

# Converting Colors

XYZ(38.0756, 45.6690, 48.1494)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(38.0756, 45.6690, 48.1494)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(38.1660, 45.7726,  
48.4184)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	93BDB1
RGB	147, 189, 177
RGB Percent	58%, 74%, 69%
CMY	0.4235, 0.2588, 0.3059
CMYK	0.22, 0.00, 0.06, 0.26
HSL	163°, 24%, 66%
HSV	163°, 22%, 74%
XYZ	38.1660, 45.7726, 48.4184
YIQ	175.0740, -21.1800, -12.6360

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

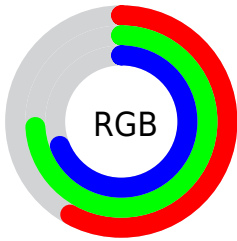
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">147, 172, 189</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">9682353</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">73.40, -16.46, 1.48</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">73, 16.523, 174.867</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">45.7726, 0.2884, 0.3458</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4287872433 (0xFF93BDB1)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">175.0740, 0.9495, -24.6209</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">67.6555, -17.7011, 4.9272</a>

# Details

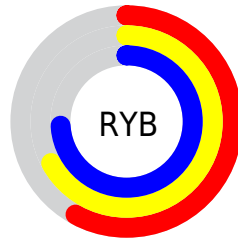
The XYZ color **38.1660, 45.7726, 48.4184** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **37.6796, 34.1906, 37.4163**, and the grayscale version is **40.7900, 42.9142, 46.7336**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **71.7175, 83.7446, 89.4752**, and **17.1616, 21.4965, 22.3135** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **34.5238, 43.9572, 45.4938**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **42.3889, 47.8874, 51.4834**.

# Distribution



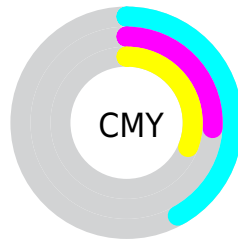
- Red (58%)
- Green (74%)
- Blue (69%)



- Red (58%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Blue (74%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Black (26%)




- Cyan (42%)
- Magenta (26%)
- Yellow (31%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 38.1660, 45.7726, 48.4184 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 38.1660, 45.7726, 48.4184 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 38.1660, 45.7726,  
48.4184


 38.1660, 45.7726,  
48.4184


329.6001,  
369.8937, 397.0046

 26.2893, 32.0664,  
33.7960


 71.6648, 83.8786,  
89.1991

 17.1740, 21.4122,  
22.4608


 94.0176, 109.0471,  
116.1944

 10.4547, 13.4257,  
13.9944


120.5932,  
138.8053, 148.1511

 5.7661, 7.7223,  
7.9780

151.7569,  
173.5374, 185.4878

 2.7427, 3.9178,  
3.9933

187.8741,  
213.6280, 228.6229

 1.0192, 1.6277,  
1.6217

229.3101,

 0.0000, 0.3762,

259.4612, 277.9751

0.3062

276.4303,  
311.4217, 333.9628

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 38.1660, 45.7726,  
48.4184

■ 38.1660, 45.7726,  
48.4184

■ 34.5238, 43.9572,  
45.4938

■ 42.3889, 47.8874,  
51.4834

■ 31.4311, 42.4214,  
42.7039

■ 47.2143, 50.3090,  
54.6880

■ 28.8594, 41.1518,  
40.0471

■ 52.6673, 53.0517,  
58.0358

■ 26.7763, 40.1316,  
37.5206

■ 58.7707, 56.1271,  
61.5289

■ 25.1452, 39.3422,  
35.1212

■ 65.5460, 59.5464,  
65.1696

■ 23.9247, 38.7621,  
32.8457

■ 70.9976, 62.2806,  
68.8657

■ 23.0650, 38.3658,  
30.6904

■ 71.6796, 62.5534,  
72.4569

■ 22.5712, 38.1460,  
29.0929

■ 72.3845, 62.8353,  
76.1689

■ 73.1125, 63.1265,  
80.0026

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



39.0871, 45.7726, 41.1721



38.1660, 45.7726, 48.4184



38.6228, 45.7726, 56.8872

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



38.1660, 45.7726, 48.4184



45.9017, 45.7726, 65.8410



46.8063, 45.7726, 37.8460

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



38.1660, 45.7726, 48.4184



37.6796, 34.1906, 37.4163

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



48.7833, 45.7726, 43.3977



38.1660, 45.7726, 48.4184



48.2449, 45.7726, 59.6431

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



38.1660, 45.7726, 48.4184



43.0067, 45.7726, 67.5677



49.3211, 45.7726, 51.2863



44.0081, 45.7726, 35.5184



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



38.1660, 45.7726, 48.4184



39.6583, 45.7726, 62.0227



49.3211, 45.7726, 51.2863



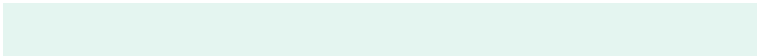
47.5938, 45.7726, 39.3647

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



38.1673, 45.7745, 48.4194



80.1941, 87.9085, 95.1041



37.8828, 45.9362, 34.4743



17.1345, 18.8487, 20.3779



90.7827, 95.5105, 104.0109



18.6292, 19.5994, 21.3438

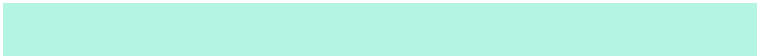


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



38.1673, 45.7745, 48.4194



64.8294, 80.2185, 83.9554



37.6620, 42.7642, 54.4157



9.6892, 10.7618, 11.6126



15.2201, 25.6783, 19.7538



0.6230, 1.0166, 0.9152



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



37.6796, 34.1906, 37.4163



63.7933, 55.5566, 60.5406



38.0422, 36.5027, 32.6450



9.6393, 9.5800, 10.4894



14.5973, 7.4701, 3.1732



0.6010, 0.3043, 0.2782



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 38.1660, 45.7726, 48.4184 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

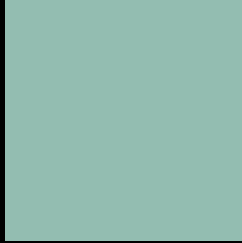
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 38.1660, 45.7726, 48.4184 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

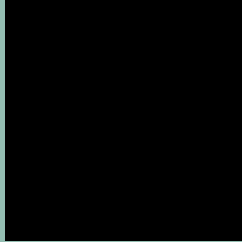
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 38.1660, 45.7726, 48.4184

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 38.1660, 45.7726, 48.4184.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 38.1660, 45.7726,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

38.1660, 45.7726, 48.4184

### Protanopia

43.4784, 45.4948, 45.0179

### Deuteranopia

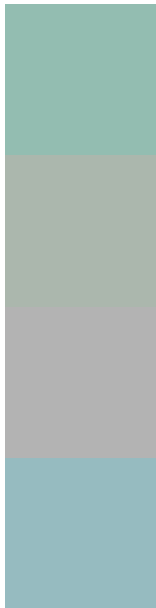
46.4002, 45.4377, 49.5048



## Tritanopia

40.9331, 45.9633, 61.3580

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

38.1660, 45.7726, 48.4184

**Protanomaly**

41.2709, 45.5420, 46.1504

**Deuteranomaly**

42.8472, 45.0786, 49.0906

**Tritanomaly**

39.8624, 45.8304, 56.6144

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

38.1660, 45.7726, 48.4184

**Achromatopsia**

40.7470, 42.8690, 46.6844

**Achromatomaly**

39.6748, 43.7764, 47.4329

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 38.1660, 45.7726, 48.4184 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(147, 189, 177)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(147, 189, 177)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(147, 189, 177) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(147, 189, 177) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 38.1660, 45.7726, 48.4184 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(147, 189, 177) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(147, 189, 177) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(147, 189, 177) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(147, 189, 177); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(147, 189, 177);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(147, 189,  
177) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 38.1660, 45.7726, 48.4184 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(147, 189, 177) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(147,  
189, 177) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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