

# Converting Colors

XYZ(36.7991, 36.6571, 69.6332)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(36.7991, 36.6571, 69.6332)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(36.8631, 36.7667, 69.4438)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(36.8631, 36.7667,  
69.4438)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	91A2D7
RGB	145, 162, 215
RGB Percent	57%, 64%, 84%
CMY	0.4314, 0.3647, 0.1569
CMYK	0.33, 0.25, 0.00, 0.16
HSL	225°, 47%, 71%
HSV	225°, 33%, 84%
XYZ	36.8631, 36.7667, 69.4438
YIQ	162.9590, -27.1450, 12.8790

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

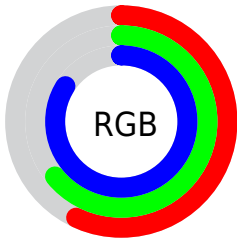
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	145, 159, 215
Decimal	9544407
CIE Lab	67.10, 6.44, -28.88
CIE LCh	67, 29.585, 282.563
Yxy	36.7667, 0.2577, 0.2570
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287734487 (0xFF91A2D7)
YUV	162.9590, 25.6562, -15.7500
Hunter-Lab	60.6356, 2.4060, -25.4579

# Details

The XYZ color **36.8631, 36.7667, 69.4438** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9999CC**. A complement of this color would be **53.3299, 56.8802, 34.9574**, and the grayscale version is **34.6864, 36.4927, 39.7406**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **66.6823, 69.1251, 104.4357**, and **16.4432, 16.1823, 35.5145** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **30.7429, 29.6275, 68.3890**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **44.0739, 45.0208, 70.6576**.

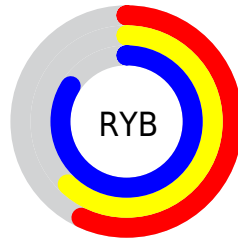
# Distribution



Red (57%)

Green (64%)

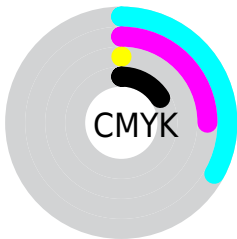
Blue (84%)



Red (57%)

Yellow (62%)

Blue (84%)

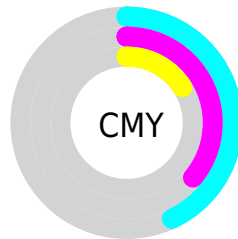


Cyan (33%)

Magenta (25%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (16%)



Cyan (43%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (16%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 36.8631, 36.7667, 69.4438 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 36.8631, 36.7667, 69.4438 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 36.8631, 36.7667,  
69.4438

■ 36.8631, 36.7667,  
69.4438

324.0833,  
332.2994, 477.3309

■ 25.2747, 25.0269,  
50.5992

■ 69.6774, 70.2138,  
120.0889

■ 16.4117, 16.0971,  
35.5152

■ 91.6340, 92.6899,  
152.7265

■ 9.9086, 9.5929,  
23.7733

117.7773,  
119.5136, 190.7989

■ 5.4002, 5.1299,  
14.9549

148.4728,  
151.0693, 234.7245

■ 2.5211, 2.3237,  
8.6415

184.0858,  
187.7413, 284.9220

■ 0.9059, 0.7862,  
4.4145

224.9817,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

229.9140, 341.8099

1.8554

271.5257,  
277.9719, 405.8067

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.4641

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 36.8631, 36.7667,  
69.4438

■ 36.8631, 36.7667,  
69.4438

■ 30.7429, 29.6275,  
68.3890

■ 44.0739, 45.0208,  
70.6576

■ 25.6548, 23.5496,  
67.4840

■ 52.4223, 54.4314,  
72.0340

■ 21.5406, 18.4815,  
66.7226

■ 61.9571, 65.0435,  
73.5798

■ 18.3341, 14.3652,  
66.0971

■ 72.7230, 76.8979,  
75.3005

■ 15.9606, 11.1362,  
65.5990

■ 84.7623, 90.0339,  
77.2015

■ 14.3318, 8.7209,  
65.2186

■ 89.2659, 97.6863,  
78.4412

■ 13.5036, 7.3817,  
65.0038

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



32.4146, 36.7667, 68.6587



36.8631, 36.7667, 69.4438



41.1359, 36.7667, 61.2166

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



36.8631, 36.7667, 69.4438



41.7192, 36.7667, 25.4926



27.3184, 36.7667, 33.0518

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36.8631, 36.7667, 69.4438



53.3299, 56.8802, 34.9574

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



29.4098, 36.7667, 24.4046



36.8631, 36.7667, 69.4438



37.6052, 36.7667, 20.7283

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



36.8631, 36.7667, 69.4438



44.0970, 36.7667, 34.8774



33.0959, 36.7667, 20.3783



27.1570, 36.7667, 45.6725



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36.8631, 36.7667, 69.4438



43.2078, 36.7667, 52.5810



33.0959, 36.7667, 20.3783



27.8102, 36.7667, 29.6587

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36.8643, 36.7681, 69.4447



80.4301, 83.7747, 106.5388



46.1139, 58.6756, 62.0202



16.8067, 17.4747, 22.7371



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36.8643, 36.7681, 69.4447



47.9348, 46.7659, 101.1080



37.3943, 32.8921, 68.6686



11.9851, 12.4936, 15.7173



8.1465, 4.5548, 38.9030



0.5568, 0.4057, 2.3683



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



44.6723, 37.3077, 39.0305



61.2611, 48.1694, 49.0905



52.5693, 62.5839, 36.0984



12.5457, 12.4698, 13.5478



17.1708, 8.8047, 2.9378

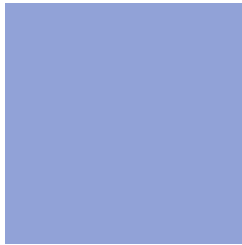


1.0687, 0.5443, 0.3512



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 36.8631, 36.7667, 69.4438 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 36.8631, 36.7667, 69.4438 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

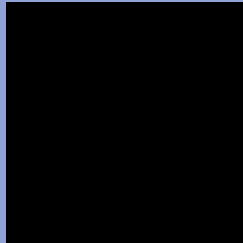
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 36.8631, 36.7667, 69.4438**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 36.8631, 36.7667, 69.4438.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 36.8631, 36.7667,

69.4438.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

36.8631, 36.7667, 69.4438

### Protanopia

37.2769, 36.7343, 68.7441

### Deuteranopia

37.4142, 36.5319, 69.3694



## Tritanopia

32.9274, 36.7859, 49.6209

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

36.8631, 36.7667, 69.4438

## Protanomaly

37.0952, 36.6407, 68.7356

## Deuteranomaly

37.2234, 36.6919, 69.4103

## Tritanomaly

34.3583, 36.8302, 56.3370

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

36.8631, 36.7667, 69.4438

## Achromatopsia

34.8123, 36.6253, 39.8849

## Achromatomaly

35.2510, 36.6397, 49.4702

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 36.8631, 36.7667, 69.4438 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(145, 162, 215)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(145, 162, 215)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(145, 162, 215) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(145, 162, 215) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 36.8631, 36.7667, 69.4438 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(145, 162, 215) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(145, 162, 215) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(145, 162, 215)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 162, 215); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 162, 215); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 162, 215) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 36.8631, 36.7667, 69.4438 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(145, 162, 215) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(145,  
162, 215) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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