

# Converting Colors

XYZ(36.3135, 31.1227, 57.4600)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(36.3135, 31.1227, 57.4600)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(36.2948, 31.0248,  
57.5015)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	AC8AC6
RGB	172, 138, 198
RGB Percent	67%, 54%, 78%
CMY	0.3255, 0.4588, 0.2235
CMYK	0.13, 0.30, 0.00, 0.22
HSL	274°, 34%, 66%
HSV	274°, 30%, 78%
XYZ	36.2948, 31.0248, 57.5015
YIQ	155.0060, 1.0040, 25.8680

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

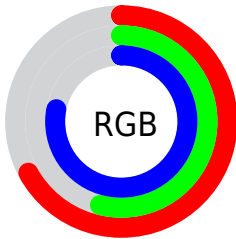
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	172, 138, 198
Decimal	11307718
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	62.53, 24.26, -26.27
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	63, 35.758, 312.730
Yxy	31.0248, 0.2908, 0.2486
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289497798 (0xFFAC8AC6)
YUV	155.0060, 21.1960, 14.9037
Hunter-Lab	55.6999, 18.8381, -22.2178

# Details

The XYZ color **36.2948, 31.0248, 57.5015** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC99CC**. A complement of this color would be **40.0922, 50.1163, 31.6064**, and the grayscale version is **31.0681, 32.6861, 35.5951**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **68.8945, 61.4133, 102.8305**, and **16.1315, 12.9150, 28.0282** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **31.8864, 24.9132, 56.5547**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **41.3447, 38.2373, 58.6280**.

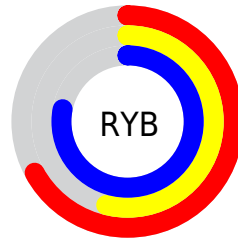
# Distribution



Red (67%)

Green (54%)

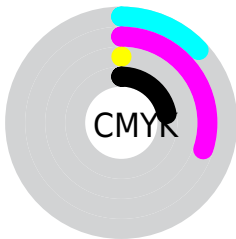
Blue (78%)



Red (67%)

Yellow (54%)

Blue (78%)

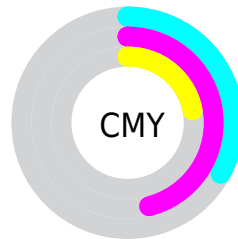


Cyan (13%)

Magenta (30%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (22%)



Cyan (33%)

Magenta (46%)


Yellow (22%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 36.2948, 31.0248, 57.5015 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 36.2948, 31.0248, 57.5015 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 36.2948, 31.0248,  
57.5015


 36.2948, 31.0248,  
57.5015

321.6560,  
306.6526, 432.8721


 24.8331, 20.6177,  
40.9960


 68.8077, 61.2791,  
102.7042

 16.0808, 12.8449,  
27.9963


 90.5897, 81.8952,  
132.2384

 9.6726, 7.3218,  
18.0838


 116.5425,  
106.6830, 166.9526

 5.2430, 3.6642,  
10.8401

147.0315,  
136.0270, 207.2653

 2.4268, 1.4875,  
5.8466

182.4219,  
170.3115, 253.5951

 0.8585, 0.2799,  
2.6848

223.0793,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

209.9210, 306.3604

0.9357

269.3689,  
255.2399, 365.9799

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 36.2948, 31.0248,  
57.5015

■ 36.2948, 31.0248,  
57.5015

■ 31.8864, 24.9132,  
56.5547

■ 41.3447, 38.2373,  
58.6280

■ 28.0859, 19.8412,  
55.7760

■ 47.0613, 46.6001,  
59.9409

■ 24.8613, 15.7472,  
55.1557

■ 53.4719, 56.1641,  
61.4490


■ 22.1757, 12.5612,  
54.6823

■ 60.6016, 66.9760,  
63.1602


■ 19.9875, 10.2036,  
54.3426


■ 68.4740, 79.0801,  
65.0816


 18.2478, 8.5804,  
54.1210

 76.5333, 91.3619,  
67.0274

 16.9008, 7.5352,  
53.9902

 79.2520, 92.7634,  
67.1547

 82.1067, 94.2351,  
67.2883

 85.0992, 95.7778,  
67.4283

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



31.5958, 31.0248, 67.1901



36.2948, 31.0248, 57.5015



39.3427, 31.0248, 42.3657

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



36.2948, 31.0248, 57.5015



32.3505, 31.0248, 14.1266



21.2795, 31.0248, 40.0283

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36.2948, 31.0248, 57.5015



40.0922, 50.1163, 31.6064

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



21.4341, 31.0248, 26.4417



36.2948, 31.0248, 57.5015



27.4764, 31.0248, 13.8219

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



36.2948, 31.0248, 57.5015



36.8994, 31.0248, 18.6800



23.5906, 31.0248, 17.6880



23.1423, 31.0248, 55.3905



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36.2948, 31.0248, 57.5015



39.8426, 31.0248, 32.5220



23.5906, 31.0248, 17.6880



21.1037, 31.0248, 35.0716

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36.2958, 31.0261, 57.5022



84.5961, 84.3838, 106.4367



33.9508, 36.0326, 58.5921



17.7662, 17.5574, 22.7025



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36.2958, 31.0261, 57.5022



59.2718, 47.9659, 100.7421



42.1156, 34.0789, 55.3977



10.6222, 10.5790, 13.3996



11.0906, 4.9516, 35.1156



0.6071, 0.2767, 1.6666



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



39.0789, 32.8642, 39.4067



65.1498, 51.8363, 63.0589



35.5588, 47.7452, 32.9341



10.8215, 10.7120, 12.0433



16.2736, 8.2590, 6.6506

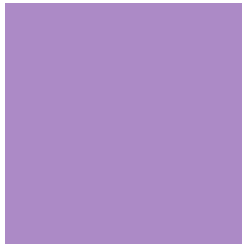


0.8067, 0.4055, 0.5055



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 36.2948, 31.0248, 57.5015 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

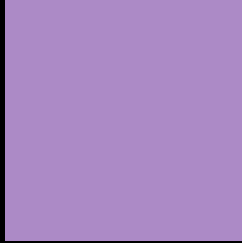
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 36.2948, 31.0248, 57.5015 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

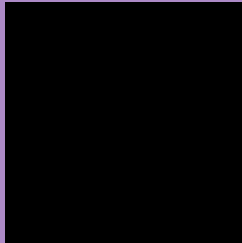
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 36.2948, 31.0248, 57.5015**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 36.2948, 31.0248, 57.5015.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 36.2948, 31.0248,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

36.2948, 31.0248, 57.5015

### Protanopia

32.0016, 31.1508, 63.3575

### Deuteranopia

31.8666, 31.2312, 56.5732



## Tritanopia

32.0906, 31.0991, 36.2097

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

36.2948, 31.0248, 57.5015

## Protanomaly

33.2372, 30.9063, 61.3405

## Deuteranomaly

33.3403, 31.0543, 57.0602

## Tritanomaly

33.4173, 30.9483, 43.2421

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

36.2948, 31.0248, 57.5015

## Achromatopsia

31.1553, 32.7778, 35.6950

## Achromatomaly

32.7961, 32.0122, 42.9785

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 36.2948, 31.0248, 57.5015 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(172, 138, 198)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(172, 138, 198)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(172, 138, 198) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(172, 138, 198) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 36.2948, 31.0248, 57.5015 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(172, 138, 198) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(172, 138, 198) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(172, 138, 198) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(172, 138, 198); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(172, 138, 198);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(172, 138,  
198) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 36.2948, 31.0248, 57.5015 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(172, 138, 198) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(172,  
138, 198) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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