

Converting Colors

XYZ(36.4872, 37.7587, 47.2750)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(36.4872, 37.7587, 47.2750)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(36.5953, 37.9111,
47.5083)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A3A5B2
RGB	163, 165, 178
RGB Percent	64%, 65%, 70%
CMY	0.3608, 0.3529, 0.3020
CMYK	0.08, 0.07, 0.00, 0.30
HSL	232°, 9%, 67%
HSV	232°, 8%, 70%
XYZ	36.5953, 37.9111, 47.5083
YIQ	165.8840, -5.3650, 3.6190

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

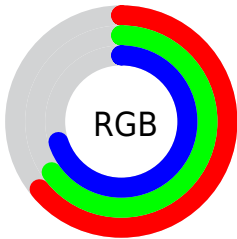
Format	Color
RYB	163, 165, 178
Decimal	10724786
CIELab	67.96, 1.87, -6.94
CIElCh	68, 7.191, 285.085
Yxy	37.9111, 0.2999, 0.3107
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288914866 (0xFFA3A5B2)
YUV	165.8840, 5.9732, -2.5293
Hunter-Lab	61.5720, -1.6595, -2.6471

Details

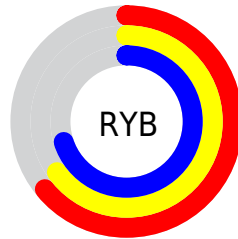
The XYZ color **36.5953, 37.9111, 47.5083** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **40.4966, 43.1599, 40.8475**, and the grayscale version is **36.1643, 38.0477, 41.4339**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **69.3579, 72.0323, 88.0900**, and **16.1623, 16.6704, 21.7679** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **30.5879, 30.9311, 46.4782**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **43.4535, 45.8299, 48.6759**.

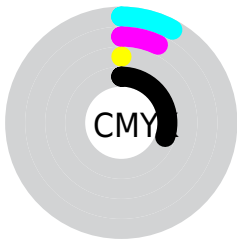
Distribution



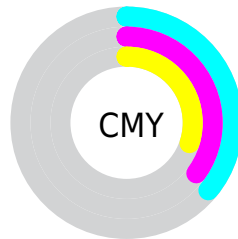
- Red (64%)
- Green (65%)
- Blue (70%)



- Red (64%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Blue (70%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (30%)



- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (30%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 36.5953, 37.9111, 47.5083 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 36.5953, 37.9111, 47.5083 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 36.5953, 37.9111,
47.5083

■ 36.5953, 37.9111,
47.5083

322.9411,
337.2385, 393.2922

■ 25.0665, 25.9137,
33.0804

■ 69.2678, 71.9719,
87.8298

■ 16.2556, 16.7591,
21.9165

■ 91.1422, 94.8040,
114.5605

■ 9.7972, 10.0629,
13.5978

117.1960,
122.0165, 146.2292

■ 5.3259, 5.4407,
7.7059

147.7943,
153.9938, 183.2545

■ 2.4765, 2.5081,
3.8223

183.3026,
191.1202, 226.0549

■ 0.8834, 0.8807,
1.5284

224.0863,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

233.7802, 275.0489

0.2389

270.5107,
282.3582, 330.6552

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 36.5953, 37.9111,
47.5083

■ 36.5953, 37.9111,
47.5083

■ 30.5879, 30.9311,
46.4782

■ 43.4535, 45.8299,
48.6759

■ 25.3948, 24.8503,
45.5782

■ 51.1904, 54.7155,
49.9832

■ 20.9817, 19.6334,
44.8039

■ 59.8370, 64.6010,
51.4356

■ 17.3105, 15.2409,
44.1495

■ 69.4216, 75.5161,
53.0372

■ 14.3401, 11.6303,
43.6092

■ 79.9714, 87.4896,
54.7923

■ 12.0252, 8.7550,
43.1762

■ 85.0360, 95.9944,
56.1670

■ 10.3149, 6.5636,
42.8433

■ 9.1510, 4.9978,
42.6024

■ 8.4445, 3.9794,
42.4431

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



35.4833, 37.9111, 47.5135



36.5953, 37.9111, 47.5083



37.5761, 37.9111, 45.7766

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



36.5953, 37.9111, 47.5083



37.5714, 37.9111, 37.0736



33.9972, 37.9111, 39.7154

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36.5953, 37.9111, 47.5083



40.4966, 43.1599, 40.8475

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



34.5335, 37.9111, 37.0856



36.5953, 37.9111, 47.5083



36.5891, 37.9111, 35.6148

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



36.5953, 37.9111, 47.5083



38.1475, 37.9111, 39.6983



35.4772, 37.9111, 35.6190



33.9988, 37.9111, 42.9006

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36.5953, 37.9111, 47.5083



38.0169, 37.9111, 43.9251



35.4772, 37.9111, 35.6190



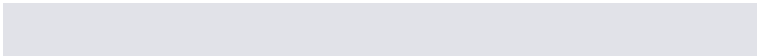
34.1201, 37.9111, 38.7409

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36.5964, 37.9127, 47.5091



72.8527, 76.2531, 87.2597



38.8371, 42.7527, 47.1505



15.9196, 16.6388, 19.2948



86.6293, 91.1408, 99.2523



17.0014, 17.8868, 19.4787

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36.5964, 37.9127, 47.5091



64.3522, 66.4197, 85.8097



37.3356, 37.7619, 47.4411



8.1304, 8.4070, 10.7005



6.0074, 2.8152, 30.3637



0.2179, 0.1462, 0.9650

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



38.2497, 38.3769, 40.9905



67.9337, 67.4396, 71.6857



39.7103, 43.3416, 40.9240



8.5410, 8.5231, 9.0814



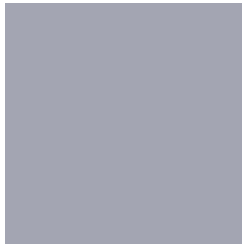
13.2669, 6.8243, 1.2996



0.4320, 0.2205, 0.1175

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 36.5953, 37.9111, 47.5083 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

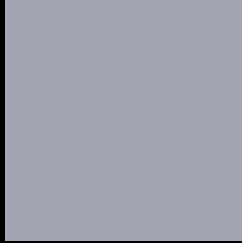
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 36.5953, 37.9111, 47.5083 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

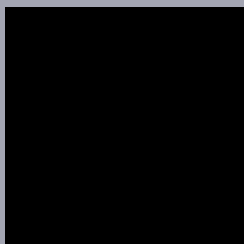
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

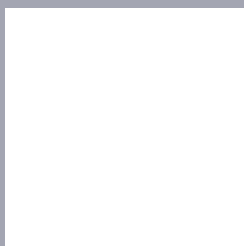
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 36.5953, 37.9111, 47.5083

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 36.5953, 37.9111, 47.5083.

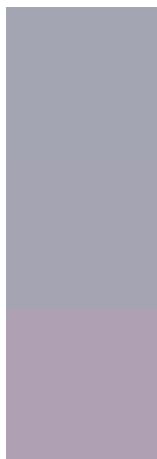


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 36.5953, 37.9111,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

36.5953, 37.9111, 47.5083

Protanopia

36.8284, 37.7646, 47.4677

Deuteranopia

38.5607, 37.8584, 47.9229



Tritanopia

36.5953, 37.9111, 47.5083

Trichromacy



Original Color

36.5953, 37.9111, 47.5083

Protanomaly

36.6212, 37.6578, 47.4580

Deuteranomaly

37.8516, 37.7533, 47.9399

Tritanomaly

36.5953, 37.9111, 47.5083

Monochromacy



Original Color

36.5953, 37.9111, 47.5083

Achromatopsia

36.2450, 38.1326, 41.5264

Achromatomaly

36.4090, 38.1740, 43.4796

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 36.5953, 37.9111, 47.5083 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(163, 165, 178)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(163, 165, 178)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(163, 165, 178) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(163, 165, 178) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 36.5953, 37.9111, 47.5083 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(163, 165, 178) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(163, 165, 178) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(163, 165, 178)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(163, 165, 178); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 165, 178);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 165,  
178) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 36.5953, 37.9111, 47.5083 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(163, 165, 178) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(163,  
165, 178) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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