

# Converting Colors

XYZ(37.9424, 42.5886, 25.8466)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(37.9424, 42.5886, 25.8466)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(37.8481, 42.4156, 25.9309)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(37.8481, 42.4156,  
25.9309)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B2B17E
RGB	178, 177, 126
RGB Percent	70%, 69%, 49%
CMY	0.3020, 0.3059, 0.5059
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.29, 0.30
HSL	59°, 25%, 60%
HSV	59°, 29%, 70%
XYZ	37.8481, 42.4156, 25.9309
YIQ	171.4850, 16.9670, -15.6490

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

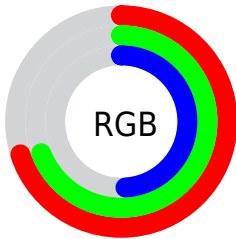
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	127, 178, 126
Decimal	11710846
CIELab	71.16, -7.82, 26.30
CIElCh	71, 27.439, 106.567
Yxy	42.4156, 0.3564, 0.3994
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289900926 (0xFFB2B17E)
YUV	171.4850, -22.4241, 5.7137
Hunter-Lab	65.1273, -10.2391, 21.9823

# Details

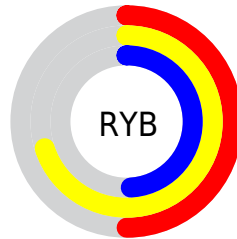
The XYZ color **37.8481, 42.4156, 25.9309** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **24.2293, 22.8281, 45.2487**, and the grayscale version is **39.0570, 41.0910, 44.7481**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **71.2073, 79.0249, 54.1481**, and **17.0956, 19.5490, 9.7098** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **36.7335, 41.8637, 20.3882**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **39.1695, 43.0534, 32.5519**.

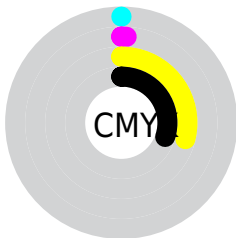
# Distribution



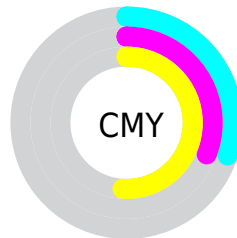
- Red (70%)
- Green (69%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (70%)
- Blue (49%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Black (30%)



- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (51%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 37.8481, 42.4156, 25.9309 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 37.8481, 42.4156, 25.9309 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 37.8481, 42.4156,  
25.9309

■ 37.8481, 42.4156,  
25.9309

328.2600,  
356.2029, 296.0374

■ 26.0415, 29.4269,  
16.5467

■ 71.1807, 78.8282,  
54.1462

■ 16.9875, 19.4040,  
9.7533

■ 93.4373, 103.0209,  
73.8143

■ 10.3208, 11.9625,  
5.1322

■ 119.9080,  
131.7170, 97.7474

■ 5.6761, 6.7182,  
2.2650

150.9582,  
165.3010, 126.3641

■ 2.6879, 3.2865,  
0.7115

186.9531,  
204.1571, 160.0829

■ 0.9910, 1.2831,  
0.0000

228.2581,

■ 0.0000, 0.1280,

248.6699, 199.3224

0.0000

275.2387,  
299.2237, 244.5010

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 37.8481, 42.4156,  
25.9309

■ 37.8481, 42.4156,  
25.9309

■ 36.7335, 41.8637,  
20.3882

■ 39.1695, 43.0534,  
32.5519

■ 35.8115, 41.3876,  
15.8639

■ 40.7044, 43.7755,  
40.3013

■ 35.0714, 40.9845,  
12.2967

■ 42.4632, 44.5874,  
49.2294

■ 34.5001, 40.6493,  
9.6173

■ 44.4549, 45.4927,  
59.3826

■ 34.0827, 40.3758,  
7.7474

■ 46.6878, 46.4948,  
70.8049

■ 33.8016, 40.1572,  
6.5947

■ 49.1697, 47.5967,  
83.5380

■ 33.6238, 39.9801,  
5.9850

■ 51.9083, 48.8016,  
97.6218

■ 33.6109, 39.9666,  
5.9428

■ 52.6770, 49.2188,  
101.3315

■ 52.7458, 49.3563,  
101.3545

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



42.4020, 42.4156, 25.6880



37.8481, 42.4156, 25.9309



34.2342, 42.4156, 30.8821

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



37.8481, 42.4156, 25.9309



34.5413, 42.4156, 67.0986



49.5316, 42.4156, 52.3136

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



37.8481, 42.4156, 25.9309



24.2293, 22.8281, 45.2487

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



47.0758, 42.4156, 65.8517



37.8481, 42.4156, 25.9309



38.2972, 42.4156, 75.4193

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



37.8481, 42.4156, 25.9309



32.4267, 42.4156, 53.7790



42.8863, 42.4156, 74.9239



49.3884, 42.4156, 39.3389



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



37.8481, 42.4156, 25.9309



32.7407, 42.4156, 36.8353



42.8863, 42.4156, 74.9239



48.9752, 42.4156, 56.9927

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



37.8492, 42.4175, 25.9318



73.8318, 79.3921, 73.1697



29.7000, 25.9387, 23.7721



16.2629, 17.5452, 15.7321



86.6293, 91.1408, 99.2523



17.0014, 17.8868, 19.4787



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



37.8492, 42.4175, 25.9318



67.3021, 76.2628, 40.3799



32.9623, 40.1912, 25.7596



9.1828, 9.8782, 9.0752



24.0546, 28.6077, 4.2540



0.7612, 0.9089, 0.1353



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



24.2293, 22.8281, 45.2487



38.5952, 34.9747, 81.0978



28.1240, 24.6460, 45.3944



8.0546, 8.2553, 10.6752



5.7816, 2.3635, 30.2885



0.1862, 0.0830, 0.9544



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 37.8481, 42.4156, 25.9309 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

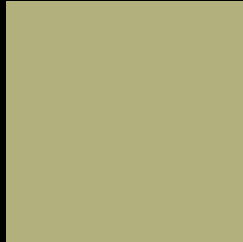
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 37.8481, 42.4156, 25.9309 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

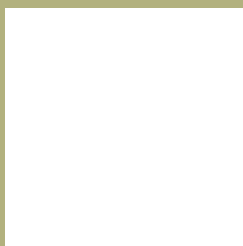
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 37.8481, 42.4156, 25.9309**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 37.8481, 42.4156, 25.9309.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 37.8481, 42.4156,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

37.8481, 42.4156, 25.9309

### Protanopia

39.3312, 42.3176, 25.4972

### Deuteranopia

43.1686, 42.3178, 26.3150



## Tritanopia

42.9296, 42.4826, 50.7371

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

37.8481, 42.4156, 25.9309

## Protanomaly

38.7988, 42.3310, 25.5278

## Deuteranomaly

41.1586, 42.3939, 26.0922

## Tritanomaly

40.7566, 42.4409, 40.2262

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

37.8481, 42.4156, 25.9309

## Achromatopsia

38.7082, 40.7240, 44.3485

## Achromatomaly

38.3155, 41.2524, 36.9534

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 37.8481, 42.4156, 25.9309 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(178, 177, 126)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(178, 177, 126)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(178, 177, 126) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(178, 177, 126) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 37.8481, 42.4156, 25.9309 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(178, 177, 126) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(178, 177, 126) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(178, 177, 126)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(178, 177, 126); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(178, 177, 126);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(178, 177,  
126) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 37.8481, 42.4156, 25.9309 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(178, 177, 126) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(178,  
177, 126) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor