

# Converting Colors

XYZ(36.3793, 30.1274, 5.8347)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(36.3793, 30.1274, 5.8347)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(36.4043, 30.1838,  
5.8268)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	D88027
RGB	216, 128, 39
RGB Percent	85%, 50%, 15%
CMY	0.1529, 0.4980, 0.8470
CMYK	0.00, 0.41, 0.82, 0.15
HSL	30°, 69%, 50%
HSV	30°, 82%, 85%
XYZ	36.4043, 30.1838, 5.8268
YIQ	144.1660, 81.0170, -9.0230

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

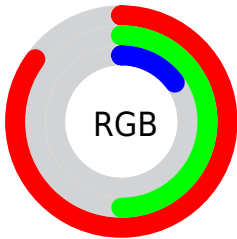
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	214, 216, 39
Decimal	14188583
CIE Lab	61.81, 27.71, 58.79
CIE LCh	62, 64.996, 64.761
Yxy	30.1838, 0.5027, 0.4168
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292378663 (0xFFD88027)
YUV	144.1660, -51.8468, 62.9984
Hunter-Lab	54.9398, 22.1334, 32.1697

# Details

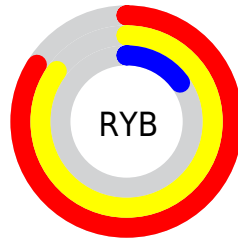
The XYZ color **36.4043, 30.1838, 5.8268** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6600**. The color can be described as dark washed orange. A complement of this color would be **20.8202, 20.5669, 67.8377**, and the grayscale version is **26.7568, 28.1502, 30.6556**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **59.6956, 55.0805, 17.6105**, and **16.2420, 12.4173, 1.5407** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **34.8156, 27.4258, 4.0057**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **38.3461, 33.3229, 8.7699**.

# Distribution



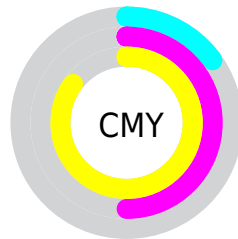
- Red (85%)
- Green (50%)
- Blue (15%)



- Red (84%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Blue (15%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (82%)
- Black (15%)




- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (85%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 36.4043, 30.1838, 5.8268 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 36.4043, 30.1838, 5.8268 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 36.4043, 30.1838,  
5.8268


 36.4043, 30.1838,  
5.8268


322.1247,  
302.7602, 166.7673


 24.9182, 19.9781,  
2.6730


 68.9754, 59.9527,  
18.0417

 16.1445, 12.3792,  
0.9298


 90.7911, 80.2848,  
27.9399


 9.7180, 7.0025,  
0.0000


 116.7808,  
104.7611, 40.9234

 5.2732, 3.4636,  
0.0000

 147.3096,  
133.7660, 57.4105

 2.4448, 1.3783,  
0.0000

 182.7431,  
167.6840, 77.8199

 0.8675, 0.2007,  
0.0000

 223.4465,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

206.8995, 102.5702

0.0000

269.7853,  
251.7968, 132.0798

■ 36.4043, 30.1838,  
5.8268

■ 36.4043, 30.1838,  
5.8268

■ 34.8156, 27.4258,  
4.0057

■ 38.3461, 33.3229,  
8.7699

■ 33.7465, 25.4544,  
3.1346

■ 40.6735, 36.8592,  
12.9940

■ 43.4166, 40.8128,  
18.6336

■ 46.6015, 45.2004,  
25.8057

■ 50.2515, 50.0378,  
34.6147

■ 54.3885, 55.3397,  
45.1559

■ 59.0323, 61.1198,  
57.5174

■ 64.2020, 67.3914,  
71.7809

■ 69.9153, 74.1671,  
88.0234

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



44.6881, 30.1838, 12.4609



36.4043, 30.1838, 5.8268



27.3266, 30.1838, 4.5469

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



36.4043, 30.1838, 5.8268



15.0709, 30.1838, 36.9912



39.2876, 30.1838, 89.7976

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36.4043, 30.1838, 5.8268



20.8202, 20.5669, 67.8377

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



30.0955, 30.1838, 107.1471



36.4043, 30.1838, 5.8268



17.0523, 30.1838, 68.3146

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



36.4043, 30.1838, 5.8268



16.0923, 30.1838, 16.4154



22.1486, 30.1838, 97.7712



46.5742, 30.1838, 57.7294



# Rectangle

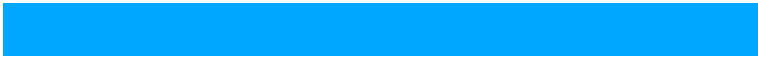
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36.4043, 30.1838, 5.8268



22.2549, 30.1838, 5.7738



22.1486, 30.1838, 97.7712



36.2567, 30.1838, 98.1199

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36.4050, 30.1854, 5.8273



77.1413, 77.9722, 60.4189



32.9078, 17.5955, 21.9122



16.0545, 16.1035, 11.7685



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36.4050, 30.1854, 5.8273



49.3525, 37.4403, 4.7720



53.2406, 63.8567, 11.4392



12.9341, 13.4424, 13.0737



20.0828, 15.2828, 1.8914



1.2941, 1.0873, 0.1417



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



20.8202, 20.5669, 67.8377



26.0085, 23.0422, 97.6845



13.9570, 6.8405, 65.5500



12.2475, 13.0184, 15.8048



10.5799, 9.4217, 39.7141



0.7209, 0.7338, 2.4230



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 36.4043, 30.1838, 5.8268 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 36.4043, 30.1838, 5.8268 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 36.4043, 30.1838, 5.8268**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 36.4043, 30.1838, 5.8268.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 36.4043, 30.1838,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

36.4043, 30.1838, 5.8268

### Protanopia

27.5284, 30.3270, 6.8854

### Deuteranopia

30.9338, 30.2746, 5.6520



## Tritanopia

40.1280, 30.2071, 24.1377

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

36.4043, 30.1838, 5.8268

## Protanomaly

30.1166, 29.8347, 6.4569

## Deuteranomaly

32.8022, 30.1548, 5.6817

## Tritanomaly

38.4077, 30.0705, 14.8462

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

36.4043, 30.1838, 5.8268

## Achromatopsia

26.5089, 27.8894, 30.3716

## Achromatomaly

28.2676, 27.7636, 17.5047

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 36.4043, 30.1838, 5.8268 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(216, 128, 39)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(216, 128, 39)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(216, 128, 39) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(216, 128, 39) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 36.4043, 30.1838, 5.8268 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(216, 128, 39) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(216, 128, 39) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(216, 128, 39)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(216, 128, 39); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(216, 128, 39);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(216, 128,  
39) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 36.4043, 30.1838, 5.8268 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(216, 128, 39) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(216,  
128, 39) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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