

# Converting Colors

XYZ(37.6397, 38.9468,  
100.0429)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(37.6397, 38.9468, 100.0429)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**XYZ(37.6499, 38.9425,  
100.1400)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	62ABFF
RGB	98, 171, 255
RGB Percent	38%, 67%, 100%
CMY	0.6157, 0.3294, 0.0000
CMYK	0.62, 0.33, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	212°, 100%, 69%
HSV	212°, 62%, 100%
XYZ	37.6499, 38.9425, 100.1400
YIQ	158.7490, -70.4720, 10.6480

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

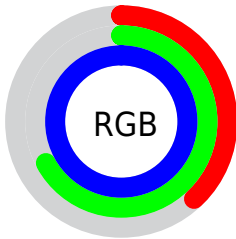
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>YB</sub>	98, 148, 255
Decimal	6466559
CIE Lab	68.71, 2.08, -48.45
CIE LCh	69, 48.490, 272.459
Yxy	38.9425, 0.2130, 0.2203
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284656639 (0xFF62ABFF)
YUV	158.7490, 47.4517, -53.2769
Hunter-Lab	62.4039, -1.5132, -51.4603

# Details

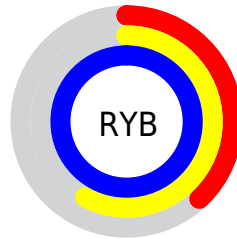
The XYZ color **37.6499, 38.9425, 100.1400** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **3399FF**. A complement of this color would be **60.1742, 55.6004, 19.1178**, and the grayscale version is **32.6551, 34.3557, 37.4133**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **59.7436, 69.0863, 104.7939**, and **16.8650, 17.3096, 55.8783** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **32.8783, 32.8528, 99.2161**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **43.5663, 46.0185, 101.1940**.

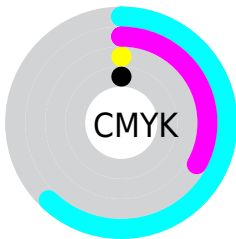
# Distribution



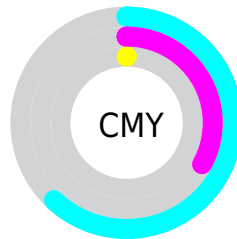
- Red (38%)
- Green (67%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (38%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (62%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (62%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 37.6499, 38.9425, 100.1400 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 37.6499, 38.9425, 100.1400 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 37.6499, 38.9425,  
100.1400

■ 37.6499, 38.9425,  
100.1400

327.4226,  
341.6460, 581.8919

■ 25.8871, 26.7150,  
75.7999

■ 70.8786, 73.5505,  
163.4031

■ 16.8714, 17.3593,  
55.7628

■ 93.0751, 96.6997,  
203.1632

■ 10.2376, 10.4910,  
39.6101

■ 119.4803,  
124.2584, 248.9005

■ 5.6202, 5.7257,  
26.9232

■ 150.4594,  
156.6108, 301.0333

■ 2.6540, 2.6790,  
17.2836

186.3778,  
194.1413, 359.9804

■ 0.9736, 0.9665,  
10.2728

227.6009,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

237.2345, 426.1601

5.4722

274.4941,  
286.2745, 499.9911

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
2.4634

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.8207

■ 37.6499, 38.9425,  
100.1400

■ 37.6499, 38.9425,  
100.1400

■ 32.8783, 32.8528,  
99.2161

■ 43.5663, 46.0185,  
101.1940

■ 29.1528, 27.6848,  
98.4149

■ 50.7063, 54.1310,  
102.3836

■ 26.3622, 23.3692,  
97.7290

■ 59.1458, 63.3307,  
103.7145

■ 24.5950, 20.3099,  
97.2317

■ 68.9531, 73.6634,  
105.1920

■ 80.1912, 85.1716,  
106.8210

■ 92.9191, 97.8957,  
108.6061

■ 95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



30.6051, 38.9425, 91.9550



37.6499, 38.9425, 100.1400



45.5056, 38.9425, 88.9528

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



37.6499, 38.9425, 100.1400



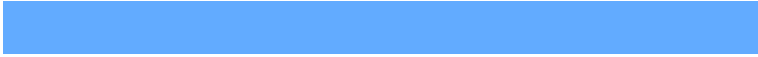
50.9030, 38.9425, 23.5344



25.4174, 38.9425, 25.7180

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



37.6499, 38.9425, 100.1400



60.1742, 55.6004, 19.1178

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



29.6500, 38.9425, 15.8169



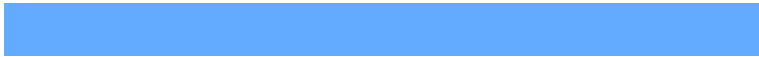
37.6499, 38.9425, 100.1400



44.2597, 38.9425, 14.8965

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



37.6499, 38.9425, 100.1400



53.7881, 38.9425, 40.6157



36.3847, 38.9425, 12.6558

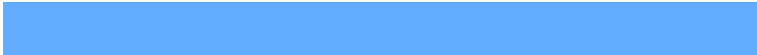


24.1489, 38.9425, 44.2394



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



37.6499, 38.9425, 100.1400



49.9810, 38.9425, 73.6933



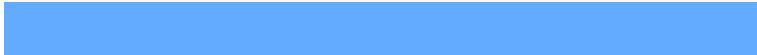
36.3847, 38.9425, 12.6558



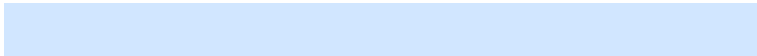
26.5089, 38.9425, 21.5226

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



37.6512, 38.9438, 100.1402



72.7926, 77.6295, 105.7552



49.2143, 77.4837, 56.4757



14.9069, 15.9206, 22.5373



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

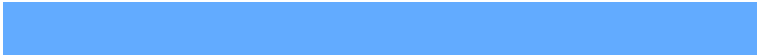


20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



37.6512, 38.9438, 100.1402



31.8787, 31.5120, 99.0100



28.0397, 18.8548, 96.7692



17.6992, 18.7699, 22.9401



12.9974, 10.9045, 50.8543



1.3735, 1.2778, 4.9875



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52.9594, 32.9373, 42.0954



49.0416, 27.5259, 33.3161



77.3059, 92.6830, 25.3725



18.3608, 18.1276, 20.5171



23.3487, 11.8288, 10.4867

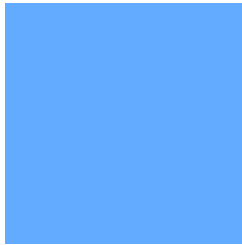


2.3279, 1.1735, 1.3082



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 37.6499, 38.9425, 100.1400 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

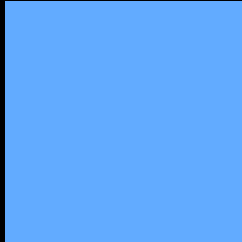
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 37.6499, 38.9425, 100.1400 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

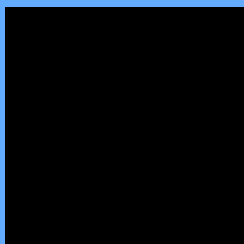
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

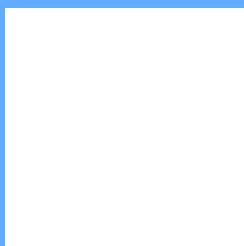
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 37.6499, 38.9425, 100.1400

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 37.6499, 38.9425, 100.1400.



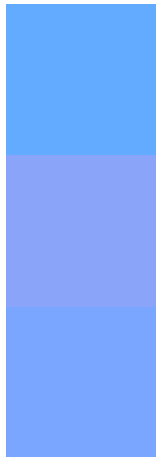
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 37.6499, 38.9425,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

37.6499, 38.9425, 100.1400

### Protanopia

40.8556, 38.7937, 94.9572

### Deuteranopia

39.8546, 38.7034, 99.9777



## Tritanopia

29.3318, 38.7892, 58.7644

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

37.6499, 38.9425, 100.1400

## Protanomaly

39.3997, 38.8134, 96.6819

## Deuteranomaly

38.9921, 38.8027, 100.0423

## Tritanomaly

31.8835, 38.6082, 72.1014

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

37.6499, 38.9425, 100.1400

## Achromatopsia

32.9542, 34.6704, 37.7561

## Achromatomaly

33.1513, 35.4078, 56.1261

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 37.6499, 38.9425, 100.1400 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(98, 171, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(98, 171, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(98, 171, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(98, 171, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 37.6499, 38.9425, 100.1400 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(98, 171, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(98, 171, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(98, 171, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(98, 171, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(98, 171, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(98, 171,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 37.6499, 38.9425, 100.1400 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(98, 171, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(98, 171,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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