

# Converting Colors

XYZ(38.0302, 40.9176, 44.9752)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(38.0302, 40.9176, 44.9752)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(38.1158, 40.9727,  
44.9293)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A6ADAC
RGB	166, 173, 172
RGB Percent	65%, 68%, 67%
CMY	0.3490, 0.3216, 0.3255
CMYK	0.04, 0.00, 0.01, 0.32
HSL	171°, 4%, 66%
HSV	171°, 4%, 68%
XYZ	38.1158, 40.9727, 44.9293
YIQ	170.7930, -3.8510, -1.7950

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

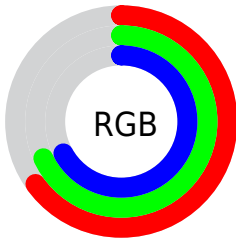
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	166, 170, 173
Decimal	10923436
CIELab	70.16, -2.65, -0.35
CIELCh	70, 2.672, 187.547
Yxy	40.9727, 0.3073, 0.3304
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289113516 (0xFFA6ADAC)
YUV	170.7930, 0.5951, -4.2035
Hunter-Lab	64.0099, -5.7265, 3.1906

# Details

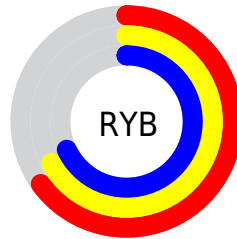
The XYZ color **38.1158, 40.9727, 44.9293** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **37.8463, 38.9477, 42.0841**, and the grayscale version is **38.6043, 40.6147, 44.2294**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **71.4273, 76.4050, 83.6561**, and **17.1670, 18.6082, 20.4562** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **34.4949, 39.1344, 43.5299**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **42.2314, 43.0677, 46.3767**.

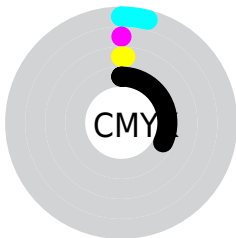
# Distribution



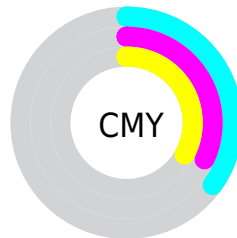
- Red (65%)
- Green (68%)
- Blue (67%)



- Red (65%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Blue (68%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (32%)



- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (32%)
- Yellow (33%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 38.1158, 40.9727, 44.9293 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 38.1158, 40.9727, 44.9293 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 38.1158, 40.9727,  
44.9293

■ 38.1158, 40.9727,  
44.9293

329.3887,  
350.2065, 382.6389

■ 26.2502, 28.2978,  
31.0592

■ 71.5883, 76.6425,  
83.9316

■ 17.1446, 18.5502,  
20.3851

■ 93.9260, 100.4060,  
109.9009

■ 10.4336, 11.3457,  
12.4884

120.4851,  
128.6346, 140.7404

■ 5.7518, 6.2999,  
6.9507

151.6309,  
161.7126, 176.8686

■ 2.7340, 3.0283,  
3.3533

187.7288,  
200.0244, 218.7040

■ 1.0147, 1.1465,  
1.2777

229.1442,

■ 0.0000, 0.0174,

243.9544, 266.6651

0.0434

276.2424,  
293.8870, 321.1706

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 38.1158, 40.9727,  
44.9293

■ 38.1158, 40.9727,  
44.9293

■ 34.4949, 39.1344,  
43.5299

■ 42.2314, 43.0677,  
46.3767

■ 31.3458, 37.5378,  
42.1747

■ 46.8563, 45.4237,  
47.8704

■ 28.6490, 36.1737,  
40.8637

■ 52.0093, 48.0514,  
49.4123

■ 26.3824, 35.0310,  
39.5955

■ 57.7067, 50.9592,  
51.0031

■ 24.5218, 34.0970,  
38.3691

■ 63.9644, 54.1553,  
52.6438

■ 23.0407, 33.3582,  
37.1829

■ 65.1399, 54.7310,  
54.0705

■ 21.9097, 32.7994,  
36.0355

■ 65.4073, 54.8379,  
55.4785

■ 21.0945, 32.4029,  
34.9252

■ 65.6793, 54.9467,  
56.9108

■ 20.5542, 32.1476,  
33.8499

■ 65.9559, 55.0573,  
58.3674

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



38.1715, 40.9727, 43.6990



38.1158, 40.9727, 44.9293



38.2805, 40.9727, 46.0958

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



38.1158, 40.9727, 44.9293



39.4579, 40.9727, 46.5487



39.2653, 40.9727, 42.4238

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



38.1158, 40.9727, 44.9293



37.8463, 38.9477, 42.0841

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



39.6137, 40.9727, 43.1610



38.1158, 40.9727, 44.9293



39.7255, 40.9727, 45.5382

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



38.1158, 40.9727, 44.9293



39.0539, 40.9727, 47.0421



39.7827, 40.9727, 44.2968



38.8330, 40.9727, 42.2677



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



38.1158, 40.9727, 44.9293



38.4939, 40.9727, 46.6751



39.7827, 40.9727, 44.2968



39.3962, 40.9727, 42.6112

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



38.1170, 40.9744, 44.9302



70.4005, 74.4669, 81.2400



37.7746, 40.8631, 41.9733



15.3084, 16.1878, 17.6584



82.5889, 86.8899, 94.6231



15.4596, 16.2647, 17.7123



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



38.1170, 40.9744, 44.9302



67.5475, 73.0162, 80.1992



37.7479, 40.0816, 45.2843



8.4980, 9.2105, 10.1245



14.9343, 23.5390, 24.4912



0.4287, 0.6601, 0.7510



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



37.8463, 38.9477, 42.0841



66.9425, 68.4857, 73.8374



38.2038, 39.8104, 41.7475



8.4144, 8.5839, 9.2446



12.8011, 6.5830, 1.3323



0.3702, 0.1888, 0.1113



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 38.1158, 40.9727, 44.9293 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

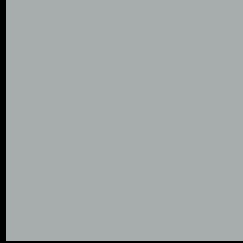
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 38.1158, 40.9727, 44.9293 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

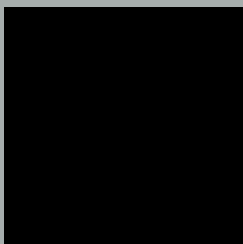
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

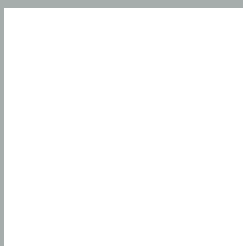
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 38.1158, 40.9727, 44.9293**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 38.1158, 40.9727, 44.9293.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 38.1158, 40.9727,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

38.1158, 40.9727, 44.9293

### Protanopia

39.3692, 41.0648, 44.3794

### Deuteranopia

41.6726, 40.8544, 45.2245



## Tritanopia

39.4683, 40.9534, 51.7235

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

38.1158, 40.9727, 44.9293

## Protanomaly

38.8978, 41.1032, 44.4117

## Deuteranomaly

40.3212, 40.9768, 45.3193

## Tritanomaly

38.9271, 41.0158, 49.0452

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

38.1158, 40.9727, 44.9293

## Achromatopsia

38.7082, 40.7240, 44.3485

## Achromatomaly

38.4654, 40.8803, 44.3914

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 38.1158, 40.9727, 44.9293 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(166, 173, 172) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(166, 173, 172)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(166, 173, 172) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(166, 173, 172) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 38.1158, 40.9727, 44.9293 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(166, 173, 172) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(166, 173, 172) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(166, 173, 172)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(166, 173, 172); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(166, 173, 172);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(166, 173,  
172) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 38.1158, 40.9727, 44.9293 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(166, 173, 172) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(166,  
173, 172) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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