

# Converting Colors

XYZ(36.3071, 40.5257, 48.7638)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(36.3071, 40.5257, 48.7638)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(36.2292, 40.4939,  
48.5545)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	97AFB3
RGB	151, 175, 179
RGB Percent	59%, 69%, 70%
CMY	0.4078, 0.3137, 0.2980
CMYK	0.16, 0.02, 0.00, 0.30
HSL	189°, 16%, 65%
HSV	189°, 16%, 70%
XYZ	36.2292, 40.4939, 48.5545
YIQ	168.2800, -15.5880, -3.8440

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

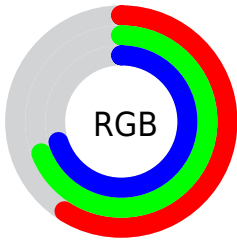
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	151, 164, 179
Decimal	9940915
CIELab	69.82, -7.38, -4.83
CIElCh	70, 8.825, 213.209
Yxy	40.4939, 0.2892, 0.3232
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288130995 (0xFF97AFB3)
YUV	168.2800, 5.2850, -15.1546
Hunter-Lab	63.6348, -9.7356, -0.6950

# Details

The XYZ color **36.2292, 40.4939, 48.5545** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **35.8981, 35.2609, 34.1931**, and the grayscale version is **37.3383, 39.2828, 42.7789**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **68.7481, 76.1291, 89.6682**, and **16.1044, 18.3816, 22.4379** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **32.6637, 37.9254, 48.2473**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **40.3109, 43.3447, 48.8903**.

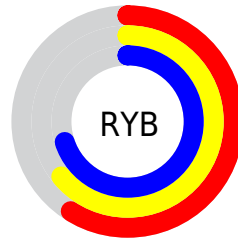
# Distribution



Red (59%)

Green (69%)

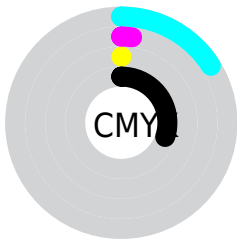
Blue (70%)



Red (59%)

Yellow (64%)

Blue (70%)

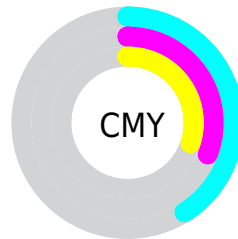


Cyan (16%)

Magenta (2%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (30%)



Cyan (41%)

Magenta (31%)

Yellow (30%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 36.2292, 40.4939, 48.5545 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 36.2292, 40.4939, 48.5545 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 36.2292, 40.4939,  
48.5545

■ 36.2292, 40.4939,  
48.5545

321.3750,  
348.2009, 397.5578

■ 24.7822, 27.9238,  
33.9031

■ 68.7072, 75.9150,  
89.4036

■ 16.0427, 18.2683,  
22.5424

■ 90.4690, 99.5349,  
116.4383

■ 9.6454, 11.1428,  
14.0539

116.3997,  
127.6068, 148.4379

■ 5.2250, 6.1629,  
8.0190

146.8647,  
160.5151, 185.8209

■ 2.4160, 2.9444,  
4.0191

182.2294,  
198.6443, 229.0059

■ 0.8531, 1.1028,  
1.6359

222.8591,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

242.3788, 278.4113

0.3162

269.1192,  
292.1028, 334.4557

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 36.2292, 40.4939,  
48.5545

■ 36.2292, 40.4939,  
48.5545

■ 32.6637, 37.9254,  
48.2473

■ 40.3109, 43.3447,  
48.8903

■ 29.5881, 35.6222,  
47.9648

■ 44.9265, 46.4836,  
49.2529

■ 26.9792, 33.5735,  
47.7069

■ 50.0974, 49.9230,  
49.6442

■ 24.8103, 31.7654,  
47.4722

■ 55.8424, 53.6725,  
50.0651

■ 23.0522, 30.1827,  
47.2594

■ 62.1797, 57.7417,  
50.5166

■ 21.6719, 28.8084,  
47.0669

■ 67.8636, 61.4884,  
50.9402

■ 20.6313, 27.6226,  
46.8928

■ 68.4234, 62.6079,  
51.1267

■ 19.8823, 26.6007,  
46.7351

■ 68.9929, 63.7469,  
51.3166

■ 19.6008, 26.1826,  
46.6692

■ 69.5722, 64.9055,  
51.5097

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



35.8029, 40.4939, 44.5341



36.2292, 40.4939, 48.5545



37.2599, 40.4939, 51.5148

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



36.2292, 40.4939, 48.5545



40.9999, 40.4939, 47.7433



38.3342, 40.4939, 36.6740

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36.2292, 40.4939, 48.5545



35.8981, 35.2609, 34.1931

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



39.7432, 40.4939, 37.4170



36.2292, 40.4939, 48.5545



41.3046, 40.4939, 43.6508

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



36.2292, 40.4939, 48.5545



40.0168, 40.4939, 51.0264



40.8393, 40.4939, 39.9097



36.9992, 40.4939, 37.8143



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36.2292, 40.4939, 48.5545



38.1634, 40.4939, 52.3978



40.8393, 40.4939, 39.9097



38.8149, 40.4939, 36.7120

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36.2304, 40.4956, 48.5554



72.6298, 77.9274, 87.5947



34.7774, 41.1779, 37.0091



15.9711, 17.1822, 19.3970



86.6293, 91.1408, 99.2523



17.0014, 17.8868, 19.4787



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36.2304, 40.4956, 48.5554



62.4316, 70.7749, 86.7516



33.6916, 35.4179, 47.7091



8.6372, 9.4206, 10.8695



13.8868, 18.5741, 32.9902



0.4651, 0.6408, 1.0474



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



37.3959, 34.8131, 45.3079



64.9636, 58.5913, 79.6606



38.3155, 40.0957, 34.9989



8.7968, 8.6254, 10.4285



17.2441, 8.4152, 22.2431



0.5568, 0.2705, 0.7748



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 36.2292, 40.4939, 48.5545 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

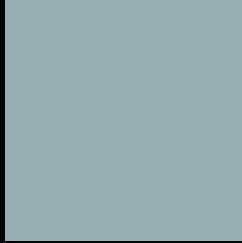
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 36.2292, 40.4939, 48.5545 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

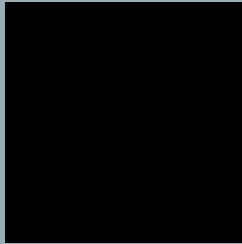
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 36.2292, 40.4939, 48.5545**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 36.2292, 40.4939, 48.5545.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 36.2292, 40.4939,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

36.2292, 40.4939, 48.5545

### Protanopia

39.0377, 40.2812, 46.7918

### Deuteranopia

41.0870, 40.1915, 49.3083



## Tritanopia

37.3500, 40.6752, 53.4595

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

36.2292, 40.4939, 48.5545

## Protanomaly

37.8086, 40.1927, 47.3602

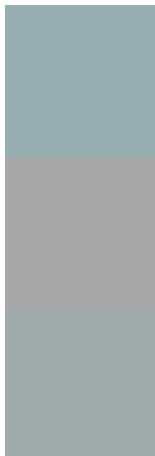
## Deuteranomaly

39.2208, 40.3291, 48.8972

## Tritanomaly

36.8419, 40.4503, 51.7649

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

36.2292, 40.4939, 48.5545

## Achromatopsia

37.2190, 39.1572, 42.6422

## Achromatomaly

36.9096, 39.7858, 44.7638

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 36.2292, 40.4939, 48.5545 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(151, 175, 179)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(151, 175, 179)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(151, 175, 179) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(151, 175, 179) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 36.2292, 40.4939, 48.5545 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(151, 175, 179) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(151, 175, 179) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(151, 175, 179)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(151, 175, 179); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 175, 179);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 175,  
179) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 36.2292, 40.4939, 48.5545 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(151, 175, 179) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(151,  
175, 179) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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