

Converting Colors

XYZ(36.6689, 38.6199, 41.7508)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(36.6689, 38.6199, 41.7508)
contains.

XYZ(36.6380, 38.6061, 41.5971)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	27
<i>CSS Examples</i>	30

Color

**XYZ(36.6380, 38.6061,
41.5971)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A7A7A6
RGB	167, 167, 166
RGB Percent	65%, 65%, 65%
CMY	0.3451, 0.3451, 0.3490
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.01, 0.35
HSL	60°, 1%, 65%
HSV	60°, 1%, 65%
XYZ	36.6380, 38.6061, 41.5971
YIQ	166.8860, 0.3210, -0.3110

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

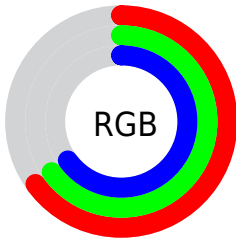
Format	Color
RYB	166, 167, 166
Decimal	10987430
CIELab	68.46, -0.19, 0.51
CIElCh	68, 0.541, 110.020
Yxy	38.6061, 0.3136, 0.3304
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289177510 (0xFFA7A7A6)
YUV	166.8860, -0.4368, 0.1000
Hunter-Lab	62.1338, -3.4793, 3.8004

Details

The XYZ color **36.6380, 38.6061, 41.5971** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **36.3387, 38.1705, 42.0136**, and the grayscale version is **36.6780, 38.5881, 42.0224**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **69.2966, 72.9926, 78.8433**, and **16.2382, 17.1212, 18.3685** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **35.1943, 38.0286, 34.0452**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **38.2829, 39.2665, 50.1986**.

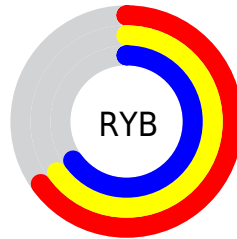
Distribution



Red (65%)

Green (65%)

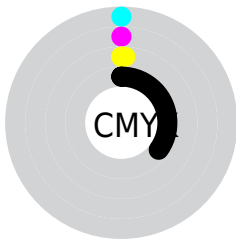
Blue (65%)



Red (65%)

Yellow (65%)

Blue (65%)

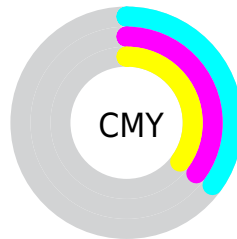


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (1%)

Black (35%)



Cyan (35%)

Magenta (35%)

Yellow (35%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 36.6380, 38.6061, 41.5971 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 36.6380, 38.6061, 41.5971 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 36.6380, 38.6061,
41.5971

■ 36.6380, 38.6061,
41.5971

323.1234,
340.2129, 368.5603

■ 25.0997, 26.4534,
28.4627

■ 69.3331, 73.0362,
78.8530

■ 16.2805, 17.1632,
18.4327

■ 91.2207, 96.0824,
103.8116

■ 9.8150, 10.3509,
11.0884

117.2887,
123.5286, 133.5487

■ 5.3378, 5.6322,
6.0114

147.9026,
155.7591, 168.4828

■ 2.4836, 2.6228,
2.7831

183.4276,
193.1584, 209.0324

■ 0.8870, 0.9381,
0.9850

224.2292,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

236.1109, 255.6162

0.0000

270.6727,
285.0009, 308.6527

■ 36.6380, 38.6061,
41.5971

■ 36.6380, 38.6061,
41.5971

■ 35.1943, 38.0286,
34.0452

■ 38.2829, 39.2665,
50.1986

■ 33.9408, 37.5260,
27.5002

■ 40.1329, 40.0078,
59.8849

■ 32.8707, 37.0967,
21.9204

■ 42.1960, 40.8342,
70.6930

■ 31.9751, 36.7373,
17.2602

■ 44.4785, 41.7485,
82.6572

■ 31.2449, 36.4439,
13.4702

■ 46.9869, 42.7530,
95.8103

■ 30.6696, 36.2126,
10.4965

■ 47.8701, 43.1075,
100.4053

■ 30.2380, 36.0387,
8.2791

■ 47.8808, 43.1131,
100.4058

■ 29.9371, 35.9171,
6.7499

■ 47.8914, 43.1186,
100.4063

■ 29.7516, 35.8417,
5.8285

■ 47.9021, 43.1241,
100.4068

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



36.7223, 38.6061, 41.5760



36.6380, 38.6061, 41.5971



36.5688, 38.6061, 41.7354

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



36.6380, 38.6061, 41.5971



36.5890, 38.6061, 42.3953



36.8552, 38.6061, 42.1167

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36.6380, 38.6061, 41.5971



36.3387, 38.1705, 42.0136

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



36.8194, 38.6061, 42.3370



36.6380, 38.6061, 41.5971



36.6656, 38.6061, 42.4983

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



36.6380, 38.6061, 41.5971



36.5405, 38.6061, 42.1960



36.7499, 38.6061, 42.4769



36.8478, 38.6061, 41.8754

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36.6380, 38.6061, 41.5971



36.5405, 38.6061, 41.8757



36.7499, 38.6061, 42.4769



36.8478, 38.6061, 42.1957

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36.6391, 38.6078, 41.5979



65.7814, 69.2071, 75.3665



36.4567, 38.2420, 41.5370



14.7206, 15.4872, 16.8656



80.6108, 84.8088, 92.3568

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36.6391, 38.6078, 41.5979



65.4997, 69.0942, 73.8934



36.5340, 38.5536, 41.5930



8.4246, 8.8849, 9.5171



22.6883, 27.3935, 4.0917



0.5527, 0.6668, 0.0996

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36.3387, 38.1705, 42.0136



64.5899, 67.7702, 75.1520



36.4433, 38.2245, 42.0185



8.3178, 8.7295, 9.6649



5.3430, 2.1378, 28.1065



0.1306, 0.0523, 0.6839

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 36.6380, 38.6061, 41.5971 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

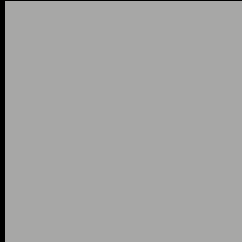
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 36.6380, 38.6061, 41.5971 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

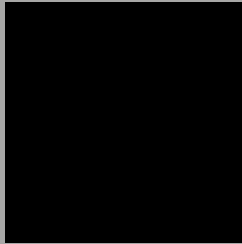
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

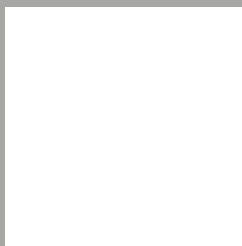
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 36.6380, 38.6061, 41.5971

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 36.6380, 38.6061, 41.5971.

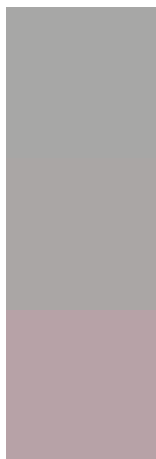


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 36.6380, 38.6061,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

36.6380, 38.6061, 41.5971

Protanopia

37.0053, 38.5351, 41.0849

Deuteranopia

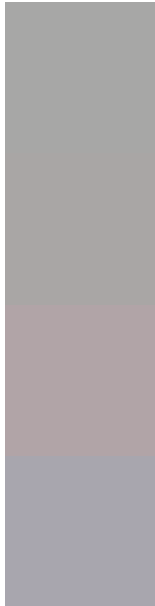
39.4238, 38.6980, 41.9508



Tritanopia

37.8532, 38.5596, 47.5672

Trichromacy



Original Color

36.6380, 38.6061, 41.5971

Protanomaly

36.7899, 38.4241, 41.0749

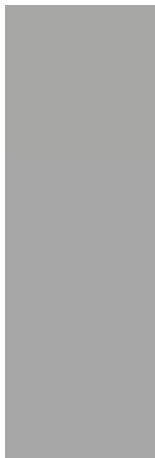
Deuteranomaly

38.3820, 38.6881, 42.0038

Tritanomaly

37.4246, 38.6533, 45.5327

Monochromacy



Original Color

36.6380, 38.6061, 41.5971

Achromatopsia

36.7301, 38.6429, 42.0822

Achromatomaly

36.7301, 38.6429, 42.0822

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 36.6380, 38.6061, 41.5971 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(167, 167, 166)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(167, 167, 166)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(167, 167, 166) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(167, 167, 166) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 36.6380, 38.6061, 41.5971 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(167, 167, 166) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(167, 167, 166) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(167, 167, 166)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(167, 167, 166); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(167, 167, 166);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(167, 167,  
166) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 36.6380, 38.6061, 41.5971 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(167, 167, 166) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(167,  
167, 166) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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