

# Converting Colors

XYZ(36.4267, 19.2445, 2.6588)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(36.4267, 19.2445, 2.6588)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(36.4267, 19.2445,  
2.6588)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	F01818
RGB	240, 24, 24
RGB Percent	94%, 9%, 9%
CMY	0.0588, 0.9058, 0.9059
CMYK	0.00, 0.90, 0.90, 0.06
HSL	0°, 88%, 52%
HSV	0°, 90%, 94%
XYZ	36.4267, 19.2445, 2.6588
YIQ	88.5840, 128.7360, 45.7920

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

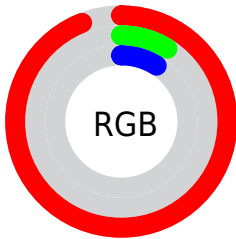
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	240, 24, 24
Decimal	15734808
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	50.97, 74.51, 57.45
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	51, 94.087, 37.630
Yxy	19.2445, 0.6245, 0.3299
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293924888 (0xFFFF01818)
YUV	88.5840, -31.8399, 132.7918
Hunter-Lab	43.8686, 71.4493, 27.1145

# Details

The XYZ color **36.4267, 19.2445, 2.6588** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF3333**. The color can be described as dark washed red. A complement of this color would be **47.2549, 68.7857, 93.2238**, and the grayscale version is **9.4555, 9.9480, 10.8333**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **46.9998, 30.8554, 9.7819**, and **17.4556, 8.9987, 0.8169** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **35.9353, 18.5259, 1.6819**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **37.5266, 20.8549, 4.8439**.

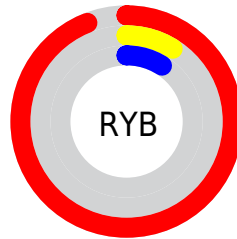
# Distribution



Red (94%)

Green (9%)

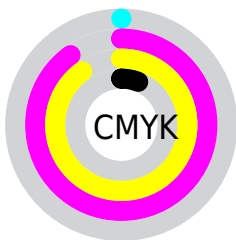
Blue (9%)



Red (94%)

Yellow (9%)

Blue (9%)

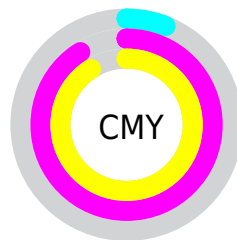


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (90%)

Yellow (90%)

Black (6%)



Cyan (6%)

Magenta (91%)


Yellow (91%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 36.4267, 19.2445, 2.6588 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 36.4267, 19.2445, 2.6588 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 36.4267, 19.2445,  
2.6588


 36.4267, 19.2445,  
2.6588


322.2205,  
247.7952, 131.8888


 24.9356, 11.8471,  
0.9226


 69.0097, 42.1468,  
10.7742

 16.1575, 6.6396,  
0.0000


 90.8323, 58.4205,  
17.9911

 9.7272, 3.2378,  
0.0000


 116.8295, 78.4218,  
27.8721

 5.2794, 1.2571,  
0.0000

 147.3665,  
102.5350, 40.8359

 2.4485, 0.1076,  
0.0000

 182.8088,  
131.1446, 57.3009

 0.8694, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 223.5216,


 0.0000, 0.0000,


164.6349, 77.6857


0.0000


 269.8704,  
203.3903, 102.4088


 36.4267, 19.2445,  
2.6588


 36.4267, 19.2445,  
2.6588


 35.9353, 18.5259,  
1.6819


 37.5266, 20.8549,  
4.8439

 35.9353, 18.5259,  
1.6819

 39.4237, 23.6311,  
8.6144

 42.2312, 27.7395,  
14.1948

 46.0438, 33.3186,  
21.7737

 50.9445, 40.4898,  
31.5159

■ 57.0075, 49.3616,  
43.5690

■ 64.3006, 60.0334,  
58.0678

■ 72.8864, 72.5966,  
75.1367

■ 82.8231, 87.1365,  
94.8918

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



42.3612, 19.2445, 14.8625



36.4267, 19.2445, 2.6588



25.9775, 19.2445, 0.0613

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



36.4267, 19.2445, 2.6588



6.2363, 19.2445, 6.8801



20.7701, 19.2445, 123.7606

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36.4267, 19.2445, 2.6588



47.2549, 68.7857, 93.2238

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.2939, 19.2445, 112.9763



36.4267, 19.2445, 2.6588



5.6745, 19.2445, 28.5169

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



36.4267, 19.2445, 2.6588



9.4004, 19.2445, 0.9346



7.4685, 19.2445, 70.3661



31.5283, 19.2445, 93.3294



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36.4267, 19.2445, 2.6588



19.0410, 19.2445, 0.0000



7.4685, 19.2445, 70.3661



17.5615, 19.2445, 125.1039

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36.4271, 19.2457, 2.6591



67.7116, 59.9970, 54.5498



51.9896, 25.4696, 84.6134



13.9196, 12.0027, 10.5358



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36.4271, 19.2457, 2.6591



41.2404, 21.2608, 1.9301



44.3510, 35.0936, 5.3004



15.7731, 15.7592, 16.3602



19.6718, 10.1416, 0.9207



1.6366, 0.8438, 0.0766



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47.2549, 68.7857, 93.2238



53.7976, 78.7152, 106.9659



24.3560, 22.9879, 85.5909



16.2472, 17.9286, 20.3258



25.6616, 37.5473, 51.0227



2.1349, 3.1237, 4.2446



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 36.4267, 19.2445, 2.6588 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 36.4267, 19.2445, 2.6588 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 36.4267, 19.2445, 2.6588**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 36.4267, 19.2445, 2.6588.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 36.4267, 19.2445,

2.6588.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

36.4267, 19.2445, 2.6588

### Protanopia

17.8541, 19.6661, 5.2378

### Deuteranopia

19.5718, 19.3608, 2.7055



## Tritanopia

36.3763, 19.2579, 2.2901

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

36.4267, 19.2445, 2.6588

## Protanomaly

21.1977, 15.9486, 3.7114

## Deuteranomaly

23.1501, 16.5205, 2.2271

## Tritanomaly

36.4004, 19.2675, 2.4166

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

36.4267, 19.2445, 2.6588

## Achromatopsia

9.4954, 9.9899, 10.8790

## Achromatomaly

14.3460, 10.0915, 6.1928

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 36.4267, 19.2445, 2.6588 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(240, 24, 24)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(240, 24, 24)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(240, 24, 24) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(240, 24, 24) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 36.4267, 19.2445, 2.6588 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(240, 24, 24) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(240, 24, 24) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(240, 24, 24) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(240, 24, 24); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(240, 24, 24);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(240, 24,  
24) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 36.4267, 19.2445, 2.6588 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(240, 24, 24) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(240, 24,  
24) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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