

# Converting Colors

XYZ(37.1753, 53.5606, 30.2089)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(37.1753, 53.5606, 30.2089)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(37.2241, 53.6584, 30.2250)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(37.2241, 53.6584,  
30.2250)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	84D484
RGB	132, 212, 132
RGB Percent	52%, 83%, 52%
CMY	0.4823, 0.1686, 0.4823
CMYK	0.38, 0.00, 0.38, 0.17
HSL	120°, 48%, 67%
HSV	120°, 38%, 83%
XYZ	37.2241, 53.6584, 30.2250
YIQ	178.9600, -22.0000, -41.8400

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

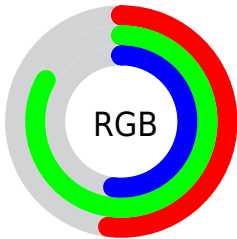
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	132, 212, 212
Decimal	8705156
CIELab	78.26, -40.48, 32.05
CIELCh	78, 51.638, 141.629
Yxy	53.6584, 0.3074, 0.4431
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286895236 (0xFF84D484)
YUV	178.9600, -23.1513, -41.1839
Hunter-Lab	73.2519, -37.4832, 26.8122

# Details

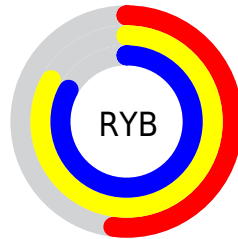
The XYZ color **37.2241, 53.6584, 30.2250** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CC66**. A complement of this color would be **47.2881, 35.2542, 66.6018**, and the grayscale version is **42.9555, 45.1925, 49.2146**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **65.3620, 85.7565, 59.5621**, and **16.6841, 26.3277, 11.9870** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **32.9334, 51.5990, 23.2057**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **42.4860, 56.1876, 38.8308**.

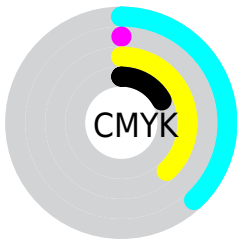
# Distribution



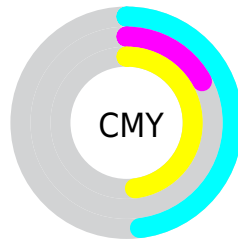
- Red (52%)
- Green (83%)
- Blue (52%)



- Red (52%)
- Yellow (83%)
- Blue (83%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Black (17%)



- Cyan (48%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (48%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 37.2241, 53.6584, 30.2250 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 37.2241, 53.6584, 30.2250 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 37.2241, 53.6584,  
30.2250

■ 37.2241, 53.6584,  
30.2250

325.6184,  
400.8060, 317.1917

■ 25.5555, 38.3286,  
19.7559

■ 70.2289, 95.5725,  
61.0830

■ 16.6223, 26.2378,  
12.0354

■ 92.2959, 122.9256,  
82.3091

■ 10.0592, 17.0017,  
6.6450

■ 118.5596,  
155.0553, 107.9578

■ 5.5008, 10.2357,  
3.1660

149.3856,  
192.3459, 138.4479

■ 2.5817, 5.5555,  
1.1800

185.1391,  
235.1819, 174.1978

■ 0.9367, 2.5767,  
0.0000

226.1855,

■ 0.0000, 0.9150,

283.9477, 215.6260

0.0000

272.8902,  
339.0276, 263.1511

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 37.2241, 53.6584,  
30.2250

■ 37.2241, 53.6584,  
30.2250

■ 32.9334, 51.5990,  
23.2057

■ 42.4860, 56.1876,  
38.8308

■ 29.5508, 49.9741,  
17.6728

■ 48.7691, 59.2057,  
49.1080

■ 27.0121, 48.7547,  
13.5203


■ 56.1249, 62.7390,  
61.1396

■ 25.2432, 47.9050,  
10.6268


■ 64.6000, 66.8101,  
75.0022

■ 24.1570, 47.3832,  
8.8500

■ 74.2386, 71.4400,  
90.7678

 23.6309, 47.1305,  
7.9895

 82.8345, 75.5690,  
104.8282

 23.5445, 47.0890,  
7.8482

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



44.1639, 53.6584, 20.4410



37.2241, 53.6584, 30.2250



34.0801, 53.6584, 50.6862

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



37.2241, 53.6584, 30.2250



48.2217, 53.6584, 132.6555



71.2966, 53.6584, 40.2083

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



37.2241, 53.6584, 30.2250



47.2881, 35.2542, 66.6018

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



72.7592, 53.6584, 66.9136



37.2241, 53.6584, 30.2250



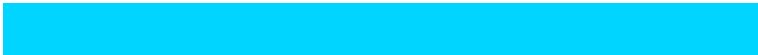
58.5090, 53.6584, 126.9897

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



37.2241, 53.6584, 30.2250



39.8571, 53.6584, 113.8650



67.8154, 53.6584, 100.2614



64.0489, 53.6584, 24.7367

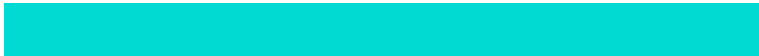


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



37.2241, 53.6584, 30.2250



34.2270, 53.6584, 70.3843



67.8154, 53.6584, 100.2614



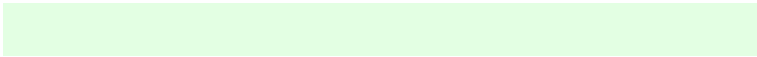
72.5162, 53.6584, 47.9032

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



37.2255, 53.6607, 30.2262



81.2811, 93.3861, 86.3785



54.8620, 62.7526, 31.0512



17.0653, 19.8289, 17.9453



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



37.2255, 53.6607, 30.2262



51.3696, 79.0181, 37.4528



40.5071, 54.9733, 47.5071



12.2625, 13.8960, 13.1966



14.5346, 29.0692, 4.8449



0.8767, 1.7533, 0.2922



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47.2881, 35.2542, 66.6018



68.7044, 47.3092, 100.1171



42.8507, 33.4792, 43.2348



12.9531, 12.6327, 15.6931



24.0981, 11.5756, 39.4164



1.4535, 0.6982, 2.3774



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 37.2241, 53.6584, 30.2250 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 37.2241, 53.6584, 30.2250 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 37.2241, 53.6584, 30.2250**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 37.2241, 53.6584, 30.2250.



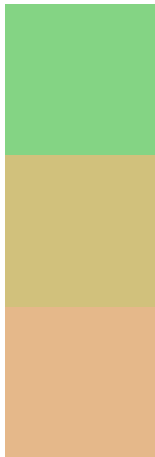
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 37.2241, 53.6584,

30.2250.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

37.2241, 53.6584, 30.2250

### Protanopia

49.0025, 53.1505, 26.7451

### Deuteranopia

54.0410, 52.7740, 31.3829



## Tritanopia

46.1698, 53.6926, 74.2600

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

37.2241, 53.6584, 30.2250



## Protanomaly

43.5411, 52.6646, 27.9491



## Deuteranomaly

45.9839, 51.8305, 30.8732



## Tritanomaly

42.3686, 53.5701, 55.1207

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

37.2241, 53.6584, 30.2250



## Achromatopsia

42.8472, 45.0786, 49.0906



## Achromatomaly

40.0527, 47.5516, 41.2498

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 37.2241, 53.6584, 30.2250 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(132, 212, 132)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(132, 212, 132)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(132, 212, 132) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(132, 212, 132) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 37.2241, 53.6584, 30.2250 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(132, 212, 132) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(132, 212, 132) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(132, 212, 132)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(132, 212, 132); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 212, 132);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 212,  
132) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 37.2241, 53.6584, 30.2250 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(132, 212, 132) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(132,  
212, 132) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor