

# Converting Colors

XYZ(37.9661, 35.5026, 43.0553)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(37.9661, 35.5026, 43.0553)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(37.7753, 35.3038, 42.8536)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(37.7753, 35.3038,  
42.8536)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B698AA
RGB	182, 152, 170
RGB Percent	71%, 60%, 67%
CMY	0.2863, 0.4039, 0.3333
CMYK	0.00, 0.16, 0.07, 0.29
HSL	324°, 17%, 65%
HSV	324°, 16%, 71%
XYZ	37.7753, 35.3038, 42.8536
YIQ	163.0220, 12.1020, 11.9580

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

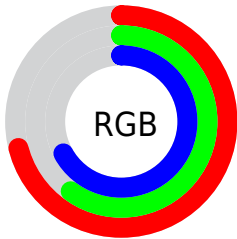
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	182, 152, 170
Decimal	11966634
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	65.98, 14.23, -5.22
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	66, 15.159, 339.876
Yxy	35.3038, 0.3258, 0.3045
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290156714 (0xFFB698AA)
YUV	163.0220, 3.4402, 16.6437
Hunter-Lab	59.4170, 9.5045, -1.1701

# Details

The XYZ color **37.7753, 35.3038, 42.8536** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **36.3790, 42.8125, 41.4701**, and the grayscale version is **34.8042, 36.6168, 39.8756**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **70.9218, 67.7560, 80.5744**, and **16.9770, 15.2825, 19.1946** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **34.3755, 29.5756, 38.4160**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **41.6686, 41.9569, 47.6447**.

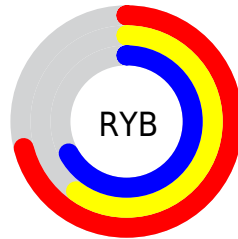
# Distribution



Red (71%)

Green (60%)

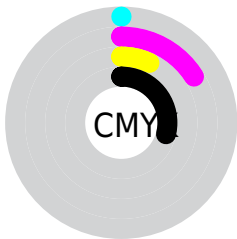
Blue (67%)



Red (71%)

Yellow (60%)

Blue (67%)

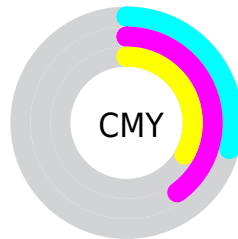


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (16%)

Yellow (7%)

Black (29%)



Cyan (29%)

Magenta (40%)

Yellow (33%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 37.7753, 35.3038, 42.8536 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 37.7753, 35.3038, 42.8536 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 37.7753, 35.3038,  
42.8536

■ 37.7753, 35.3038,  
42.8536

327.9526,  
325.9073, 373.9129

■ 25.9848, 23.8970,  
29.4397

■ 71.0697, 67.9561,  
80.7739

■ 16.9449, 15.2572,  
19.1653

■ 93.3043, 89.9705,  
106.1173

■ 10.2902, 9.0001,  
11.6117

119.7510,  
116.2894, 136.2744

■ 5.6556, 4.7413,  
6.3606

150.7750,  
147.2973, 171.6637

■ 2.6754, 2.0963,  
2.9932

186.7419,  
183.3787, 212.7036

■ 0.9846, 0.6625,  
1.0912

228.0169,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

224.9179, 259.8127

0.0000

274.9653,  
272.2993, 313.4096

■ 37.7753, 35.3038,  
42.8536

■ 37.7753, 35.3038,  
42.8536

■ 34.3755, 29.5756,  
38.4160

■ 41.6686, 41.9569,  
47.6447

■ 31.4448, 24.7262,  
34.3197

■ 46.0722, 49.5690,  
52.7967

■ 28.9616, 20.7126,  
30.5545

■ 51.0058, 58.1782,  
58.3193

■ 26.9010, 17.4861,  
27.1092

■ 56.4872, 67.8193,  
64.2215

■ 25.2356, 14.9931,  
23.9713

■ 62.5334, 78.5251,  
70.5115

■ 23.9347, 13.1733,  
21.1273

■ 67.1490, 86.3041,  
76.5270

■ 22.9628, 11.9564,  
18.5618

■ 68.0982, 86.6838,  
81.5252

■ 22.2721, 11.2486,  
16.2553

■ 69.0894, 87.0803,  
86.7451

■ 22.0624, 11.0535,  
15.4935

■ 70.1233, 87.4939,  
92.1893

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



36.4006, 35.3038, 48.7332



37.7753, 35.3038, 42.8536



37.9917, 35.3038, 36.3574

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



37.7753, 35.3038, 42.8536



32.8200, 35.3038, 27.4980



30.3492, 35.3038, 46.9264

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



37.7753, 35.3038, 42.8536



36.3790, 42.8125, 41.4701

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



29.4782, 35.3038, 40.6003



37.7753, 35.3038, 42.8536



30.8621, 35.3038, 29.7087

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



37.7753, 35.3038, 42.8536



35.0629, 35.3038, 27.9578



29.6617, 35.3038, 34.3400



32.0914, 35.3038, 51.2604



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



37.7753, 35.3038, 42.8536



37.4405, 35.3038, 32.6027



29.6617, 35.3038, 34.3400



29.9484, 35.3038, 44.9352

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



37.7763, 35.3054, 42.8544



76.6028, 77.8884, 87.6436



34.9829, 33.7281, 48.9228



16.8014, 17.0004, 19.2173



88.6918, 93.3107, 101.6153



17.8044, 18.7317, 20.3988



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



37.7763, 35.3054, 42.8544



66.0060, 59.8073, 74.5158



36.4372, 34.7697, 35.8028



9.2247, 9.1002, 10.5306



15.6136, 7.8192, 11.1178



0.5801, 0.2875, 0.5482



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



37.7763, 35.3054, 42.8544



66.0060, 59.8073, 74.5158



37.8146, 43.3868, 49.0299



9.2247, 9.1002, 10.5306



15.6136, 7.8192, 11.1178

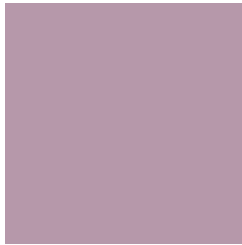


0.5801, 0.2875, 0.5482



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 37.7753, 35.3038, 42.8536 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

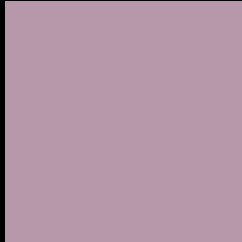
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 37.7753, 35.3038, 42.8536 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 37.7753, 35.3038, 42.8536**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 37.7753, 35.3038, 42.8536.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 37.7753, 35.3038,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

37.7753, 35.3038, 42.8536

### Protanopia

34.4341, 35.2623, 45.5489

### Deuteranopia

36.0632, 35.4122, 42.4706



## Tritanopia

37.2388, 35.3228, 40.4526

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

37.7753, 35.3038, 42.8536

## Protanomaly

35.3676, 35.0096, 44.4286

## Deuteranomaly

36.7873, 35.5374, 42.4566

## Tritanomaly

37.4223, 35.3962, 41.4190

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

37.7753, 35.3038, 42.8536

## Achromatopsia

34.8123, 36.6253, 39.8849

## Achromatomaly

35.8586, 36.0955, 41.1536

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 37.7753, 35.3038, 42.8536 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(182, 152, 170)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(182, 152, 170)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(182, 152, 170) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(182, 152, 170) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 37.7753, 35.3038, 42.8536 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(182, 152, 170) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(182, 152, 170) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(182, 152, 170)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(182, 152, 170); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(182, 152, 170);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(182, 152,  
170) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 37.7753, 35.3038, 42.8536 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(182, 152, 170) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(182,  
152, 170) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor