

Converting Colors

XYZ(37.8398, 29.6716, 98.3406)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(37.8398, 29.6716, 98.3406)
contains.

| | |
|--|----|
| XYZ(37.8029, 29.6518, 98.3387) | 3 |
| <i>Conversions</i> | 4 |
| <i>Details</i> | 6 |
| <i>Harmonies</i> | 12 |
| <i>Previews</i> | 24 |
| <i>Color Blindness Simulation</i> | 28 |
| <i>CSS Examples</i> | 31 |

Color

**XYZ(37.8029, 29.6518,
98.3387)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|-----------------------------|
| Hex | 9084FF |
| RGB | 144, 132, 255 |
| RGB Percent | 56%, 52%, 100% |
| CMY | 0.4353, 0.4823, 0.0000 |
| CMYK | 0.44, 0.48, 0.00, 0.00 |
| HSL | 246°, 100%, 76% |
| HSV | 246°, 48%, 100% |
| XYZ | 37.8029, 29.6518, 98.3387 |
| YIQ | 149.6100, -32.3310, 40.7970 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

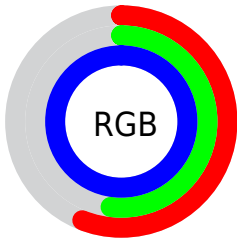
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| RYB | 144, 132, 255 |
| Decimal | 9471231 |
| CIELab | 61.35, 34.29, -59.96 |
| CIELCh | 61, 69.069, 299.764 |
| Yxy | 29.6518, 0.2280, 0.1788 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4287661311 (0xFF9084FF) |
| YUV | 149.6100, 51.9573, -4.9200 |
| Hunter-Lab | 54.4535, 28.6254, -68.9557 |

Details

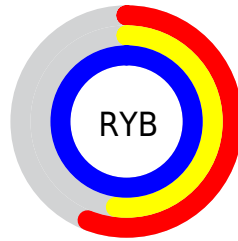
The XYZ color **37.8029, 29.6518, 98.3387** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9999FF**. A complement of this color would be **76.8859, 92.2401, 35.5822**, and the grayscale version is **28.6225, 30.1131, 32.7932**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **59.7561, 54.4745, 101.9729**, and **16.8416, 11.9971, 54.2513** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **31.1402, 21.6963, 97.1543**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **46.1319, 39.7214, 99.8433**.

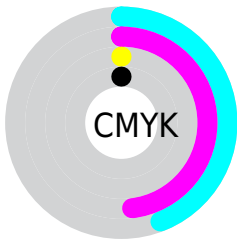
Distribution



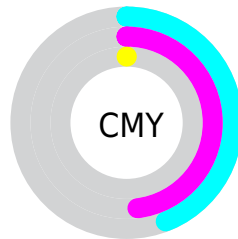
- Red (56%)
- Green (52%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (56%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 37.8029, 29.6518, 98.3387 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 37.8029, 29.6518, 98.3387 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 37.8029, 29.6518,
98.3387

 37.8029, 29.6518,
98.3387


328.0692,
300.2780, 576.0543


 26.0063, 19.5744,
74.3047


 71.1118, 59.1111,
160.9042

 16.9610, 12.0861,
54.5452


 93.3547, 79.2618,
200.2728

 10.3018, 6.8023,
38.6416


 119.8105,
103.5391, 245.5900

 5.6633, 3.3388,
26.1753

150.8445,
132.3274, 297.2744

 2.6802, 1.3111,
16.7279

186.8220,
166.0110, 355.7445

 0.9870, 0.1497,
9.8808

228.1084,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

204.9744, 421.4188

5.2154

275.0690,
249.6019, 494.7159

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
2.3133

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.7386

■ 37.8029, 29.6518,
98.3387

■ 37.8029, 29.6518,
98.3387

■ 31.1402, 21.6963,
97.1543

■ 46.1319, 39.7214,
99.8433

■ 26.0277, 15.7008,
96.2665

■ 56.2261, 52.0385,
101.6887

■ 22.3395, 11.4950,
95.6491

■ 68.1805, 66.7289,
103.8942

■ 19.9284, 8.8776,
95.2710

■ 82.0823, 83.9082,
106.4774

■ 18.6041, 7.5782,
95.0899

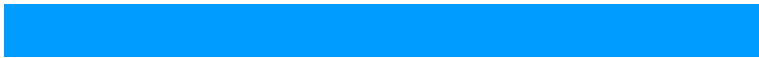
95.0500, 100.0000,
108.9000

■ 18.4481, 7.4252,
95.0686

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



28.1111, 29.6518, 112.9083



37.8029, 29.6518, 98.3387



46.1851, 29.6518, 64.7048

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



37.8029, 29.6518, 98.3387



37.9549, 29.6518, 5.4471



14.0462, 29.6518, 32.0798

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



37.8029, 29.6518, 98.3387



76.8859, 92.2401, 35.5822

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.5977, 29.6518, 13.0413



37.8029, 29.6518, 98.3387



28.2553, 29.6518, 3.6180

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



37.8029, 29.6518, 98.3387



46.2853, 29.6518, 13.2376



20.3517, 29.6518, 5.3843



15.5492, 29.6518, 64.1382

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



37.8029, 29.6518, 98.3387



49.1717, 29.6518, 42.0448



20.3517, 29.6518, 5.3843



14.2220, 29.6518, 24.1673

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



37.8040, 29.6528, 98.3388



73.8248, 73.6934, 104.9410



60.1429, 77.2794, 106.3543



15.1765, 15.0018, 22.3457



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



37.8040, 29.6528, 98.3388



31.2783, 21.8599, 97.1786



51.1351, 36.5252, 98.9627



17.1674, 17.4625, 22.7157



9.6936, 3.9077, 49.6779



0.9962, 0.4075, 4.8394

Inverse Universe

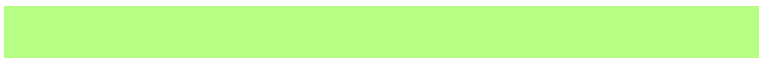
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



65.6686, 44.2339, 89.8681



62.3206, 38.1212, 86.9533



59.5132, 83.2841, 34.7692



18.7117, 18.2680, 22.3652



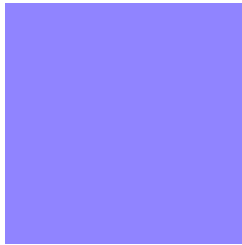
29.0516, 14.1099, 40.5176



2.8499, 1.3823, 4.0570

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 37.8029, 29.6518, 98.3387 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

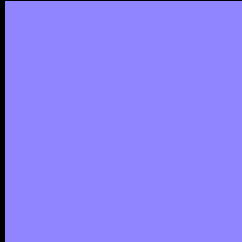
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 37.8029, 29.6518, 98.3387 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

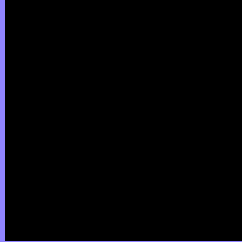
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 37.8029, 29.6518, 98.3387

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 37.8029, 29.6518, 98.3387.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 37.8029, 29.6518,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

37.8029, 29.6518, 98.3387

Protanopia

33.0603, 29.7632, 98.6101

Deuteranopia

30.9077, 29.8764, 95.4045



Tritanopia

26.0679, 29.5640, 39.9298

Trichromacy



Original Color

37.8029, 29.6518, 98.3387

Protanomaly

34.4983, 29.6210, 98.5069

Deuteranomaly

32.5387, 29.3258, 96.0409

Tritanomaly

29.3717, 28.9951, 57.4746

Monochromacy



Original Color

37.8029, 29.6518, 98.3387

Achromatopsia

28.9890, 30.4987, 33.2131

Achromatomaly

31.1123, 29.5717, 51.6451

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 37.8029, 29.6518, 98.3387 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(144, 132, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(144, 132, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(144, 132, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(144, 132, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 37.8029, 29.6518, 98.3387 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(144, 132, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(144, 132, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(144, 132, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(144, 132, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(144, 132, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(144, 132,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 37.8029, 29.6518, 98.3387 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(144, 132, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(144,  
132, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor