

# Converting Colors

XYZ(38.1081, 38.6184, 20.8839)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(38.1081, 38.6184, 20.8839)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(38.2700, 38.8336,  
20.8078)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C2A370
RGB	194, 163, 112
RGB Percent	76%, 64%, 44%
CMY	0.2392, 0.3608, 0.5608
CMYK	0.00, 0.16, 0.42, 0.24
HSL	37°, 40%, 60%
HSV	37°, 42%, 76%
XYZ	38.2700, 38.8336, 20.8078
YIQ	166.4550, 34.8470, -9.2890

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

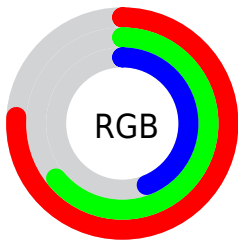
Format	Color
<b>RYB</b>	162, 194, 112
Decimal	12755824
CIELab	68.63, 4.43, 30.71
CIELCh	69, 31.032, 81.800
Yxy	38.8336, 0.3909, 0.3966
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290945904 (0xFFC2A370)
YUV	166.4550, -26.8463, 24.1570
Hunter-Lab	62.3166, 0.5667, 23.8244

# Details

The XYZ color **38.2700, 38.8336, 20.8078** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9966**. A complement of this color would be **26.2418, 26.9838, 54.8643**, and the grayscale version is **36.5809, 38.4859, 41.9112**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **71.9171, 73.5186, 45.5220**, and **17.2291, 17.2167, 7.1177** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **36.0398, 35.9196, 15.2973**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **40.8104, 41.9954, 27.5707**.

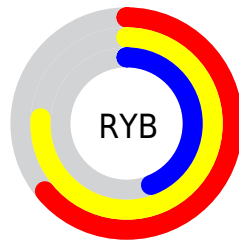
# Distribution



Red (76%)

Green (64%)

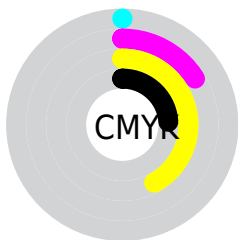
Blue (44%)



Red (64%)

Yellow (76%)

Blue (44%)

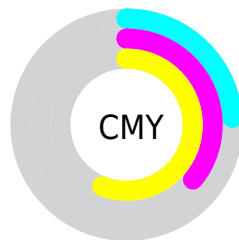


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (16%)

Yellow (42%)

Black (24%)



Cyan (24%)

Magenta (36%)


Yellow (56%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 38.2700, 38.8336, 20.8078 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 38.2700, 38.8336, 20.8078 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 38.2700, 38.8336,  
20.8078

 38.2700, 38.8336,  
20.8078


330.0376,  
341.1825, 269.0027

 26.3705, 26.6303,  
12.7937


 71.8230, 73.3840,  
45.6441


 17.2351, 17.2958,  
7.1576


 94.2072, 96.5000,  
63.3033

 10.4986, 10.4456,  
3.4809


 120.8170,  
124.0223, 85.0147

 5.7956, 5.6954,  
1.3451

 152.0178,  
156.3353, 111.1968

 2.7607, 2.6608,  
0.0984

188.1749,  
193.8234, 142.2681

 1.0285, 0.9573,  
0.0000

229.6537,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

236.8711, 178.6472

0.0000

276.8195,  
285.8626, 220.7525

■ 38.2700, 38.8336,  
20.8078

■ 38.2700, 38.8336,  
20.8078

■ 36.0398, 35.9196,  
15.2973

■ 40.8104, 41.9954,  
27.5707

■ 34.1006, 33.2393,  
10.9570

■ 43.6730, 45.4074,  
35.6564

■ 32.4351, 30.7853,  
7.6983

■ 46.8728, 49.0790,  
45.1330

■ 31.0226, 28.5470,  
5.4190

■ 50.4227, 53.0173,  
56.0630

■ 29.8387, 26.5126,  
3.9968

■ 54.3350, 57.2290,  
68.5052

■ 29.0454, 25.0638,  
3.3069

■ 58.6213, 61.7205,  
82.5150

■ 63.2925, 66.4981,  
98.1452

■ 66.3318, 70.7567,  
104.7691

■ 68.3183, 74.7296,  
105.4312

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



43.0472, 38.8336, 24.4285



38.2700, 38.8336, 20.8078



33.5213, 38.8336, 21.8556

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



38.2700, 38.8336, 20.8078



28.8367, 38.8336, 53.1141



44.8187, 38.8336, 61.2564

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



38.2700, 38.8336, 20.8078



26.2418, 26.9838, 54.8643

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



40.5201, 38.8336, 72.6029



38.2700, 38.8336, 20.8078



31.3860, 38.8336, 67.2244

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



38.2700, 38.8336, 20.8078



28.3497, 38.8336, 38.5511



35.5829, 38.8336, 74.9999



47.0407, 38.8336, 46.2486



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



38.2700, 38.8336, 20.8078



30.9808, 38.8336, 25.1922



35.5829, 38.8336, 74.9999



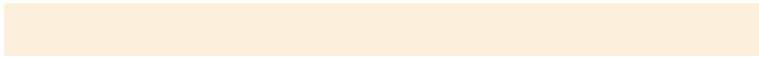
43.5515, 38.8336, 65.7510

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



38.2710, 38.8354, 20.8086



84.3508, 88.2739, 80.0473



33.0334, 25.0544, 29.2544



18.1773, 18.9964, 16.6461



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



38.2710, 38.8354, 20.8086



65.4686, 65.3101, 28.1252



42.0877, 49.9975, 22.7619



10.5832, 11.0979, 10.6462



19.1775, 16.6408, 2.2012



0.8932, 0.8483, 0.1167

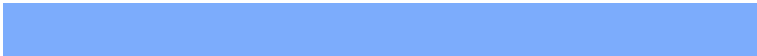


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26.2418, 26.9838, 54.8643



40.7336, 40.9646, 98.2299



23.4970, 19.5899, 53.5818



9.8333, 10.3580, 12.7659



8.0563, 5.8691, 34.2648



0.4146, 0.3866, 1.5027



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 38.2700, 38.8336, 20.8078 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

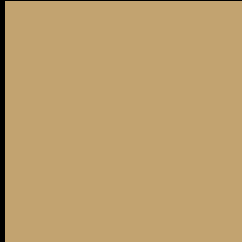
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 38.2700, 38.8336, 20.8078 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 38.2700, 38.8336, 20.8078**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 38.2700, 38.8336, 20.8078.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 38.2700, 38.8336,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

38.2700, 38.8336, 20.8078

### Protanopia

35.9120, 38.6761, 21.4921

### Deuteranopia

39.6388, 38.7514, 21.0134



## Tritanopia

42.7758, 38.8834, 42.2965

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

38.2700, 38.8336, 20.8078

## Protanomaly

36.8666, 38.9038, 21.1889

## Deuteranomaly

39.0142, 38.6878, 21.0340

## Tritanomaly

41.0321, 38.9402, 33.3705

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

38.2700, 38.8336, 20.8078

## Achromatopsia

36.2450, 38.1326, 41.5264

## Achromatomaly

36.5479, 38.2157, 32.6442

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 38.2700, 38.8336, 20.8078 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(194, 163, 112)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(194, 163, 112)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(194, 163, 112) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(194, 163, 112) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 38.2700, 38.8336, 20.8078 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(194, 163, 112) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(194, 163, 112) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(194, 163, 112)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(194, 163, 112); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 163, 112);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 163,  
112) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 38.2700, 38.8336, 20.8078 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(194, 163, 112) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(194,  
163, 112) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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