

# Converting Colors

XYZ(36.8774, 26.9129, 17.9035)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(36.8774, 26.9129, 17.9035)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(37.0057, 27.0294, 18.0186)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(37.0057, 27.0294,  
18.0186)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	D96E6E
RGB	217, 110, 110
RGB Percent	85%, 43%, 43%
CMY	0.1490, 0.5686, 0.5686
CMYK	0.00, 0.49, 0.49, 0.15
HSL	0°, 58%, 64%
HSV	0°, 49%, 85%
XYZ	37.0057, 27.0294, 18.0186
YIQ	141.9930, 63.7720, 22.6840

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

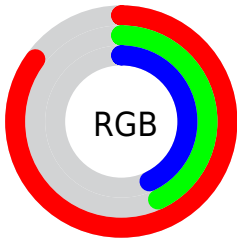
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	217, 110, 110
Decimal	14249582
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	59.00, 41.82, 19.51
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	59, 46.146, 25.010
Yxy	27.0294, 0.4510, 0.3294
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292439662 (0xFFD96E6E)
YUV	141.9930, -15.7725, 65.7811
Hunter-Lab	51.9898, 36.0719, 15.8442

# Details

The XYZ color **37.0057, 27.0294, 18.0186** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6666**. A complement of this color would be **43.7661, 57.9473, 74.5237**, and the grayscale version is **25.7520, 27.0931, 29.5044**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **61.0370, 50.4196, 40.6974**, and **16.4831, 10.6430, 5.7430** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **33.9042, 22.4914, 11.8523**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **40.9710, 32.8322, 25.9004**.

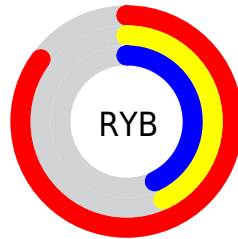
# Distribution



Red (85%)

Green (43%)

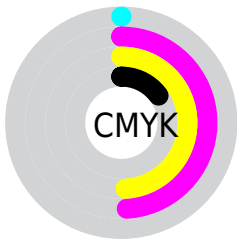
Blue (43%)



Red (85%)

Yellow (43%)

Blue (43%)

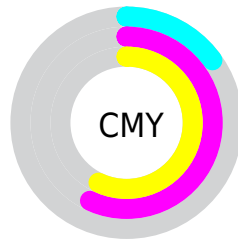


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (49%)

Yellow (49%)

Black (15%)



Cyan (15%)

Magenta (57%)


Yellow (57%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 37.0057, 27.0294, 18.0186 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 37.0057, 27.0294, 18.0186 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 37.0057, 27.0294,  
18.0186


 37.0057, 27.0294,  
18.0186


324.6903,  
287.7994, 253.2155


 25.3856, 17.5953,  
10.7938


 69.8953, 54.9310,  
40.8834


 16.4948, 10.6598,  
5.8159


 91.8956, 74.1674,  
57.3604

 9.9680, 5.8386,  
2.6665


 118.0866, 97.4399,  
77.7586

 5.4399, 2.7472,  
0.9265

 148.8337,  
125.1330, 102.4964

 2.5450, 1.0012,  
0.0000

184.5022,  
157.6312, 131.9925

 0.9180, 0.0000,  
0.0000

225.4576,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

195.3187, 166.6654

0.0000

272.0652,  
238.5800, 206.9335

■ 37.0057, 27.0294,  
18.0186

■ 37.0057, 27.0294,  
18.0186

■ 33.9042, 22.4914,  
11.8523

■ 40.9710, 32.8322,  
25.9004

■ 31.6004, 19.1202,  
7.2727

■ 45.8557, 39.9799,  
35.6109

■ 30.0219, 16.8103,  
4.1350


■ 51.7130, 48.5509,  
47.2550


■ 29.0825, 15.4356,  
2.2678


■ 58.5917, 58.6163,  
60.9296

■ 28.6398, 14.7878,  
1.3879

■ 66.5371, 70.2427,  
76.7250

 28.6153, 14.7519,  
1.3392

 75.5920, 83.4925,  
94.7260

 82.4252, 93.4917,  
108.3092

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



38.2826, 27.0294, 32.2569



37.0057, 27.0294, 18.0186



32.5296, 27.0294, 10.4291

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



37.0057, 27.0294, 18.0186



17.6907, 27.0294, 14.8082



24.7455, 27.0294, 73.2986

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



37.0057, 27.0294, 18.0186



43.7661, 57.9473, 74.5237

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



19.8844, 27.0294, 63.5242



37.0057, 27.0294, 18.0186



16.2156, 27.0294, 26.7740

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



37.0057, 27.0294, 18.0186



21.3146, 27.0294, 9.1160



16.9549, 27.0294, 44.8615



30.6281, 27.0294, 68.2123



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



37.0057, 27.0294, 18.0186



28.6425, 27.0294, 8.2813



16.9549, 27.0294, 44.8615



22.9489, 27.0294, 71.5619

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



37.0064, 27.0308, 18.0191



78.4809, 75.7548, 75.9610



46.7156, 30.9134, 69.1502



16.3598, 15.5732, 15.3873



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



37.0064, 27.0308, 18.0191



48.7734, 32.2841, 16.9045



44.6159, 42.2499, 20.5556



13.0562, 13.0517, 13.5567



17.3223, 8.9301, 0.8107



1.1222, 0.5786, 0.0525



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



43.7661, 57.9473, 74.5237



59.5803, 81.7107, 107.2393



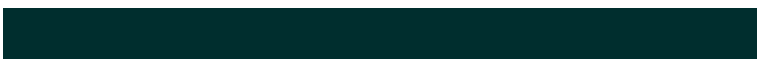
32.1411, 34.6972, 70.6487



13.4449, 14.8295, 16.8059



22.6001, 33.0697, 44.9303



1.4642, 2.1425, 2.9108



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 37.0057, 27.0294, 18.0186 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

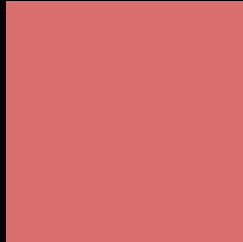
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 37.0057, 27.0294, 18.0186 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 37.0057, 27.0294, 18.0186**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 37.0057, 27.0294, 18.0186.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 37.0057, 27.0294,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

37.0057, 27.0294, 18.0186

### Protanopia

25.7691, 27.2162, 23.2971

### Deuteranopia

27.6439, 27.2361, 17.1647



## Tritanopia

37.2948, 26.9733, 20.0703

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

37.0057, 27.0294, 18.0186

**Protanomaly**

28.8284, 26.3200, 21.3301

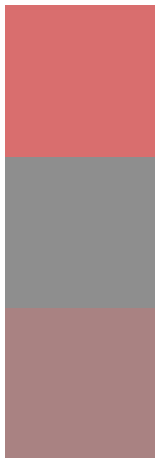
**Deuteranomaly**

30.4929, 26.6794, 17.4524

**Tritanomaly**

37.1212, 26.9039, 19.1561

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

37.0057, 27.0294, 18.0186

**Achromatopsia**

25.7108, 27.0498, 29.4572

**Achromatomaly**

28.3741, 26.0120, 24.6444

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 37.0057, 27.0294, 18.0186 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(217, 110, 110)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(217, 110, 110)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(217, 110, 110) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(217, 110, 110) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 37.0057, 27.0294, 18.0186 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(217, 110, 110) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(217, 110, 110) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(217, 110, 110)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(217, 110, 110); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(217, 110, 110);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(217, 110,  
110) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 37.0057, 27.0294, 18.0186 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(217, 110, 110) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(217,  
110, 110) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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