

# Converting Colors

XYZ(36.6159, 33.5560, 41.2762)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(36.6159, 33.5560, 41.2762)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(36.7002, 33.6025,  
41.1108)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	B693A7
RGB	182, 147, 167
RGB Percent	71%, 58%, 65%
CMY	0.2863, 0.4235, 0.3451
CMYK	0.00, 0.19, 0.08, 0.29
HSL	326°, 19%, 65%
HSV	326°, 19%, 71%
XYZ	36.7002, 33.6025, 41.1108
YIQ	159.7450, 14.4400, 13.6400

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

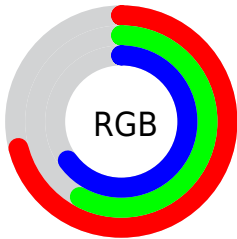
Format	Color
<b>RYB</b>	182, 147, 167
Decimal	11965351
CIELab	64.65, 16.48, -5.51
CIELCh	65, 17.379, 341.519
Yxy	33.6025, 0.3294, 0.3016
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290155431 (0xFFB693A7)
YUV	159.7450, 3.5767, 19.5176
Hunter-Lab	57.9677, 11.5676, -1.4712

# Details

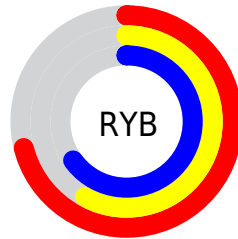
The XYZ color **36.7002, 33.6025, 41.1108** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **35.2835, 42.2686, 40.4835**, and the grayscale version is **33.2764, 35.0094, 38.1252**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **69.3314, 65.2244, 78.0426**, and **16.3306, 14.2707, 18.1135** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **33.3915, 28.1043, 36.5567**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **40.5021, 40.0166, 46.0447**.

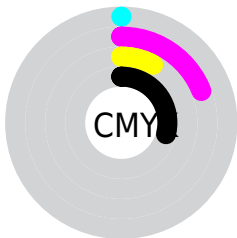
# Distribution



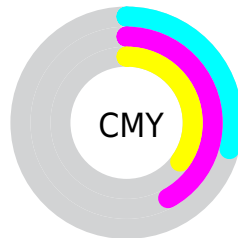
- Red (71%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (65%)



- Red (71%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (65%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Black (29%)




- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (35%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 36.7002, 33.6025, 41.1108 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 36.7002, 33.6025, 41.1108 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 36.7002, 33.6025,  
41.1108


 36.7002, 33.6025,  
41.1108


323.3888,  
318.3560, 366.4738

 25.1481, 22.5884,  
28.0853


 69.4283, 65.3150,  
78.1076

 16.3167, 14.2899,  
18.1504


 91.3349, 86.7823,  
102.9159

 9.8408, 8.3226,  
10.8875


117.4238,  
112.5027, 132.4890

 5.3550, 4.3020,  
5.8780

148.0602,  
142.8606, 167.2453

 2.4939, 1.8439,  
2.7034

183.6096,  
178.2405, 207.6034

 0.8922, 0.5143,  
0.9452

224.4373,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

219.0268, 253.9818

0.0000

270.9086,  
265.6038, 306.7991

■ 36.7002, 33.6025,  
41.1108

■ 36.7002, 33.6025,  
41.1108

■ 33.3915, 28.1043,  
36.5567

■ 40.5021, 40.0166,  
46.0447

■ 30.5514, 23.4752,  
32.3694

■ 44.8146, 47.3816,  
51.3668

■ 28.1573, 19.6710,  
28.5377

■ 49.6580, 55.7363,  
57.0876

■ 26.1836, 16.6418,  
25.0493

■ 55.0502, 65.1157,  
63.2168

■ 24.6021, 14.3323,  
21.8907

■ 61.0088, 75.5535,  
69.7636

■ 23.3806, 12.6797,  
19.0468

■ 67.1645, 86.3104,  
76.6081

■ 22.4816, 11.6103,  
16.5009

■ 68.1838, 86.7181,  
81.9759

■ 21.8359, 10.9873,  
14.2254

■ 69.2515, 87.1452,  
87.5983

■ 21.7900, 10.9446,  
14.0588

■ 70.3682, 87.5918,  
93.4787

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



35.2198, 33.6025, 47.8505



36.7002, 33.6025, 41.1108



36.8656, 33.6025, 33.9157

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



36.7002, 33.6025, 41.1108



30.9911, 33.6025, 24.7239



28.4841, 33.6025, 46.4554

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36.7002, 33.6025, 41.1108



35.2835, 42.2686, 40.4835

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



27.4706, 33.6025, 39.3959



36.7002, 33.6025, 41.1108



28.8669, 33.6025, 27.2468

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



36.7002, 33.6025, 41.1108



33.4808, 33.6025, 25.0575



27.6070, 33.6025, 32.4086



30.4436, 33.6025, 51.2021



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36.7002, 33.6025, 41.1108



36.1982, 33.6025, 29.8739



27.6070, 33.6025, 32.4086



28.0262, 33.6025, 44.2382

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36.7012, 33.6040, 41.1115



75.7728, 76.5359, 86.4185



33.6943, 31.8843, 48.6350



16.6270, 16.7189, 18.9513



88.6918, 93.3107, 101.6153



17.8044, 18.7317, 20.3988



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36.7012, 33.6040, 41.1115



63.9358, 56.5782, 71.0163



35.2247, 33.0134, 33.3363



9.2138, 9.0959, 10.4734



15.4215, 7.7423, 10.1062



0.5740, 0.2851, 0.5161



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36.7012, 33.6040, 41.1115



63.9358, 56.5782, 71.0163



36.9068, 42.9179, 49.0316



9.2138, 9.0959, 10.4734



15.4215, 7.7423, 10.1062

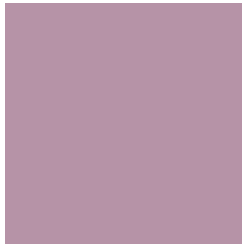


0.5740, 0.2851, 0.5161



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 36.7002, 33.6025, 41.1108 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

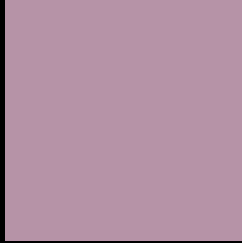
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 36.7002, 33.6025, 41.1108 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 36.7002, 33.6025, 41.1108**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 36.7002, 33.6025, 41.1108.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 36.7002, 33.6025,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

36.7002, 33.6025, 41.1108

### Protanopia

32.9489, 33.7626, 44.3154

### Deuteranopia

34.2596, 33.5345, 40.7435



## Tritanopia

35.9911, 33.5416, 37.8350

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

36.7002, 33.6025, 41.1108

## Protanomaly

34.2590, 33.7221, 43.2314

## Deuteranomaly

35.0229, 33.4501, 40.6870

## Tritanomaly

36.2568, 33.6479, 39.2341

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

36.7002, 33.6025, 41.1108

## Achromatopsia

33.4132, 35.1533, 38.2819

## Achromatomaly

34.4807, 34.4119, 39.4752

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 36.7002, 33.6025, 41.1108 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(182, 147, 167)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(182, 147, 167)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(182, 147, 167) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(182, 147, 167) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 36.7002, 33.6025, 41.1108 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(182, 147, 167) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(182, 147, 167) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(182, 147, 167)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(182, 147, 167); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(182, 147, 167);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(182, 147,  
167) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 36.7002, 33.6025, 41.1108 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(182, 147, 167) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(182,  
147, 167) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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