

# Converting Colors

XYZ(37.4441, 58.6702, 58.1988)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(37.4441, 58.6702, 58.1988)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(37.3657, 58.5615,  
58.0493)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	28E2BE
RGB	40, 226, 190
RGB Percent	16%, 89%, 75%
CMY	0.8431, 0.1137, 0.2549
CMYK	0.82, 0.00, 0.16, 0.11
HSL	168°, 76%, 52%
HSV	168°, 82%, 89%
XYZ	37.3657, 58.5615, 58.0493
YIQ	166.2820, -99.3000, -50.6280

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

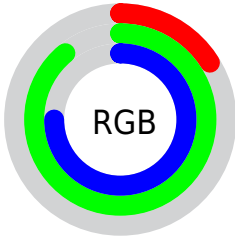
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	40, 143, 226
Decimal	2679486
CIELab	81.05, -52.04, 5.16
CIElCh	81, 52.292, 174.342
Yxy	58.5615, 0.2427, 0.3803
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280869566 (0xFF28E2BE)
YUV	166.2820, 11.6930, -110.7493
Hunter-Lab	76.5255, -46.7620, 8.5927

# Details

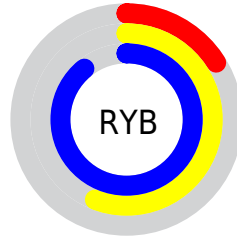
The XYZ color **37.3657, 58.5615, 58.0493** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **00CC99**. The color can be described as light washed spring green. A complement of this color would be **33.4294, 18.2098, 8.5932**, and the grayscale version is **36.3641, 38.2579, 41.6629**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **60.1403, 82.1669, 99.8788**, and **18.8901, 30.5556, 28.5691** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **36.2592, 58.0469, 55.5399**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **39.0026, 59.3507, 60.6611**.

# Distribution



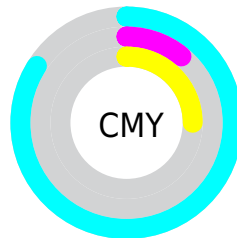
- Red (16%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (16%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (89%)



- Cyan (82%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Black (11%)




- Cyan (84%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (25%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 37.3657, 58.5615, 58.0493 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 37.3657, 58.5615, 58.0493 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 37.3657, 58.5615,  
58.0493


 37.3657, 58.5615,  
58.0493


326.2192,  
419.2750, 434.9730

 25.6657, 42.2602,  
41.4333


 70.4451, 102.7401,  
103.5101

 16.7051, 29.3051,  
28.3356


 92.5552, 131.3862,  
133.1921


 10.1185, 19.3118,  
18.3375


 118.8660,  
164.9160, 168.0664

 5.5404, 11.8958,  
11.0206

 149.7430,  
203.7140, 208.5517

 2.6057, 6.6727,  
5.9664

 185.5515,  
248.1645, 255.0664

 0.9489, 3.2583,  
2.7562

226.6568,

 0.0000, 1.2680,

298.6518, 308.0292

0.9715

273.4242,  
355.5606, 367.8586

■ 0.0000, 0.1162,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 37.3657, 58.5615,  
58.0493

■ 37.3657, 58.5615,  
58.0493

■ 36.2592, 58.0469,  
55.5399

■ 39.0026, 59.3507,  
60.6611

■ 35.6673, 57.7826,  
53.6683

■ 41.2430, 60.4479,  
63.3754

■ 44.1536, 61.8889,  
66.1972

■ 47.7908, 63.7028,  
69.1299

■ 52.2050, 65.9155,  
72.1764

■ 57.4420, 68.5508,  
75.3394

■ 63.5441, 71.6302,  
78.6216

■ 70.5507, 75.1741,  
82.0254

■ 78.4985, 79.2015,  
85.5530

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



40.3651, 58.5615, 34.8776



37.3657, 58.5615, 58.0493



38.7266, 58.5615, 91.7143

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



37.3657, 58.5615, 58.0493



64.7156, 58.5615, 135.2103



68.7375, 58.5615, 26.4806

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



37.3657, 58.5615, 58.0493



33.4294, 18.2098, 8.5932

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



76.9274, 58.5615, 42.1607



37.3657, 58.5615, 58.0493



74.4020, 58.5615, 105.3470

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



37.3657, 58.5615, 58.0493



53.6282, 58.5615, 143.6718



79.1241, 58.5615, 69.8409



57.7444, 58.5615, 20.8568

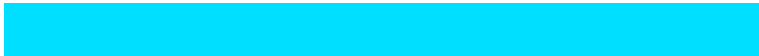


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



37.3657, 58.5615, 58.0493



42.0273, 58.5615, 115.3378



79.1241, 58.5615, 69.8409



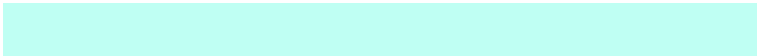
71.9639, 58.5615, 30.4425

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



37.3673, 58.5638, 58.0507



73.4351, 89.0794, 97.8487



30.6582, 56.1345, 11.2279



15.1940, 18.8029, 20.6284



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



37.3673, 58.5638, 58.0507



46.9488, 75.9992, 70.6726



29.0170, 34.7695, 77.1358



13.9969, 15.5245, 17.0187



20.3899, 32.9808, 30.8399



1.4428, 2.2979, 2.2932



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



33.4294, 18.2098, 8.5932



41.8744, 21.5581, 5.1344



35.9139, 24.6538, 4.8745



13.8151, 13.7437, 14.7966



18.1828, 9.3401, 2.3623

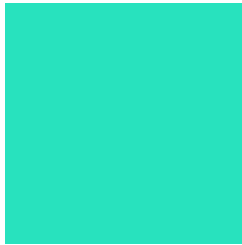


1.2916, 0.6599, 0.3286



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 37.3657, 58.5615, 58.0493 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

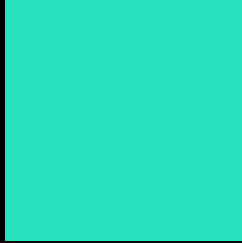
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 37.3657, 58.5615, 58.0493 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

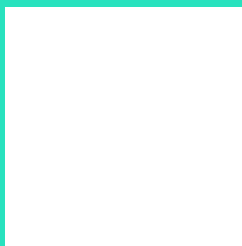
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 37.3657, 58.5615, 58.0493**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 37.3657, 58.5615, 58.0493.



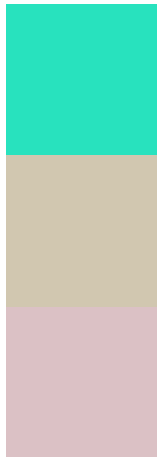
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 37.3657, 58.5615,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

37.3657, 58.5615, 58.0493

### Protanopia

54.5544, 57.5367, 49.3047

### Deuteranopia

58.3614, 57.2312, 60.7941



## Tritanopia

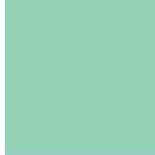
43.4416, 58.2333, 89.0713

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

37.3657, 58.5615, 58.0493



## Protanomaly

43.3537, 55.2330, 52.0921



## Deuteranomaly

44.8954, 54.4277, 59.1783



## Tritanomaly

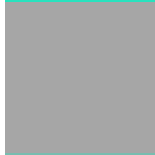
41.0261, 58.4340, 76.8267

# Monochromacy



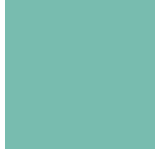
## Original Color

37.3657, 58.5615, 58.0493



## Achromatopsia

36.2450, 38.1326, 41.5264



## Achromatomaly

33.4668, 43.0547, 47.1039

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 37.3657, 58.5615, 58.0493 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(40, 226, 190)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(40, 226, 190)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(40, 226, 190) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(40, 226, 190) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 37.3657, 58.5615, 58.0493 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(40, 226, 190) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(40, 226, 190) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(40, 226, 190) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(40, 226, 190); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(40, 226, 190);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(40, 226,  
190) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 37.3657, 58.5615, 58.0493 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(40, 226, 190) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(40, 226,  
190) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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