

# Converting Colors

XYZ(36.5493, 25.2164, 34.9275)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(36.5493, 25.2164, 34.9275)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(36.5693, 25.2025,  
34.8354)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	CF669D
RGB	207, 102, 157
RGB Percent	81%, 40%, 62%
CMY	0.1882, 0.6000, 0.3843
CMYK	0.00, 0.51, 0.24, 0.19
HSL	329°, 52%, 61%
HSV	329°, 51%, 81%
XYZ	36.5693, 25.2025, 34.8354
YIQ	139.6650, 44.9250, 39.3650

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

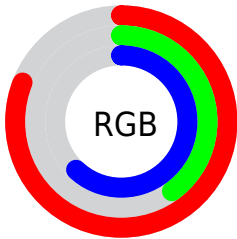
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	207, 102, 157
Decimal	13592221
CIE Lab	57.27, 47.83, -10.46
CIE LCh	57, 48.962, 347.668
Yxy	25.2025, 0.3785, 0.2609
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291782301 (0xFFCF669D)
YUV	139.6650, 8.5462, 59.0528
Hunter-Lab	50.2021, 42.1732, -6.0001

# Details

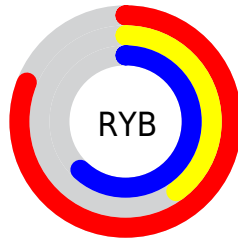
The XYZ color **36.5693, 25.2025, 34.8354** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6699**. A complement of this color would be **33.4611, 49.7181, 37.5413**, and the grayscale version is **24.7540, 26.0431, 28.3609**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **65.0121, 49.7904, 68.4713**, and **16.2775, 9.7213, 14.6541** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **33.9751, 21.3070, 29.9846**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **39.7407, 30.1434, 40.2142**.

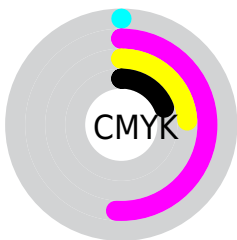
# Distribution



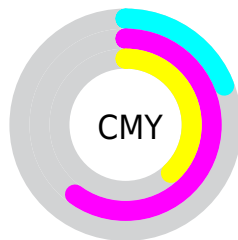
- Red (81%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (62%)



- Red (81%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (62%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Black (19%)




- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (38%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 36.5693, 25.2025, 34.8354 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 36.5693, 25.2025, 34.8354 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 36.5693, 25.2025,  
34.8354


 36.5693, 25.2025,  
34.8354


322.8301,  
278.8449, 338.7234


 25.0463, 16.2280,  
23.2536


 69.2280, 51.9855,  
68.3794


 16.2405, 9.6856,  
14.5738


 91.0945, 70.5629,  
91.1786

 9.7864, 5.1910,  
8.3775


 117.1395, 93.1099,  
118.5540

 5.3188, 2.3598,  
4.2462

 147.7284,  
120.0111, 150.9242

 2.4721, 0.8051,  
1.7614

183.2265,  
151.6508, 188.7077

 0.8812, 0.0000,  
0.4023

223.9993,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

188.4134, 232.3230

0.0000

270.4120,  
230.6833, 282.1887

■ 36.5693, 25.2025,  
34.8354

■ 36.5693, 25.2025,  
34.8354

■ 33.9751, 21.3070,  
29.9846

■ 39.7407, 30.1434,  
40.2142

■ 31.9159, 18.3754,  
25.6390

■ 43.5233, 36.1956,  
46.1392

■ 30.3465, 16.3202,  
21.7757

■ 47.9507, 43.4240,  
52.6291

■ 29.2131, 15.0360,  
18.3684

■ 53.0537, 51.8876,  
59.7013

■ 28.4616, 14.3572,  
15.5770

■ 58.8606, 61.6410,  
67.3723

■ 65.3983, 72.7359,  
75.6577

■ 72.6924, 85.2209,  
84.5725

■ 76.6125, 90.8335,  
92.7464

■ 78.0837, 91.4221,  
100.4940

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



33.1698, 25.2025, 55.0234



36.5693, 25.2025, 34.8354



36.2146, 25.2025, 18.8523

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



36.5693, 25.2025, 34.8354



20.7297, 25.2025, 6.8850



17.2078, 25.2025, 58.4309

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36.5693, 25.2025, 34.8354



33.4611, 49.7181, 37.5413

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



14.8299, 25.2025, 38.3082



36.5693, 25.2025, 34.8354



16.6263, 25.2025, 11.0749

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



36.5693, 25.2025, 34.8354



26.4133, 25.2025, 6.5837



14.6358, 25.2025, 21.1752



21.6527, 25.2025, 71.9020



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36.5693, 25.2025, 34.8354



33.8992, 25.2025, 12.1972



14.6358, 25.2025, 21.1752



16.1736, 25.2025, 51.9204

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36.5700, 25.2037, 34.8359



81.2431, 76.8588, 90.5093



28.7776, 20.5886, 61.4889



17.0186, 15.8365, 18.8574



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36.5700, 25.2037, 34.8359



54.0774, 33.6023, 47.3113



33.0601, 23.7998, 16.3527



12.0637, 11.9102, 13.6111



17.9802, 9.0649, 10.0678



1.0453, 0.5228, 0.7734



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36.5700, 25.2037, 34.8359



54.0774, 33.6023, 47.3113



38.6323, 51.7866, 64.7728



12.0637, 11.9102, 13.6111



17.9802, 9.0649, 10.0678



1.0453, 0.5228, 0.7734



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 36.5693, 25.2025, 34.8354 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

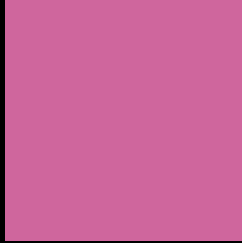
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 36.5693, 25.2025, 34.8354 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

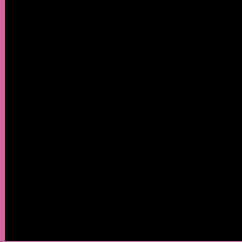
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 36.5693, 25.2025, 34.8354**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 36.5693, 25.2025, 34.8354.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 36.5693, 25.2025,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

36.5693, 25.2025, 34.8354

### Protanopia

25.6466, 25.3392, 46.7193

### Deuteranopia

25.8696, 25.3369, 33.2328



## Tritanopia

33.4745, 25.1564, 20.2309

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

36.5693, 25.2025, 34.8354

## Protanomaly

28.1716, 24.3624, 42.2473

## Deuteranomaly

28.9407, 24.5770, 33.7903

## Tritanomaly

34.3244, 25.0187, 24.8498

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

36.5693, 25.2025, 34.8354

## Achromatopsia

24.9269, 26.2251, 28.5591

## Achromatomaly

27.9590, 24.8895, 30.5247

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 36.5693, 25.2025, 34.8354 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(207, 102, 157)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(207, 102, 157)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(207, 102, 157) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(207, 102, 157) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 36.5693, 25.2025, 34.8354 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(207, 102, 157) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(207, 102, 157) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(207, 102, 157)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(207, 102, 157); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(207, 102, 157); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(207, 102, 157) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 36.5693, 25.2025, 34.8354 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(207, 102, 157) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(207,  
102, 157) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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