

# Converting Colors

XYZ(37.9783, 45.5262, 47.8846)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(37.9783, 45.5262, 47.8846)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(38.0667, 45.7328,  
47.8953)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	93BDB0
RGB	147, 189, 176
RGB Percent	58%, 74%, 69%
CMY	0.4235, 0.2588, 0.3098
CMYK	0.22, 0.00, 0.07, 0.26
HSL	161°, 24%, 66%
HSV	161°, 22%, 74%
XYZ	38.0667, 45.7328, 47.8953
YIQ	174.9600, -20.8590, -12.9470

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

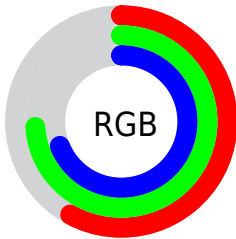
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">147, 172, 189</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">9682352</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">73.37, -16.67, 1.99</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">73, 16.783, 173.207</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">45.7328, 0.2891, 0.3473</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4287872432</a> ( <a href="#">0xFF93BDB0</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">174.9600, 0.5127, -24.5209</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">67.6260, -17.8679, 5.3468</a>

# Details

The XYZ color **38.0667, 45.7328, 47.8953** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **37.7668, 34.2255, 37.8753**, and the grayscale version is **40.7330, 42.8543, 46.6684**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **71.5750, 83.6876, 88.7248**, and **17.1616, 21.4965, 22.3135** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **34.3857, 43.9019, 44.7665**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **42.3321, 47.8646, 51.1837**.

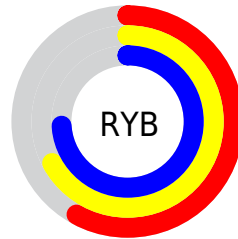
# Distribution



Red (58%)

Green (74%)

Blue (69%)



Red (58%)

Yellow (67%)

Blue (74%)

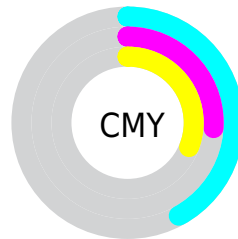


Cyan (22%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (7%)

Black (26%)



Cyan (42%)

Magenta (26%)

Yellow (31%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 38.0667, 45.7328, 47.8953 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 38.0667, 45.7328, 47.8953 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 38.0667, 45.7328,  
47.8953

■ 38.0667, 45.7328,  
47.8953

329.1819,  
369.7334, 394.8737

■ 26.2119, 32.0350,  
33.3846

■ 71.5136, 83.8190,  
88.4124

■ 17.1158, 21.3882,  
22.1477

■ 93.8364, 108.9761,  
115.2559

■ 10.4129, 13.4081,  
13.7661

120.3793,  
138.7219, 147.0474

■ 5.7379, 7.7102,  
7.8213

151.5076,  
173.4407, 184.2054

■ 2.7255, 3.9101,  
3.8947

187.5866,  
213.5168, 227.1485

■ 1.0103, 1.6234,  
1.5677

228.9818,

■ 0.0000, 0.3733,

259.3347, 276.2952

0.2676

276.0584,  
311.2787, 332.0641

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 38.0667, 45.7328,  
47.8953

■ 38.0667, 45.7328,  
47.8953

■ 34.3857, 43.9019,  
44.7665

■ 42.3321, 47.8646,  
51.1837

■ 31.2578, 42.3520,  
41.7913

■ 47.2036, 50.3046,  
54.6313

■ 28.6544, 41.0697,  
38.9676

■ 52.7065, 53.0673,  
58.2419

■ 26.5430, 40.0382,  
36.2923

■ 58.8637, 56.1642,  
62.0181

■ 24.8871, 39.2389,  
33.7619

■ 65.6966, 59.6065,  
65.9624

■ 23.6450, 38.6501,  
31.3727

■ 71.2097, 62.3653,  
69.9829

■ 22.7669, 38.2464,  
29.1207

■ 71.9573, 62.6644,  
73.9198

■ 22.2610, 38.0218,  
27.4593

■ 72.7319, 62.9742,  
77.9988

■ 73.5338, 63.2950,  
82.2213

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



39.0749, 45.7328, 40.6720



38.0667, 45.7328, 47.8953



38.4523, 45.7328, 56.4860

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



38.0667, 45.7328, 47.8953



45.7451, 45.7328, 66.2968



46.9600, 45.7328, 37.8688

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



38.0667, 45.7328, 47.8953



37.7668, 34.2255, 37.8753

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



48.9012, 45.7328, 43.6549



38.0667, 45.7328, 47.8953



48.1779, 45.7328, 60.1900

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



38.0667, 45.7328, 47.8953



42.7991, 45.7328, 67.7625



49.3567, 45.7328, 51.7448



44.1432, 45.7328, 35.3229



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



38.0667, 45.7328, 47.8953



39.4567, 45.7328, 61.7863



49.3567, 45.7328, 51.7448



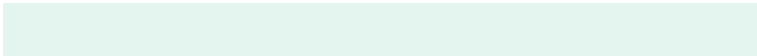
47.7416, 45.7328, 39.4656

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



38.0680, 45.7347, 47.8963



80.1336, 87.8843, 94.7854



38.0228, 46.0083, 34.4810



17.1204, 18.8431, 20.3038



90.7827, 95.5105, 104.0109



18.6292, 19.5994, 21.3438

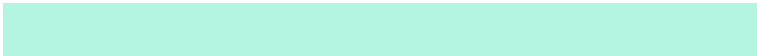


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



38.0680, 45.7347, 47.8963



64.6146, 80.1326, 82.8238



37.8043, 43.0488, 54.4630



9.6794, 10.7579, 11.5612



15.0127, 25.5954, 18.6617



0.6161, 1.0138, 0.8789



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



37.7668, 34.2255, 37.8753



63.9753, 55.6294, 61.4990



37.9257, 36.2696, 32.6064



9.6485, 9.5837, 10.5382



14.6734, 7.5005, 3.5737



0.6050, 0.3059, 0.2992



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 38.0667, 45.7328, 47.8953 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

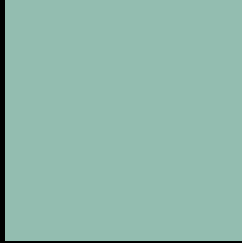
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 38.0667, 45.7328, 47.8953 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

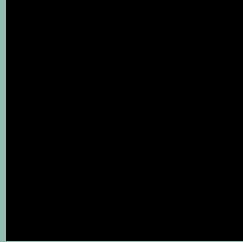
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 38.0667, 45.7328, 47.8953**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 38.0667, 45.7328, 47.8953.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 38.0667, 45.7328,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

38.0667, 45.7328, 47.8953

### Protanopia

43.3834, 45.4568, 44.5177

### Deuteranopia

46.2987, 45.3971, 48.9701



## Tritanopia

40.7232, 45.5435, 61.2880

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

38.0667, 45.7328, 47.8953

## Protanomaly

41.1745, 45.5035, 45.6426

## Deuteranomaly

42.7464, 45.0383, 48.5598

## Tritanomaly

39.5406, 45.3634, 55.9622

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

38.0667, 45.7328, 47.8953

## Achromatopsia

40.7470, 42.8690, 46.6844

## Achromatomaly

39.5762, 43.7370, 46.9136

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 38.0667, 45.7328, 47.8953 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(147, 189, 176)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(147, 189, 176)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(147, 189, 176) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(147, 189, 176) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 38.0667, 45.7328, 47.8953 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(147, 189, 176) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(147, 189, 176) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(147, 189, 176)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(147, 189, 176); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(147, 189, 176);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(147, 189,  
176) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 38.0667, 45.7328, 47.8953 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(147, 189, 176) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(147,  
189, 176) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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