

# Converting Colors

XYZ(37.3420, 22.3828, 2.5592)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(37.3420, 22.3828, 2.5592)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(37.4264, 22.4487, 2.5615)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(37.4264, 22.4487,  
2.5615)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EE4507
RGB	238, 69, 7
RGB Percent	93%, 27%, 3%
CMY	0.0667, 0.7294, 0.9725
CMYK	0.00, 0.71, 0.97, 0.07
HSL	16°, 94%, 48%
HSV	16°, 97%, 93%
XYZ	37.4264, 22.4487, 2.5615
YIQ	112.4630, 120.6260, 16.5460

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

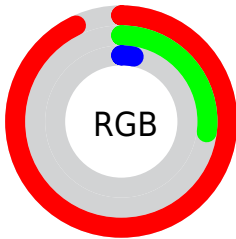
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	238, 92, 7
Decimal	15615239
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	54.50, 62.60, 64.24
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	54, 89.701, 45.742
Yxy	22.4487, 0.5994, 0.3595
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293805319 (0xFFEE4507)
YUV	112.4630, -51.9933, 110.0959
Hunter-Lab	47.3801, 58.0854, 29.9607

# Details

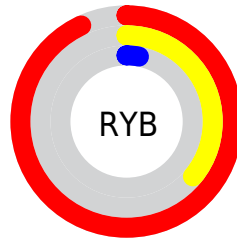
The XYZ color **37.4264, 22.4487, 2.5615** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF3300**. The color can be described as dark washed red. A complement of this color would be **31.0441, 37.2660, 86.4452**, and the grayscale version is **15.6624, 16.4781, 17.9446**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **49.8127, 36.8321, 9.6381**, and **17.2336, 8.8842, 0.8065** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **37.0867, 21.8311, 2.2591**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **38.8661, 24.9982, 4.0596**.

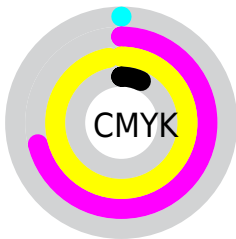
# Distribution



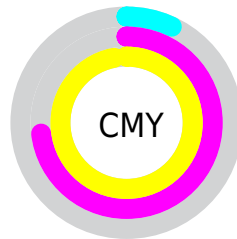
- Red (93%)
- Green (27%)
- Blue (3%)



- Red (93%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (3%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (71%)
- Yellow (97%)
- Black (7%)




- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (73%)
- Yellow (97%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 37.4264, 22.4487, 2.5615 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 37.4264, 22.4487, 2.5615 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 37.4264, 22.4487,  
2.5615


 37.4264, 22.4487,  
2.5615

326.4765,  
264.8806, 130.5633


 25.7130, 14.1870,  
0.8725


 70.5377, 47.4865,  
10.5258

 16.7406, 8.2508,  
0.0000


 92.6663, 65.0313,  
17.6410


 10.1439, 4.2559,  
0.0000


 118.9973, 86.4393,  
27.4029

 5.5575, 1.8177,  
0.0000

 149.8961,  
112.0949, 40.2302

 2.6160, 0.4982,  
0.0000

 185.7281,  
142.3824, 56.5414


 0.9541, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 226.8586,


 0.0000, 0.0000,


177.6863, 76.7549


0.0000


 273.6529,  
218.3909, 101.2893


 37.4264, 22.4487,  
2.5615


 37.4264, 22.4487,  
2.5615

 37.0867, 21.8311,  
2.2591

 38.8661, 24.9982,  
4.0596

 40.8734, 28.3164,  
6.8763

 43.5166, 32.4674,  
11.2573

 46.8511, 37.5063,  
17.3938

 50.9257, 43.4832,  
25.4493

■ 55.7845, 50.4439,  
35.5682

■ 61.4680, 58.4314,  
47.8812

■ 68.0136, 67.4857,  
62.5080

■ 75.4564, 77.6450,  
79.5595

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



45.1794, 22.4487, 12.5045



37.4264, 22.4487, 2.5615



26.3368, 22.4487, 0.4913

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



37.4264, 22.4487, 2.5615



7.7634, 22.4487, 13.3910



26.8848, 22.4487, 122.2803

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



37.4264, 22.4487, 2.5615



31.0441, 37.2660, 86.4452

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.0134, 22.4487, 123.3449



37.4264, 22.4487, 2.5615



7.8282, 22.4487, 42.2603

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



37.4264, 22.4487, 2.5615



10.4635, 22.4487, 2.7883



10.6802, 22.4487, 87.2929



37.9322, 22.4487, 84.9967



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



37.4264, 22.4487, 2.5615



19.5016, 22.4487, 0.3296



10.6802, 22.4487, 87.2929



23.2838, 22.4487, 127.4955

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



37.4269, 22.4501, 2.5618



70.4491, 66.3252, 52.8319



43.2119, 21.4796, 43.1510



14.4626, 13.3312, 9.9693



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



37.4269, 22.4501, 2.5618



43.3345, 25.4490, 2.6282



52.4594, 52.5152, 7.5727



16.1179, 16.4490, 16.4752



20.7817, 12.3615, 1.2907



1.8081, 1.1870, 0.1338

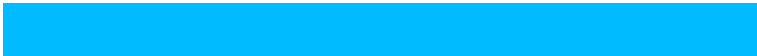


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



31.0441, 37.2660, 86.4452



35.7249, 42.5697, 100.9416



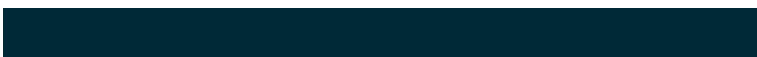
17.1838, 9.5454, 81.8251



15.8676, 17.1693, 20.1993



17.1786, 20.5815, 48.1951



1.5106, 1.8752, 4.0365



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 37.4264, 22.4487, 2.5615 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 37.4264, 22.4487, 2.5615 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 37.4264, 22.4487, 2.5615**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 37.4264, 22.4487, 2.5615.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 37.4264, 22.4487,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

37.4264, 22.4487, 2.5615

### Protanopia

20.3468, 22.5148, 4.3103

### Deuteranopia

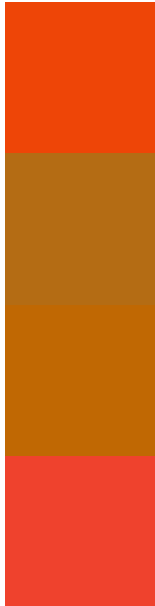
22.7247, 22.4146, 3.1287



## Tritanopia

38.4431, 22.4228, 7.6120

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

37.4264, 22.4487, 2.5615

## Protanomaly

24.3112, 20.4789, 3.3333

## Deuteranomaly

26.7050, 21.1137, 2.7540

## Tritanomaly

38.0185, 22.4366, 4.8095

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

37.4264, 22.4487, 2.5615

## Achromatopsia

15.4009, 16.2029, 17.6450

## Achromatomaly

19.5195, 16.1293, 8.5630

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 37.4264, 22.4487, 2.5615 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(238, 69, 7)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(238, 69, 7)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(238, 69, 7) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(238, 69, 7) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 37.4264, 22.4487, 2.5615 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(238, 69, 7) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(238, 69, 7) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(238, 69, 7) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(238, 69, 7); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(238, 69, 7);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(238, 69, 7)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 37.4264, 22.4487, 2.5615 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(238, 69, 7) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(238, 69,  
7) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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