

# Converting Colors

XYZ(36.8534, 19.7040, 7.2486)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(36.8534, 19.7040, 7.2486)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(36.8169, 19.6701,  
7.1664)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EE2143
RGB	238, 33, 67
RGB Percent	93%, 13%, 26%
CMY	0.0667, 0.8705, 0.7373
CMYK	0.00, 0.86, 0.72, 0.07
HSL	350°, 86%, 53%
HSV	350°, 86%, 93%
XYZ	36.8169, 19.6701, 7.1664
YIQ	98.1710, 111.2660, 54.0340

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

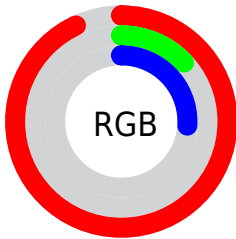
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	238, 33, 67
Decimal	15606083
CIE Lab	51.46, 73.69, 35.56
CIE LCh	51, 81.827, 25.761
Yxy	19.6701, 0.5784, 0.3090
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293796163 (0xFFEE2143)
YUV	98.1710, -15.3673, 122.6300
Hunter-Lab	44.3510, 70.5632, 21.4654

# Details

The XYZ color **36.8169, 19.6701, 7.1664** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC0033**. The color can be described as dark washed red. A complement of this color would be **42.1041, 65.8332, 67.6291**, and the grayscale version is **11.6725, 12.2804, 13.3733**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **49.2848, 32.3984, 19.8756**, and **17.3985, 8.9502, 1.6747** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **35.8758, 18.5837, 4.4009**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **38.4285, 21.7716, 11.1628**.

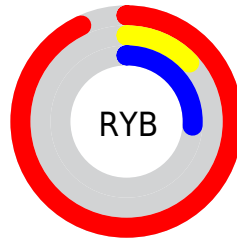
# Distribution



Red (93%)

Green (13%)

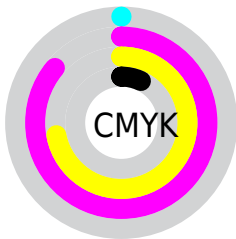
Blue (26%)



Red (93%)

Yellow (13%)

Blue (26%)

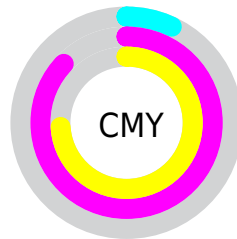


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (86%)

Yellow (72%)

Black (7%)



Cyan (7%)

Magenta (87%)


Yellow (74%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 36.8169, 19.6701, 7.1664 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 36.8169, 19.6701, 7.1664 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 36.8169, 19.6701,  
7.1664


 36.8169, 19.6701,  
7.1664


323.8864,  
250.1235, 178.7223


 25.2388, 12.1555,  
3.4864


 69.6067, 42.8634,  
20.8257

 16.3847, 6.8496,  
1.3480


 91.5492, 59.3108,  
31.6421

 9.8894, 3.3682,  
0.1007


 117.6771, 79.5047,  
45.6743

 5.3874, 1.3269,  
0.0000

 148.3559,  
103.8293, 63.3410

 2.5134, 0.1619,  
0.0000

 183.9508,  
132.6691, 85.0606

 0.9020, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 224.8273,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

166.4085, 111.2516

0.0000

271.3508,  
205.4318, 142.3327

■ 36.8169, 19.6701,  
7.1664

■ 36.8169, 19.6701,  
7.1664

■ 35.8758, 18.5837,  
4.4009

■ 38.4285, 21.7716,  
11.1628


■ 35.6334, 18.3265,  
3.6181


■ 40.8128, 25.0615,  
16.5163


■ 44.0552, 29.6841,  
23.3380


■ 48.2291, 35.7621,  
31.7265

■ 53.3999, 43.4044,  
41.7720

 59.6271, 52.7091,  
53.5578

 66.9655, 63.7668,  
67.1613

 75.4660, 76.6610,  
82.6555

 85.1764, 91.4702,  
100.1091

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



39.2659, 19.6701, 24.9350



36.8169, 19.6701, 7.1664



29.0562, 19.6701, 1.5689

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



36.8169, 19.6701, 7.1664



8.4480, 19.6701, 4.7236



17.5534, 19.6701, 105.5163

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36.8169, 19.6701, 7.1664



42.1041, 65.8332, 67.6291

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.1474, 19.6701, 84.7311



36.8169, 19.6701, 7.1664



6.9599, 19.6701, 18.2472

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



36.8169, 19.6701, 7.1664



12.6409, 19.6701, 1.0537



7.7795, 19.6701, 47.6819



26.4287, 19.6701, 93.3658



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36.8169, 19.6701, 7.1664



22.8527, 19.6701, 0.6582



7.7795, 19.6701, 47.6819



15.0763, 19.6701, 101.8960

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36.8173, 19.6713, 7.1667



69.7622, 61.6819, 62.6826



40.8342, 20.0764, 82.6114



14.3588, 12.3435, 12.3397



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36.8173, 19.6713, 7.1667



41.6627, 21.4291, 4.1561



40.2222, 27.6622, 4.6600



15.8797, 15.8016, 16.9226



19.9114, 10.2370, 2.1840



1.6874, 0.8640, 0.3449



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36.8173, 19.6713, 7.1667



41.6627, 21.4291, 4.1561



30.3742, 35.1242, 86.0672



15.8797, 15.8016, 16.9226



19.9114, 10.2370, 2.1840



1.6874, 0.8640, 0.3449



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 36.8169, 19.6701, 7.1664 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 36.8169, 19.6701, 7.1664 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 36.8169, 19.6701, 7.1664**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 36.8169, 19.6701, 7.1664.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 36.8169, 19.6701,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

36.8169, 19.6701, 7.1664

### Protanopia

18.6007, 19.8543, 14.1612

### Deuteranopia

20.1877, 19.7707, 6.3666



## Tritanopia

36.0337, 19.6620, 3.7297

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

36.8169, 19.6701, 7.1664

## Protanomaly

21.9134, 16.5303, 10.8398

## Deuteranomaly

23.8844, 17.1617, 6.1914

## Tritanomaly

36.1410, 19.5494, 4.7743

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

36.8169, 19.6701, 7.1664

## Achromatopsia

11.6093, 12.2139, 13.3009

## Achromatomaly

16.5635, 11.9752, 10.4553

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 36.8169, 19.6701, 7.1664 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(238, 33, 67)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(238, 33, 67)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(238, 33, 67) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(238, 33, 67) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 36.8169, 19.6701, 7.1664 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(238, 33, 67) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(238, 33, 67) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(238, 33, 67)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(238, 33, 67); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(238, 33, 67);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(238, 33,  
67) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 36.8169, 19.6701, 7.1664 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(238, 33, 67) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(238, 33,  
67) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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