

# Converting Colors

XYZ(36.7253, 36.9870, 31.9283)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(36.7253, 36.9870, 31.9283)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(36.7377, 37.0097,  
31.9954)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	B5A091
RGB	181, 160, 145
RGB Percent	71%, 63%, 57%
CMY	0.2902, 0.3725, 0.4314
CMYK	0.00, 0.12, 0.20, 0.29
HSL	25°, 20%, 64%
HSV	25°, 20%, 71%
XYZ	36.7377, 37.0097, 31.9954
YIQ	164.5690, 17.3310, -0.2130

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

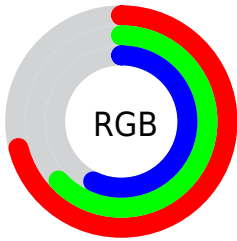
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	181, 171, 145
Decimal	11903121
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	67.28, 5.23, 10.63
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	67, 11.847, 63.782
Yxy	37.0097, 0.3474, 0.3500
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290093201 (0xFFB5A091)
YUV	164.5690, -9.6475, 14.4100
Hunter-Lab	60.8356, 1.3312, 11.4024

# Details

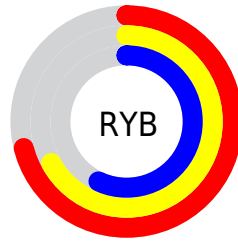
The XYZ color **36.7377, 37.0097, 31.9954** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **33.6536, 36.6275, 49.0124**, and the grayscale version is **35.5976, 37.4514, 40.7846**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **69.5343, 70.7289, 64.0200**, and **16.4363, 16.3527, 13.1166** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **33.6990, 32.9905, 24.6366**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **40.1563, 41.4321, 40.5787**.

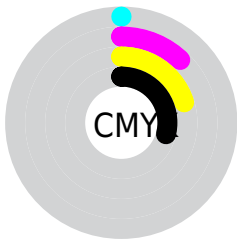
# Distribution



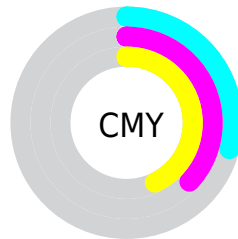
- Red (71%)
- Green (63%)
- Blue (57%)



- Red (71%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Blue (57%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Black (29%)




- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (43%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 36.7377, 37.0097, 31.9954 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 36.7377, 37.0097, 31.9954 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 36.7377, 37.0097,  
31.9954


 36.7377, 37.0097,  
31.9954


323.5488,  
333.3525, 325.5904

 25.1772, 25.2150,  
21.0932


 69.4856, 70.5877,  
63.9017

 16.3386, 16.2373,  
13.0002


 91.4038, 93.1398,  
85.7429

 9.8564, 9.6922,  
7.2980


117.5052,  
120.0465, 112.0675

 5.3654, 5.1954,  
3.5679

148.1553,  
151.6921, 143.2940

 2.5002, 2.3624,  
1.3914

183.7193,  
188.4612, 179.8410

 0.8953, 0.8064,  
0.1350

224.5627,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

230.7380, 222.1271

0.0000

271.0507,  
278.9070, 270.5707

■ 36.7377, 37.0097,  
31.9954

■ 36.7377, 37.0097,  
31.9954

■ 33.6990, 32.9905,  
24.6366

■ 40.1563, 41.4321,  
40.5787

■ 31.0227, 29.3574,  
18.4434

■ 43.9652, 46.2639,  
50.4371

■ 28.6945, 26.0998,  
13.3555

■ 48.1782, 51.5177,  
61.6212

■ 26.6979, 23.2043,  
9.3060

■ 52.8076, 57.2040,  
74.1780

■ 25.0147, 20.6565,  
6.2207

■ 57.8650, 63.3327,  
88.1524

■ 23.6246, 18.4413,  
4.0157

■ 63.3615, 69.9135,  
103.5869

■ 22.5043, 16.5414,  
2.5920

■ 66.5007, 75.8329,  
105.7400

■ 21.6109, 14.9316,  
1.7488

■ 69.5946, 82.0207,  
106.7713

■ 21.6018, 14.9151,  
1.7404

■ 72.8662, 88.5638,  
107.8618

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



38.1513, 37.0097, 35.0019



36.7377, 37.0097, 31.9954



34.9474, 37.0097, 31.1419

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



36.7377, 37.0097, 31.9954



31.8148, 37.0097, 40.9588



37.1488, 37.0097, 49.1686

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36.7377, 37.0097, 31.9954



33.6536, 36.6275, 49.0124

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



35.4068, 37.0097, 51.0912



36.7377, 37.0097, 31.9954



32.3607, 37.0097, 46.1015

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



36.7377, 37.0097, 31.9954



32.1439, 37.0097, 36.0496



33.6604, 37.0097, 49.9237



38.3943, 37.0097, 44.8661



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36.7377, 37.0097, 31.9954



33.7908, 37.0097, 31.8420



33.6604, 37.0097, 49.9237



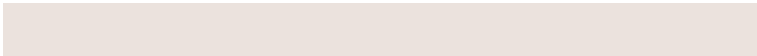
36.5998, 37.0097, 50.1306

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36.7387, 37.0114, 31.9962



74.4195, 77.3945, 79.0909



36.0648, 32.8282, 40.5125



15.9923, 16.6102, 16.8563



86.6293, 91.1408, 99.2523



17.0014, 17.8868, 19.4787



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36.7387, 37.0114, 31.9962



63.2593, 62.9496, 51.0918



40.0876, 43.7092, 33.1125



8.7777, 9.0678, 8.9402



14.9570, 10.4126, 1.2215



0.5288, 0.4440, 0.0578



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



33.6536, 36.6275, 49.0124



56.6934, 62.1305, 87.2989



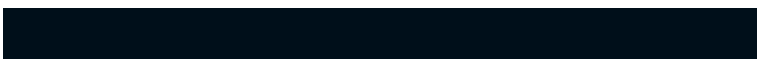
30.6079, 30.5363, 47.9972



8.4399, 9.0260, 10.8037



9.3417, 9.4838, 31.4752



0.3499, 0.4104, 1.0090



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 36.7377, 37.0097, 31.9954 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 36.7377, 37.0097, 31.9954 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 36.7377, 37.0097, 31.9954**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 36.7377, 37.0097, 31.9954.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 36.7377, 37.0097,

31.9954.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

36.7377, 37.0097, 31.9954

### Protanopia

35.1582, 36.9589, 32.8845

### Deuteranopia

37.5874, 36.9372, 31.9366



## Tritanopia

38.9856, 37.1689, 42.6557

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

36.7377, 37.0097, 31.9954

## Protanomaly

35.7878, 37.0299, 32.4554

## Deuteranomaly

37.2761, 37.0310, 31.9711

## Tritanomaly

38.1005, 37.0591, 38.4027

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

36.7377, 37.0097, 31.9954

## Achromatopsia

35.7637, 37.6262, 40.9749

## Achromatomaly

36.0633, 37.3209, 37.6507

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 36.7377, 37.0097, 31.9954 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(181, 160, 145)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(181, 160, 145)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(181, 160, 145) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(181, 160, 145) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 36.7377, 37.0097, 31.9954 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(181, 160, 145) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(181, 160, 145) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(181, 160, 145)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(181, 160, 145); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 160, 145);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 160,  
145) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 36.7377, 37.0097, 31.9954 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(181, 160, 145) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(181,  
160, 145) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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