

# Converting Colors

XYZ(37.5872, 44.7217, 57.4348)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(37.5872, 44.7217, 57.4348)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(37.4996, 44.5866,  
57.6686)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	87BBC2
RGB	135, 187, 194
RGB Percent	53%, 73%, 76%
CMY	0.4706, 0.2667, 0.2392
CMYK	0.30, 0.04, 0.00, 0.24
HSL	187°, 33%, 65%
HSV	187°, 30%, 76%
XYZ	37.4996, 44.5866, 57.6686
YIQ	172.2500, -33.2390, -8.8470

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

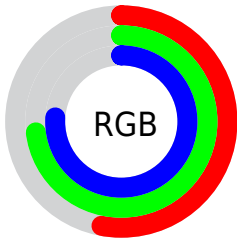
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	135, 163, 194
Decimal	8895426
CIE Lab	72.62, -15.26, -9.03
CIE LCh	73, 17.729, 210.603
Yxy	44.5866, 0.2683, 0.3190
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287085506 (0xFF87BBC2)
YUV	172.2500, 10.7227, -32.6683
Hunter-Lab	66.7732, -16.6081, -4.4645

# Details

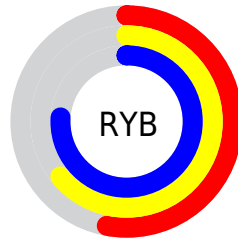
The XYZ color **37.4996, 44.5866, 57.6686** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **36.2949, 32.5649, 27.2953**, and the grayscale version is **39.2998, 41.3464, 45.0262**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **70.5411, 81.9505, 102.5426**, and **16.8260, 20.7826, 27.9356** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **34.1743, 42.1545, 57.3752**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **41.4042, 47.3311, 57.9933**.

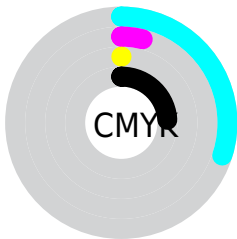
# Distribution



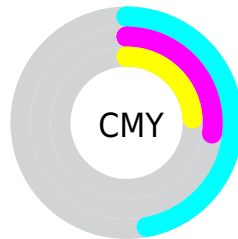
- Red (53%)
- Green (73%)
- Blue (76%)



- Red (53%)
- Yellow (64%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (24%)



- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (24%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 37.4996, 44.5866, 57.6686 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 37.4996, 44.5866, 57.6686 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 37.4996, 44.5866,  
57.6686

■ 37.4996, 44.5866,  
57.6686

■ 326.7866,  
365.0967, 433.5136

■ 25.7700, 31.1319,  
41.1293

■ 70.6494, 82.0997,  
102.9501

■ 16.7834, 20.6993,  
28.0997

■ 92.8002, 106.9269,  
132.5294

■ 10.1745, 12.9044,  
18.1611

■ 119.1556,  
136.3138, 167.2926

■ 5.5780, 7.3628,  
10.8951

■ 150.0807,  
170.6447, 207.6580

■ 2.6284, 3.6900,  
5.8831

■ 185.9410,  
210.3041, 254.0443

■ 0.9605, 1.5017,  
2.7065

■ 227.1019,

■ 0.0000, 0.2899,

255.6763, 306.8699

0.9467

273.9286,  
307.1457, 366.5536

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 37.4996, 44.5866,  
57.6686

■ 37.4996, 44.5866,  
57.6686

■ 34.1743, 42.1545,  
57.3752

■ 41.4042, 47.3311,  
57.9933

■ 31.3932, 40.0135,  
57.1085

■ 45.9126, 50.3975,  
58.3475

■ 29.1239, 38.1478,  
56.8680

■ 51.0529, 53.8013,  
58.7336

■ 27.3286, 36.5379,  
56.6519

■ 56.8501, 57.5556,  
59.1527

■ 25.9643, 35.1616,  
56.4581

■ 63.3281, 61.6726,  
59.6060

■ 24.9801, 33.9925,  
56.2843

■ 70.5092, 66.1639,  
60.0944

■ 24.2990, 33.0176,  
56.1321

■ 72.3598, 67.9193,  
60.3357

■ 72.9077, 69.0150,  
60.5183

■ 73.4636, 70.1269,  
60.7036

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



36.7475, 44.5866, 48.7253



37.4996, 44.5866, 57.6686



39.5473, 44.5866, 64.8090

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



37.4996, 44.5866, 57.6686



47.7298, 44.5866, 57.3237



42.3161, 44.5866, 33.5338

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



37.4996, 44.5866, 57.6686



36.2949, 32.5649, 27.2953

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



45.3411, 44.5866, 35.2622



37.4996, 44.5866, 57.6686



48.5567, 44.5866, 48.3696

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



37.4996, 44.5866, 57.6686



45.4537, 44.5866, 64.5936



47.6626, 44.5866, 40.4422



39.4447, 44.5866, 35.4062



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



37.4996, 44.5866, 57.6686



41.4221, 44.5866, 67.2010



47.6626, 44.5866, 40.4422



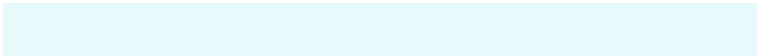
43.3490, 44.5866, 33.7106

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



37.5009, 44.5884, 57.6696



84.2981, 92.0543, 105.7951



34.1581, 45.6848, 32.5640



18.1747, 19.9676, 23.1462



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

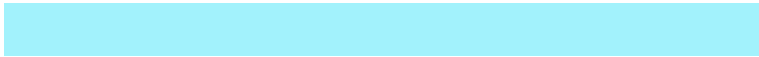


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



37.5009, 44.5884, 57.6696



64.1090, 78.0014, 104.1467



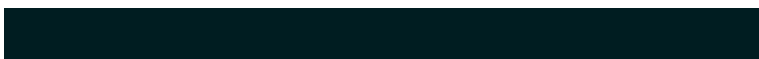
31.8918, 33.3701, 55.7999



10.2633, 11.2179, 12.9092



16.0151, 21.7868, 36.9178



0.7213, 1.0001, 1.6049



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



39.8828, 32.3862, 51.1648



69.1300, 52.8593, 90.3046



41.2576, 42.4904, 28.9496



10.4442, 10.2263, 12.4296



19.4797, 9.4816, 26.2357

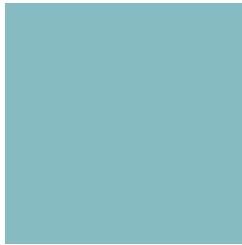


0.8565, 0.4156, 1.2117



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 37.4996, 44.5866, 57.6686 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

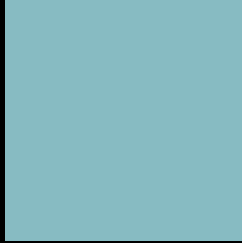
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 37.4996, 44.5866, 57.6686 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 37.4996, 44.5866, 57.6686**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 37.4996, 44.5866, 57.6686.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 37.4996, 44.5866,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

37.4996, 44.5866, 57.6686

### Protanopia

42.9625, 44.1465, 53.8337

### Deuteranopia

45.2713, 44.3575, 58.9991



## Tritanopia

38.4180, 44.6532, 61.8524

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

37.4996, 44.5866, 57.6686

## Protanomaly

40.5158, 44.0416, 55.0807

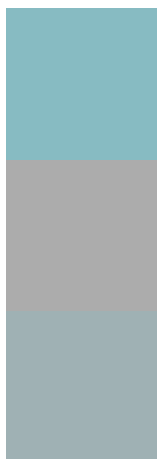
## Deuteranomaly

41.8206, 44.0418, 58.5213

## Tritanomaly

37.9053, 44.4293, 60.0040

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

37.4996, 44.5866, 57.6686

## Achromatopsia

39.2122, 41.2543, 44.9259

## Achromatomaly

38.2584, 42.1105, 49.2917

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 37.4996, 44.5866, 57.6686 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(135, 187, 194)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(135, 187, 194)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(135, 187, 194) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(135, 187, 194) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 37.4996, 44.5866, 57.6686 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(135, 187, 194) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(135, 187, 194) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(135, 187, 194) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(135, 187, 194); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 187, 194);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 187,  
194) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 37.4996, 44.5866, 57.6686 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(135, 187, 194) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(135,  
187, 194) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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