

# Converting Colors

XYZ(37.8358, 30.4704, 30.8635)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(37.8358, 30.4704, 30.8635)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(37.8629, 30.5822,  
30.6954)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	CC8191
RGB	204, 129, 145
RGB Percent	80%, 51%, 57%
CMY	0.2000, 0.4941, 0.4314
CMYK	0.00, 0.37, 0.29, 0.20
HSL	347°, 42%, 65%
HSV	347°, 37%, 80%
XYZ	37.8629, 30.5822, 30.6954
YIQ	153.2490, 39.5640, 20.8760

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

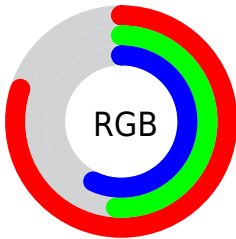
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	204, 129, 145
Decimal	13402513
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	62.15, 31.03, 3.61
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	62, 31.240, 6.631
Yxy	30.5822, 0.3819, 0.3085
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291592593 (0xFFCC8191)
YUV	153.2490, -4.0668, 44.5086
Hunter-Lab	55.3012, 25.4360, 5.8014

# Details

The XYZ color **37.8629, 30.5822, 30.6954** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **39.7246, 51.4844, 55.4234**, and the grayscale version is **30.3925, 31.9753, 34.8211**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **68.4823, 59.2505, 61.8599**, and **17.0027, 12.5709, 12.3568** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **34.2878, 25.2743, 23.8234**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **42.1510, 37.0357, 38.6682**.

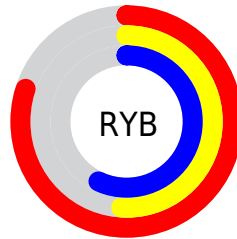
# Distribution



Red (80%)

Green (51%)

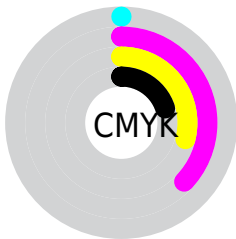
Blue (57%)



Red (80%)

Yellow (51%)

Blue (57%)

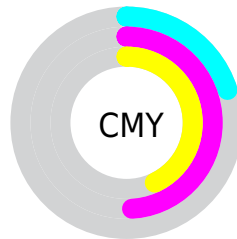


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (37%)

Yellow (29%)

Black (20%)



Cyan (20%)

Magenta (49%)


Yellow (43%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 37.8629, 30.5822, 30.6954 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 37.8629, 30.5822, 30.6954 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 37.8629, 30.5822,  
30.6954


 37.8629, 30.5822,  
30.6954


328.3225,  
304.6089, 319.4402


 26.0530, 20.2809,  
20.1105

 71.2032, 60.5817,  
61.8341

 16.9962, 12.5994,  
12.2905


 93.4644, 81.0487,  
83.2250

 10.3271, 7.1533,  
6.8169


 119.9400,  
105.6730, 109.0550

 5.6803, 3.5581,  
3.2712

150.9954,  
134.8391, 139.7427

 2.6905, 1.4296,  
1.2347

186.9960,  
168.9313, 175.7064

 0.9923, 0.2384,  
0.0074

228.3072,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

208.3341, 217.3649

0.0000

275.2942,  
253.4318, 265.1367

■ 37.8629, 30.5822,  
30.6954

■ 37.8629, 30.5822,  
30.6954

■ 34.2878, 25.2743,  
23.8234

■ 42.1510, 37.0357,  
38.6682

■ 31.3837, 21.0407,  
18.0013

■ 47.1858, 44.6922,  
47.7861

■ 29.1081, 17.8085,  
13.1768

■ 53.0020, 53.6102,  
58.0928

■ 27.4126, 15.4941,  
9.2922

■ 59.6312, 63.8433,  
69.6294

■ 26.2410, 14.0003,  
6.2834

■ 67.1034, 75.4419,  
82.4349

■ 25.5218, 13.2001,  
4.0762

■ 75.4471, 88.4538,  
96.5467

■ 25.3474, 13.0156,  
3.5112

■ 78.7119, 91.5774,  
108.1354

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



37.1408, 30.5822, 43.3561



37.8629, 30.5822, 30.6954



36.0521, 30.5822, 21.3035

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



37.8629, 30.5822, 30.6954



24.5044, 30.5822, 17.9564



25.9763, 30.5822, 59.4048

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



37.8629, 30.5822, 30.6954



39.7246, 51.4844, 55.4234

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



23.0488, 30.5822, 49.1172



37.8629, 30.5822, 30.6954



22.2580, 30.5822, 24.9312

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



37.8629, 30.5822, 30.6954



28.1436, 30.5822, 15.1848



21.7519, 30.5822, 36.0454



30.0113, 30.5822, 62.0086



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



37.8629, 30.5822, 30.6954



33.7462, 30.5822, 17.4601



21.7519, 30.5822, 36.0454



24.8425, 30.5822, 56.6277

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



37.8637, 30.5837, 30.6960



83.3938, 82.0502, 88.4824



39.4279, 30.7214, 60.9786



17.5668, 17.1284, 18.4375



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



37.8637, 30.5837, 30.6960



57.9827, 43.6250, 41.7934



39.8116, 36.3163, 25.6822



11.3086, 11.2522, 12.1598



15.9822, 8.2035, 2.3588



0.8533, 0.4347, 0.2732



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



37.8637, 30.5837, 30.6960



57.9827, 43.6250, 41.7934



36.8355, 42.7918, 63.4450



11.3086, 11.2522, 12.1598



15.9822, 8.2035, 2.3588

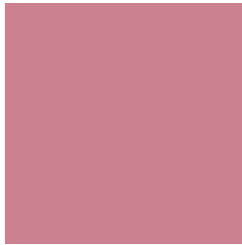


0.8533, 0.4347, 0.2732



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 37.8629, 30.5822, 30.6954 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

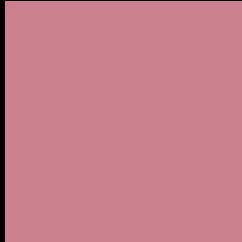
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 37.8629, 30.5822, 30.6954 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

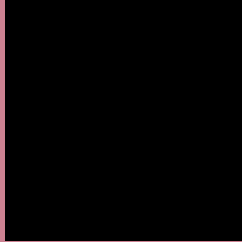
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 37.8629, 30.5822, 30.6954**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 37.8629, 30.5822, 30.6954.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 37.8629, 30.5822,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

37.8629, 30.5822, 30.6954

### Protanopia

29.7546, 30.8263, 36.2801

### Deuteranopia

31.1563, 30.5286, 29.8417



## Tritanopia

37.3449, 30.5552, 28.7404

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

37.8629, 30.5822, 30.6954

## Protanomaly

32.0003, 30.1920, 34.2780

## Deuteranomaly

33.2466, 30.2722, 30.0774

## Tritanomaly

37.4937, 30.6148, 29.5243

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

37.8629, 30.5822, 30.6954

## Achromatopsia

30.2779, 31.8547, 34.6897

## Achromatomaly

32.4915, 30.9192, 33.1097

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 37.8629, 30.5822, 30.6954 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(204, 129, 145)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(204, 129, 145)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(204, 129, 145) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(204, 129, 145) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 37.8629, 30.5822, 30.6954 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(204, 129, 145) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(204, 129, 145) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(204, 129, 145) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(204, 129, 145); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(204, 129, 145);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(204, 129,  
145) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 37.8629, 30.5822, 30.6954 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(204, 129, 145) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(204,  
129, 145) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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