

# Converting Colors

XYZ(36.5786, 37.4656, 7.6866)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(36.5786, 37.4656, 7.6866)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(36.5786, 37.4656,  
7.6866)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C7A02C
RGB	199, 160, 44
RGB Percent	78%, 63%, 17%
CMY	0.2196, 0.3725, 0.8274
CMYK	0.00, 0.20, 0.78, 0.22
HSL	45°, 64%, 48%
HSV	45°, 78%, 78%
XYZ	36.5786, 37.4656, 7.6866
YIQ	158.4370, 60.4800, -27.8080

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

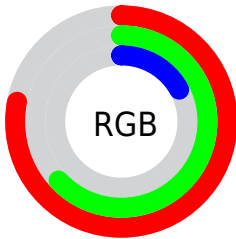
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	96, 199, 44
Decimal	13082668
CIE Lab	67.62, 3.24, 61.52
CIE LCh	68, 61.607, 86.986
Yxy	37.4656, 0.4475, 0.4584
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291272748 (0xFFC7A02C)
YUV	158.4370, -56.4174, 35.5738
Hunter-Lab	61.2091, -0.4444, 35.4008

# Details

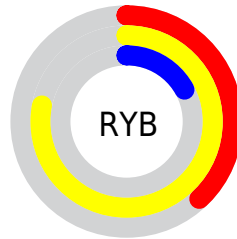
The XYZ color **36.5786, 37.4656, 7.6866** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9933**. The color can be described as middle muted orange. A complement of this color would be **14.4407, 10.8453, 55.3646**, and the grayscale version is **32.9284, 34.6433, 37.7265**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **67.5387, 70.2540, 21.8051**, and **16.4531, 16.6000, 2.3369** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **35.4401, 35.6508, 5.8833**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **37.9330, 39.4257, 10.4469**.

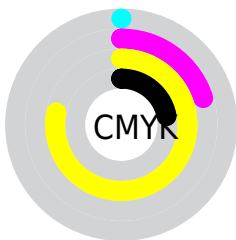
# Distribution



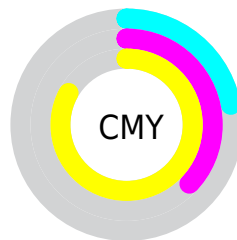
- Red (78%)
- Green (63%)
- Blue (17%)



- Red (38%)
- Yellow (78%)
- Blue (17%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (78%)
- Black (22%)




- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (83%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 36.5786, 37.4656, 7.6866 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 36.5786, 37.4656, 7.6866 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 36.5786, 37.4656,  
7.6866


 36.5786, 37.4656,  
7.6866


322.8698,  
335.3219, 183.0946


 25.0536, 25.5682,  
3.8102


 69.2422, 71.2883,  
21.8777

 16.2459, 16.5009,  
1.5218

 91.1116, 93.9824,  
33.0294


 9.7903, 9.8793,  
0.2341


 117.1597,  
121.0441, 47.4433

 5.3213, 5.3190,  
0.0000

 147.7520,  
152.8580, 65.5380

 2.4737, 2.4356,  
0.0000

 183.2538,  
189.8083, 87.7319

 0.8820, 0.8441,  
0.0000

 224.0304,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

232.2794, 114.4436

0.0000

270.4473,  
280.6559, 146.0917

■ 36.5786, 37.4656,  
7.6866

■ 36.5786, 37.4656,  
7.6866

■ 35.4401, 35.6508,  
5.8833

■ 37.9330, 39.4257,  
10.4469

■ 34.4812, 33.9616,  
4.8586

■ 39.5237, 41.5354,  
14.2814

■ 34.2901, 33.6163,  
4.6813

■ 41.3715, 43.8051,  
19.2929

■ 43.4937, 46.2424,  
25.5712

■ 45.9061, 48.8542,  
33.1977

■ 48.6231, 51.6469,  
42.2467

■ 51.6584, 54.6265,  
52.7872

■ 55.0243, 57.7985,  
64.8837

■ 58.7328, 61.1684,  
78.5967

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



46.5134, 37.4656, 10.7792



36.5786, 37.4656, 7.6866



27.9504, 37.4656, 9.6862

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



36.5786, 37.4656, 7.6866



21.6914, 37.4656, 69.4210



53.2200, 37.4656, 76.4325

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36.5786, 37.4656, 7.6866



14.4407, 10.8453, 55.3646

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



44.5546, 37.4656, 107.3877



36.5786, 37.4656, 7.6866



26.5593, 37.4656, 102.2307

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



36.5786, 37.4656, 7.6866



20.3112, 37.4656, 38.1056



34.6585, 37.4656, 118.4657



57.1329, 37.4656, 43.6053



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36.5786, 37.4656, 7.6866



23.8581, 37.4656, 14.5089



34.6585, 37.4656, 118.4657



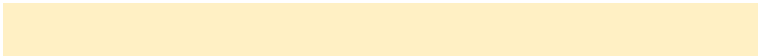
50.6987, 37.4656, 87.8749

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36.5795, 37.4674, 7.6873



82.4759, 87.7259, 65.0195



26.1069, 14.6050, 10.1077



17.2898, 18.3991, 12.7195



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36.5795, 37.4674, 7.6873



60.9388, 60.4849, 9.0288



35.9482, 48.7974, 9.9075



11.2892, 11.9476, 11.2739



22.1222, 21.7616, 3.0344



1.1026, 1.1407, 0.1621



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



14.4407, 10.8453, 55.3646



20.9865, 12.7269, 95.9582



14.5322, 7.6381, 54.7407



10.2699, 10.7139, 13.4442



7.4237, 4.2414, 35.1718



0.4114, 0.3205, 1.6853



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 36.5786, 37.4656, 7.6866 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 36.5786, 37.4656, 7.6866 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 36.5786, 37.4656, 7.6866**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 36.5786, 37.4656, 7.6866.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 36.5786, 37.4656,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

36.5786, 37.4656, 7.6866

### Protanopia

33.9364, 37.4140, 7.9156

### Deuteranopia

38.2628, 37.5688, 7.7175



## Tritanopia

42.9126, 37.3335, 38.6626

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

36.5786, 37.4656, 7.6866

## Protanomaly

34.8061, 37.3310, 7.8538

## Deuteranomaly

37.6024, 37.4806, 7.7352

## Tritanomaly

39.5631, 36.9278, 22.1821

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

36.5786, 37.4656, 7.6866

## Achromatopsia

32.4990, 34.1914, 37.2345

## Achromatomaly

32.8426, 34.9649, 21.8475

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 36.5786, 37.4656, 7.6866 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(199, 160, 44)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(199, 160, 44)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(199, 160, 44) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(199, 160, 44) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 36.5786, 37.4656, 7.6866 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(199, 160, 44) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(199, 160, 44) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(199, 160, 44) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(199, 160, 44); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(199, 160, 44);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(199, 160,  
44) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 36.5786, 37.4656, 7.6866 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(199, 160, 44) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(199,  
160, 44) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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