

# Converting Colors

XYZ(36.6177, 53.1506, 55.9061)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(36.6177, 53.1506, 55.9061)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(36.6177, 53.1506,  
55.9061)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	55D5BC
RGB	85, 213, 188
RGB Percent	33%, 84%, 74%
CMY	0.6666, 0.1647, 0.2627
CMYK	0.60, 0.00, 0.12, 0.16
HSL	168°, 60%, 58%
HSV	168°, 60%, 84%
XYZ	36.6177, 53.1506, 55.9061
YIQ	171.8780, -68.2630, -34.9110

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

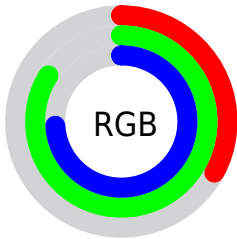
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	85, 156, 213
Decimal	5625276
CIELab	77.96, -41.20, 1.86
CIELCh	78, 41.237, 177.421
Yxy	53.1506, 0.2514, 0.3649
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283815356 (0xFF55D5BC)
YUV	171.8780, 7.9481, -76.1920
Hunter-Lab	72.9045, -37.9277, 5.5671




# Details

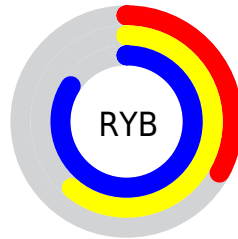
The XYZ color **36.6177, 53.1506, 55.9061** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **33CCCC**. The color can be described as light muted spring green. A complement of this color would be **33.5054, 21.7705, 17.1902**, and the grayscale version is **39.1383, 41.1765, 44.8413**.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is **63.9432, 84.1626, 98.4628**, and **16.6000, 26.2030, 27.1044** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **34.5254, 52.1244, 53.5014**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **39.3078, 54.4861, 58.4086**.

# Distribution







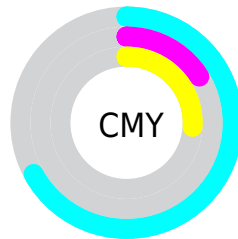
-  Red (33%)
-  Green (84%)
-  Blue (74%)






-  Red (33%)
-  Yellow (61%)
-  Blue (84%)



-  Cyan (60%)
-  Magenta (0%)
-  Yellow (12%)
-  Black (16%)




-  Cyan (67%)
-  Magenta (16%)
-  Yellow (26%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 36.6177, 53.1506, 55.9061 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 36.6177, 53.1506, 55.9061 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 36.6177, 53.1506,  
55.9061


 36.6177, 53.1506,  
55.9061


323.0368,  
398.8626, 426.7159


 25.0839, 37.9230,  
39.7242


 69.3021, 94.8259,  
100.3517


 16.2687, 25.9229,  
27.0114


 91.1834, 122.0425,  
129.4524

 9.8065, 16.7660,  
17.3493


 117.2446,  
154.0241, 163.6965

 5.3321, 10.0678,  
10.3192

 147.8511,  
191.1552, 203.5025

 2.4802, 5.4439,  
5.5028

183.3682,  
233.8203, 249.2888

 0.8853, 2.5100,  
2.4813

224.1613,

 0.0000, 0.8816,

282.4036, 301.4742

0.8302

270.5957,  
337.2896, 360.4770

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 36.6177, 53.1506,  
55.9061

■ 36.6177, 53.1506,  
55.9061

■ 34.5254, 52.1244,  
53.5014

■ 39.3078, 54.4861,  
58.4086

■ 32.9723, 51.3733,  
51.1878

■ 42.6387, 56.1492,  
61.0080

■ 31.8956, 50.8664,  
48.9628

■ 46.6544, 58.1638,  
63.7080

■ 31.1837, 50.5457,  
46.8398

■ 51.3940, 60.5500,  
66.5111

■ 56.8932, 63.3262,  
69.4194

■ 63.1858, 66.5099,  
72.4351

■ 70.3030, 70.1172,  
75.5600

■ 78.1244, 74.0859,  
78.7892

■ 78.6868, 74.3109,  
81.7504

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



38.5990, 53.1506, 37.1885



36.6177, 53.1506, 55.9061



38.0216, 53.1506, 80.7026

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



36.6177, 53.1506, 55.9061



57.9627, 53.1506, 106.6300



59.2908, 53.1506, 28.0494

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36.6177, 53.1506, 55.9061



33.5054, 21.7705, 17.1902

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



65.4903, 53.1506, 39.8127



36.6177, 53.1506, 55.9061



64.6682, 53.1506, 85.0785

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



36.6177, 53.1506, 55.9061



49.8269, 53.1506, 114.1973



67.5543, 53.1506, 59.8834



51.2156, 53.1506, 23.9988



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36.6177, 53.1506, 55.9061



40.7802, 53.1506, 96.8931



67.5543, 53.1506, 59.8834



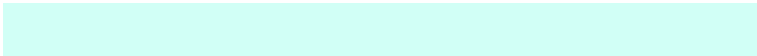
61.6944, 53.1506, 31.0492

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36.6192, 53.1527, 55.9073



78.7226, 91.7458, 100.7760



31.9410, 51.6001, 16.8719



16.3632, 19.3920, 21.2998



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36.6192, 53.1527, 55.9073



51.1923, 77.9965, 79.4695



31.0105, 37.2419, 68.5070



12.6834, 14.0643, 15.4130



19.0843, 30.8891, 28.8034



1.1783, 1.8740, 1.8806



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



33.5054, 21.7705, 17.1902



46.1864, 26.8846, 16.7374



36.2148, 29.0692, 12.2977



12.5214, 12.4601, 13.4200



17.0417, 8.7530, 2.2576

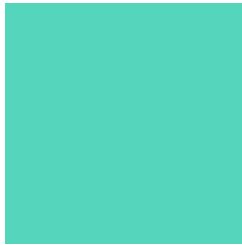


1.0574, 0.5397, 0.2916



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 36.6177, 53.1506, 55.9061 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 36.6177, 53.1506, 55.9061 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

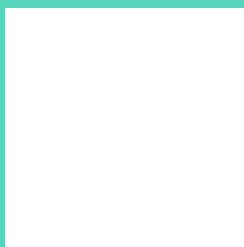
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 36.6177, 53.1506, 55.9061

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 36.6177, 53.1506, 55.9061.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 36.6177, 53.1506,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

36.6177, 53.1506, 55.9061

### Protanopia

49.7560, 52.4020, 48.5665

### Deuteranopia

53.3811, 52.1483, 58.2911



## **Tritanopia**

41.2921, 53.2006, 79.3266

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

36.6177, 53.1506, 55.9061



## Protanomaly

42.5663, 51.3102, 50.8404



## Deuteranomaly

44.3394, 50.7285, 57.3238



## Tritanomaly

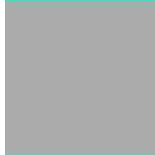
39.5464, 53.2263, 70.4768

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

36.6177, 53.1506, 55.9061



## Achromatopsia

39.2122, 41.2543, 44.9259



## Achromatomaly

36.6214, 44.3304, 48.7460

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 36.6177, 53.1506, 55.9061 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(85, 213, 188)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(85, 213, 188)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(85, 213, 188) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(85, 213, 188) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 36.6177, 53.1506, 55.9061 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(85, 213, 188) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(85, 213, 188) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(85, 213, 188)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(85, 213, 188); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(85, 213, 188);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(85, 213,  
188) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 36.6177, 53.1506, 55.9061 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(85, 213, 188) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(85, 213,  
188) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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