

# Converting Colors

XYZ(36.8272, 19.1759, 2.4816)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(36.8272, 19.1759, 2.4816)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(36.8972, 19.2192,  
2.4744)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F20D15
RGB	242, 13, 21
RGB Percent	95%, 5%, 8%
CMY	0.0510, 0.9488, 0.9176
CMYK	0.00, 0.95, 0.91, 0.05
HSL	358°, 90%, 50%
HSV	358°, 95%, 95%
XYZ	36.8972, 19.2192, 2.4744
YIQ	82.3830, 133.9160, 51.0360

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

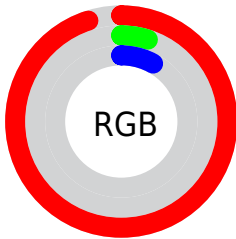
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">242, 13, 21</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">15863061</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">50.94, 76.20, 58.77</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">51, 96.228, 37.641</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">19.2192, 0.6297, 0.3280</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4294053141</a> (0xFFFF20D15)
YUV	<a href="#">82.3830, -30.2618, 139.9841</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">43.8397, 73.5130, 27.3414</a>

# Details

The XYZ color **36.8972, 19.2192, 2.4744** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF0000**. The color can be described as dark saturated red. A complement of this color would be **46.7774, 69.5332, 88.8370**, and the grayscale version is **8.1430, 8.5670, 9.3295**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **46.6202, 30.2516, 9.1763**, and **17.6792, 9.1140, 0.8274** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **36.6637, 18.8955, 1.9560**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **37.7485, 20.4006, 4.3666**.

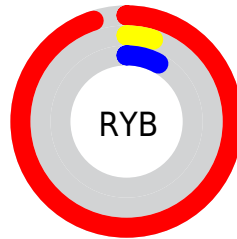
# Distribution



Red (95%)

Green (5%)

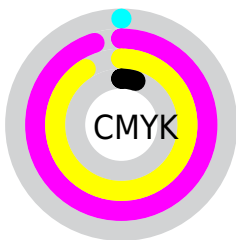
Blue (8%)



Red (95%)

Yellow (5%)

Blue (8%)

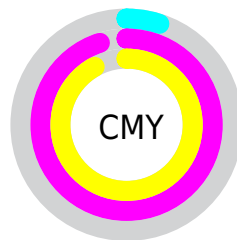


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (95%)

Yellow (91%)

Black (5%)



Cyan (5%)

Magenta (95%)


Yellow (92%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 36.8972, 19.2192, 2.4744 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 36.8972, 19.2192, 2.4744 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 36.8972, 19.2192,  
2.4744


 36.8972, 19.2192,  
2.4744


324.2285,  
247.6562, 129.3558


 25.3012, 11.8288,  
0.8265


 69.7295, 42.1042,  
10.3013

 16.4315, 6.6272,  
0.0000


 91.6965, 58.3675,  
17.3240


 9.9228, 3.2301,  
0.0000


 117.8513, 78.3573,  
26.9774

 5.4097, 1.2530,  
0.0000

 148.5592,  
102.4578, 39.6802

 2.5268, 0.1044,  
0.0000

 184.1854,  
131.0536, 55.8509


 0.9088, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 225.0955,


 0.0000, 0.0000,


164.5290, 75.9080


0.0000


 271.6548,  
203.2684, 100.2701


 36.8972, 19.2192,  
2.4744


 36.8972, 19.2192,  
2.4744


 36.6637, 18.8955,  
1.9560

 37.7485, 20.4006,  
4.3666

 39.3455, 22.6771,  
7.7275

 41.8095, 26.2340,  
12.7756

 45.2400, 31.2221,  
19.6931

 49.7229, 37.7710,  
28.6385

■ 55.3347, 45.9958,  
39.7536

■ 62.1447, 56.0011,  
53.1672

■ 70.2166, 67.8825,  
68.9984

■ 79.6098, 81.7292,  
87.3579

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



43.0279, 19.2192, 14.7095



36.8972, 19.2192, 2.4744



26.1388, 19.2192, 0.0000

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



36.8972, 19.2192, 2.4744



6.0422, 19.2192, 6.6629



20.8069, 19.2192, 127.4774

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36.8972, 19.2192, 2.4744



46.7774, 69.5332, 88.8370

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.1597, 19.2192, 116.2497



36.8972, 19.2192, 2.4744



5.4810, 19.2192, 28.6866

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



36.8972, 19.2192, 2.4744



9.2247, 19.2192, 0.8134



7.2807, 19.2192, 71.9310



31.8564, 19.2192, 95.7567



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36.8972, 19.2192, 2.4744



19.0297, 19.2192, 0.0000



7.2807, 19.2192, 71.9310



17.5254, 19.2192, 128.8851

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36.8976, 19.2204, 2.4747



67.1688, 58.9235, 54.3313



48.9820, 23.6144, 85.9801



13.6749, 11.5808, 10.2459



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36.8976, 19.2204, 2.4747



41.2885, 21.2794, 2.1854



42.9451, 31.4152, 4.1829



15.7950, 15.7677, 16.4769



19.7064, 10.1550, 1.1045



1.6472, 0.8479, 0.1328



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36.8976, 19.2204, 2.4747



41.2885, 21.2794, 2.1854



25.4224, 24.9542, 87.4804



15.7950, 15.7677, 16.4769



19.7064, 10.1550, 1.1045



1.6472, 0.8479, 0.1328



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 36.8972, 19.2192, 2.4744 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 36.8972, 19.2192, 2.4744 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 36.8972, 19.2192, 2.4744**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 36.8972, 19.2192, 2.4744.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 36.8972, 19.2192,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

36.8972, 19.2192, 2.4744

### Protanopia

17.8174, 19.6515, 5.0445

### Deuteranopia

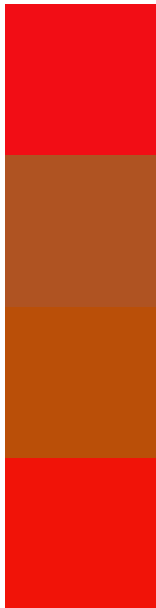
19.5718, 19.3608, 2.7055



## Tritanopia

36.5625, 19.2746, 1.7933

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

36.8972, 19.2192, 2.4744

## Protanomaly

21.0612, 15.4160, 3.3789

## Deuteranomaly

23.0895, 16.0486, 2.1105

## Tritanomaly

36.5523, 19.1840, 2.0061

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

36.8972, 19.2192, 2.4744

## Achromatopsia

8.0200, 8.4376, 9.1886

## Achromatomaly

13.0940, 8.8279, 5.2888

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 36.8972, 19.2192, 2.4744 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(242, 13, 21)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(242, 13, 21)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(242, 13, 21) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(242, 13, 21) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 36.8972, 19.2192, 2.4744 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(242, 13, 21) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(242, 13, 21) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(242, 13, 21) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(242, 13, 21); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 13, 21);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 13,  
21) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 36.8972, 19.2192, 2.4744 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(242, 13, 21) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(242, 13,  
21) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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