

# Converting Colors

XYZ(37.2168, 40.8125, 95.3988)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(37.2168, 40.8125, 95.3988)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(37.2357, 40.8540,  
95.5456)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5AB2F9
RGB	90, 178, 249
RGB Percent	35%, 70%, 98%
CMY	0.6470, 0.3020, 0.0235
CMYK	0.64, 0.29, 0.00, 0.02
HSL	207°, 93%, 66%
HSV	207°, 64%, 98%
XYZ	37.2357, 40.8540, 95.5456
YIQ	159.7820, -75.2390, 3.4250

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

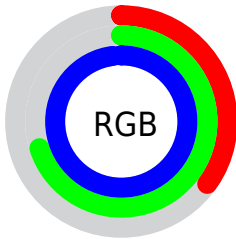
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>YB</sub>	90, 147, 249
Decimal	5944057
CIE Lab	70.07, -5.15, -43.07
CIE LCh	70, 43.380, 263.181
Yxy	40.8540, 0.2144, 0.2353
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284134137 (0xFF5AB2F9)
YUV	159.7820, 43.9845, -61.1988
Hunter-Lab	63.9171, -7.8676, -43.8868

# Details

The XYZ color **37.2357, 40.8540, 95.5456** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **6699CC**. The color can be described as light muted azure. A complement of this color would be **53.6592, 46.3705, 15.7970**, and the grayscale version is **33.1438, 34.8699, 37.9733**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **60.6097, 72.8379, 105.4724**, and **16.9753, 18.7275, 52.5892** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **33.0835, 35.5617, 94.7438**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **42.3810, 46.9258, 96.4472**.

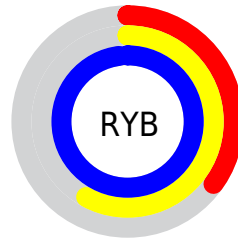
# Distribution



Red (35%)

Green (70%)

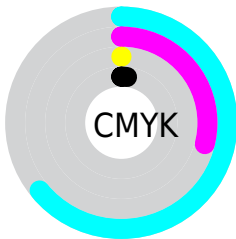
Blue (98%)



Red (35%)

Yellow (58%)

Blue (98%)

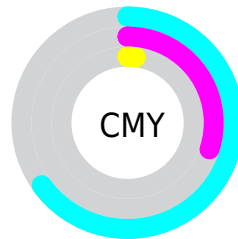


Cyan (64%)

Magenta (29%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (2%)



Cyan (65%)

Magenta (30%)

Yellow (2%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 37.2357, 40.8540, 95.5456 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 37.2357, 40.8540, 95.5456 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 37.2357, 40.8540,  
95.5456

■ 37.2357, 40.8540,  
95.5456

325.6677,  
349.7100, 566.9391

■ 25.5645, 28.2050,  
71.9898

■ 70.2466, 76.4622,  
157.0202

■ 16.6291, 18.4803,  
52.6635

■ 92.3171, 100.1902,  
195.7761

■ 10.0641, 11.2953,  
37.1484

■ 118.5847,  
128.3801, 240.4357

■ 5.5041, 6.2658,  
25.0257

■ 149.4149,  
161.4161, 291.4176

■ 2.5837, 3.0074,  
15.8770

185.1729,  
199.6827, 349.1404

■ 0.9377, 1.1356,  
9.2837

226.2241,

■ 0.0000, 0.0081,

243.5643, 414.0225

4.8274

272.9339,  
293.4453, 486.4826

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
2.0894

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.6094

■ 37.2357, 40.8540,  
95.5456

■ 37.2357, 40.8540,  
95.5456

■ 33.0835, 35.5617,  
94.7438

■ 42.3810, 46.9258,  
96.4472

■ 29.8311, 30.9927,  
94.0333

■ 48.5922, 53.8186,  
97.4503

■ 27.3723, 27.0861,  
93.4088

■ 55.9394, 61.5754,  
98.5603

■ 26.1601, 24.9617,  
93.0626

■ 64.4855, 70.2340,  
99.7811

■ 74.2881, 79.8298,  
101.1166

■ 85.4010, 90.3958,  
102.5704

■ 94.0990, 99.6196,  
103.8923

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



31.2264, 40.8540, 83.5886



37.2357, 40.8540, 95.5456



44.4428, 40.8540, 90.8413

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



37.2357, 40.8540, 95.5456



52.7456, 40.8540, 30.8267



28.9154, 40.8540, 24.9618

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



37.2357, 40.8540, 95.5456



53.6592, 46.3705, 15.7970

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



33.7118, 40.8540, 17.3964



37.2357, 40.8540, 95.5456



47.5785, 40.8540, 19.9926

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



37.2357, 40.8540, 95.5456



53.9858, 40.8540, 49.2770



40.4702, 40.8540, 15.9045



26.8155, 40.8540, 40.0105



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



37.2357, 40.8540, 95.5456



48.9170, 40.8540, 79.4218



40.4702, 40.8540, 15.9045



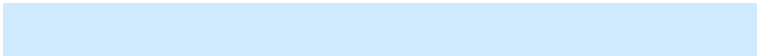
30.2356, 40.8540, 21.6705

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



37.2372, 40.8554, 95.5466



72.8988, 78.9051, 105.9958



44.3431, 72.4260, 44.4003



14.9824, 16.2779, 22.6022



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



37.2372, 40.8554, 95.5466



33.7102, 35.8937, 99.7592



25.9320, 18.2451, 91.7782



17.0796, 18.2360, 22.0050



14.1470, 13.6496, 49.8626



1.4160, 1.4758, 4.6534



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50.7603, 30.6681, 45.3649



49.7906, 27.1539, 39.3311



71.6047, 82.2614, 21.7788



17.6467, 17.3860, 19.9954



23.4328, 11.7888, 14.2533



2.2237, 1.1132, 1.6013



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 37.2357, 40.8540, 95.5456 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 37.2357, 40.8540, 95.5456 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

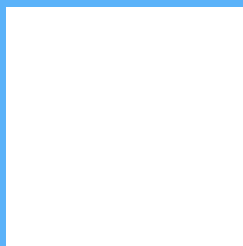
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 37.2357, 40.8540, 95.5456**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 37.2357, 40.8540, 95.5456.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 37.2357, 40.8540,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

37.2357, 40.8540, 95.5456

### Protanopia

41.9124, 40.5592, 88.8388

### Deuteranopia

41.5922, 40.4919, 96.8904



## Tritanopia

30.6110, 40.9287, 62.1638

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

37.2357, 40.8540, 95.5456

## Protanomaly

39.6858, 40.4723, 91.3082

## Deuteranomaly

39.6156, 40.3291, 96.1388

## Tritanomaly

32.7507, 40.8513, 73.1768

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

37.2357, 40.8540, 95.5456

## Achromatopsia

33.4132, 35.1533, 38.2819

## Achromatomaly

33.3248, 36.5941, 55.1761

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 37.2357, 40.8540, 95.5456 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(90, 178, 249)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(90, 178, 249)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(90, 178, 249) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(90, 178, 249) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 37.2357, 40.8540, 95.5456 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(90, 178, 249) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(90, 178, 249) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(90, 178, 249)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(90, 178, 249); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(90, 178, 249);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(90, 178,  
249) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 37.2357, 40.8540, 95.5456 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(90, 178, 249) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(90, 178,  
249) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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