41.7984,  
48.0754

■ 28.5030, 17.1694,  
20.3364


■ 49.4452, 49.8977,  
55.5439


■ 26.8873, 14.9909,  
16.5519


■ 55.1006, 59.1747,  
63.6993


■ 25.7025, 13.5500,  
13.2940


■ 61.4444, 69.6742,  
72.5596


 24.8901, 12.7341,  
10.5290

 68.4996, 81.4390,  
82.1423

 24.6584, 12.5233,  
9.6733

 73.7138, 89.3615,  
91.6061

 75.3823, 90.0289,  
100.3919

 76.8361, 90.6104,  
108.0476

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



34.3670, 28.9378, 48.3969



36.3603, 28.9378, 35.1217



35.7974, 28.9378, 23.7460

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



36.3603, 28.9378, 35.1217



24.6406, 28.9378, 14.4105



22.7342, 28.9378, 53.4569

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36.3603, 28.9378, 35.1217



35.3078, 47.0464, 43.2984

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



20.6028, 28.9378, 40.8010



36.3603, 28.9378, 35.1217



21.6224, 28.9378, 19.0917

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



36.3603, 28.9378, 35.1217



28.7388, 28.9378, 13.6265



20.2178, 28.9378, 28.1517



26.3060, 28.9378, 60.6243



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36.3603, 28.9378, 35.1217



34.0706, 28.9378, 18.4723



20.2178, 28.9378, 28.1517



21.8414, 28.9378, 49.5704

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36.3611, 28.9392, 35.1223



84.2793, 82.4044, 93.1454



33.0968, 26.7853, 56.2493



17.7770, 17.2125, 19.5439



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36.3611, 28.9392, 35.1223



60.4480, 44.6111, 54.7758



34.6847, 29.2645, 23.2242



10.8203, 10.7115, 12.0368



16.2590, 8.2532, 6.5739



0.8060, 0.4052, 0.5016



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36.3611, 28.9392, 35.1223



60.4480, 44.6111, 54.7758



37.4300, 46.1791, 59.7643



10.8203, 10.7115, 12.0368



16.2590, 8.2532, 6.5739

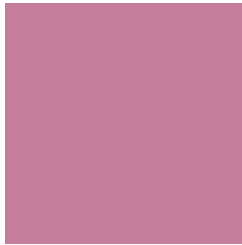


0.8060, 0.4052, 0.5016



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 36.3603, 28.9378, 35.1217 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

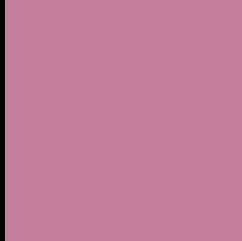
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 36.3603, 28.9378, 35.1217 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

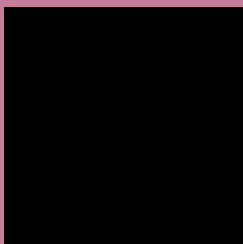
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 36.3603, 28.9378, 35.1217**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 36.3603, 28.9378, 35.1217.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 36.3603, 28.9378,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

36.3603, 28.9378, 35.1217

### Protanopia

28.7680, 29.2620, 41.6680

### Deuteranopia

29.5233, 28.9150, 34.1621



## Tritanopia

34.8123, 28.8754, 27.7835

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

36.3603, 28.9378, 35.1217

## Protanomaly

30.8936, 28.6438, 39.0225

## Deuteranomaly

31.6502, 28.7121, 34.4457

## Tritanomaly

35.4652, 28.9588, 30.5085

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

36.3603, 28.9378, 35.1217

## Achromatopsia

28.9890, 30.4987, 33.2131

## Achromatomaly

31.1287, 29.5322, 33.7654

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 36.3603, 28.9378, 35.1217 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(197, 125, 156)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(197, 125, 156)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(197, 125, 156) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(197, 125, 156) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 36.3603, 28.9378, 35.1217 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

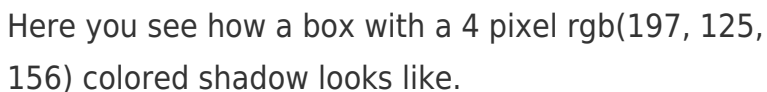
```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(197, 125, 156) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(197, 125, 156) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(197, 125, 156)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(197, 125, 156); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 125, 156);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 125,  
156) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 36.3603, 28.9378, 35.1217 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(197, 125, 156) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(197,  
125, 156) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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