

# Converting Colors

XYZ(36.2514, 71.7310, 13.8543)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(36.2514, 71.7310, 13.8543)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(36.2514, 71.7310,  
13.8543)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0AFF27
RGB	10, 255, 39
RGB Percent	4%, 100%, 15%
CMY	0.9608, 0.0000, 0.8470
CMYK	0.96, 0.00, 0.85, 0.00
HSL	127°, 100%, 52%
HSV	127°, 96%, 100%
XYZ	36.2514, 71.7310, 13.8543
YIQ	157.1210, -76.6840, -119.1160

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

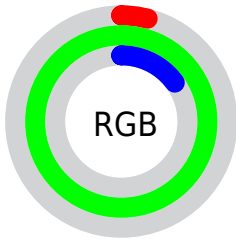
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">10, 229, 255</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">720679</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">87.84, -84.98, 78.44</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">88, 115.646, 137.292</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">71.7310, 0.2975, 0.5887</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4278910759</a> ( <a href="#">0xFF0AFF27</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">157.1210, -58.2337, -129.0251</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">84.6942, -71.8119, 49.5872</a>

# Details

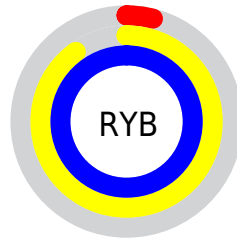
The XYZ color **36.2514, 71.7310, 13.8543** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **00FF33**. The color can be described as dark saturated green. A complement of this color would be **55.0747, 26.9676, 74.2471**, and the grayscale version is **32.3824, 34.0688, 37.1009**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **46.2467, 76.6256, 25.9884**, and **19.7399, 39.4799, 6.5800** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **35.9968, 71.6147, 13.1671**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **37.3260, 72.2285, 16.4592**.

# Distribution



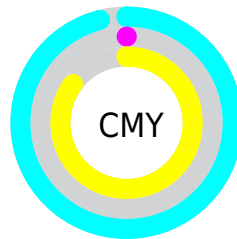
- Red (4%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (15%)



- Red (4%)
- Yellow (90%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (96%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (96%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (85%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 36.2514, 71.7310, 13.8543 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 36.2514, 71.7310, 13.8543 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 36.2514, 71.7310,  
13.8543


 36.2514, 71.7310,  
13.8543


321.4701,  
466.6048, 227.7194

 24.7994, 52.9390,  
7.8818


 68.7413, 121.6740,  
33.5437

 16.0556, 37.7540,  
3.9327


 90.5098, 153.5938,  
48.0976


 9.6546, 25.7919,  
1.5885


 116.4480,  
190.6582, 66.3492

 5.2311, 16.6680,  
0.2826

 146.9211,  
233.2518, 88.7168

 2.4196, 9.9981,  
0.0000

 182.2946,  
281.7588, 115.6191

 0.8549, 5.3977,  
0.0000

222.9336,

 0.0000, 2.4824,

336.5637, 147.4746

0.0000

269.2037,  
398.0509, 184.7019

■ 0.0000, 0.8678,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 36.2514, 71.7310,  
13.8543

■ 36.2514, 71.7310,  
13.8543


■ 35.9968, 71.6147,  
13.1671


■ 37.3260, 72.2285,  
16.4592


■ 39.2839, 73.1519,  
20.4315


■ 42.2696, 74.5725,  
25.9262


■ 46.4007, 76.5483,  
33.0762

 51.7791, 79.1290,  
42.0001

 58.4949, 82.3589,  
52.8055

 66.6302, 86.2782,  
65.5916

 76.2601, 90.9237,  
80.4506

 87.4547, 96.3297,  
97.4686

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



53.6456, 71.7310, 4.3964



36.2514, 71.7310, 13.8543



28.5276, 71.7310, 49.3144

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



36.2514, 71.7310, 13.8543



57.2005, 71.7310, 338.3202



132.1091, 71.7310, 41.2008

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36.2514, 71.7310, 13.8543



55.0747, 26.9676, 74.2471

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



133.8164, 71.7310, 116.3542



36.2514, 71.7310, 13.8543



85.1234, 71.7310, 330.0642

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



36.2514, 71.7310, 13.8543



38.2483, 71.7310, 250.4580



114.8506, 71.7310, 232.3044



110.6716, 71.7310, 11.3243



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36.2514, 71.7310, 13.8543



28.0451, 71.7310, 98.9298



114.8506, 71.7310, 232.3044



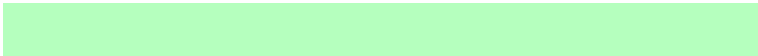
135.1806, 71.7310, 60.4255

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36.2516, 71.7311, 13.8554



64.1009, 85.0590, 61.6438



67.3098, 87.7782, 13.6826



12.9784, 17.8488, 12.0282



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36.2516, 71.7311, 13.8554



35.9968, 71.6147, 13.1671



42.3257, 74.1608, 45.8411



17.8590, 20.2031, 19.5606



18.8365, 37.4312, 7.0243



1.8607, 3.6552, 0.8242



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



55.0747, 26.9676, 74.2471



54.8041, 26.6857, 73.3578



43.8432, 22.4750, 15.1024



18.6946, 18.2611, 22.2748



28.6731, 13.9585, 38.5247

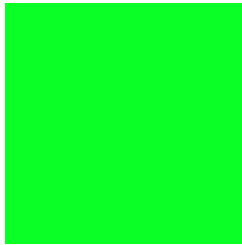


2.8169, 1.3691, 3.8831



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 36.2514, 71.7310, 13.8543 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

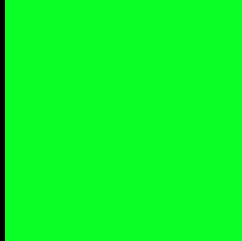
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 36.2514, 71.7310, 13.8543 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

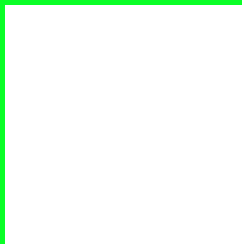
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 36.2514, 71.7310, 13.8543**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 36.2514, 71.7310, 13.8543.



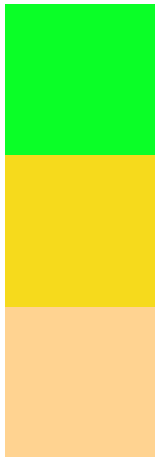
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 36.2514, 71.7310,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

36.2514, 71.7310, 13.8543

### Protanopia

63.2870, 69.8195, 11.2395

### Deuteranopia

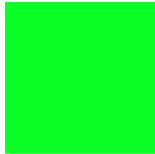
69.6451, 69.8929, 36.6080



## Tritanopia

54.9849, 70.7883, 105.3732

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

36.2514, 71.7310, 13.8543



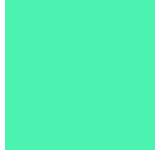
## Protanomaly

43.3338, 64.7297, 11.5766



## Deuteranomaly

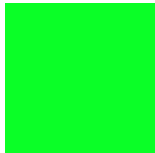
45.7965, 64.0858, 23.5917



## Tritanomaly

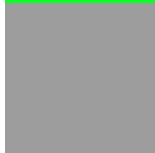
42.8676, 68.7723, 52.0893

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

36.2514, 71.7310, 13.8543



## Achromatopsia

32.0474, 33.7164, 36.7171



## Achromatomaly

27.8161, 42.2979, 22.6178

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 36.2514, 71.7310, 13.8543 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(10, 255, 39)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(10, 255, 39)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(10, 255, 39) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(10, 255, 39) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 36.2514, 71.7310, 13.8543 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(10, 255, 39) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(10, 255, 39) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(10, 255, 39) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(10, 255, 39); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(10, 255, 39);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(10, 255,  
39) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 36.2514, 71.7310, 13.8543 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(10, 255, 39) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(10, 255,  
39) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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