

# Converting Colors

XYZ(38.1721, 41.5416, 46.5639)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(38.1721, 41.5416, 46.5639)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(38.1721, 41.5416, 46.5639)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# **Color**

**XYZ(38.1721, 41.5416,  
46.5639)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A3AFAF
RGB	163, 175, 175
RGB Percent	64%, 69%, 69%
CMY	0.3608, 0.3137, 0.3137
CMYK	0.07, 0.00, 0.00, 0.31
HSL	180°, 7%, 66%
HSV	180°, 7%, 69%
XYZ	38.1721, 41.5416, 46.5639
YIQ	171.4120, -7.1520, -2.5440

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

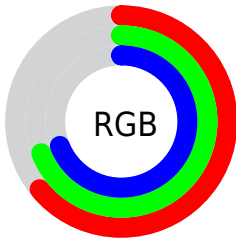
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	163, 169, 175
Decimal	10727343
CIE Lab	70.55, -4.18, -1.45
CIE LCh	71, 4.423, 199.147
Yxy	41.5416, 0.3023, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288917423 (0xFFA3AFAF)
YUV	171.4120, 1.7689, -7.3773
Hunter-Lab	64.4528, -7.0759, 2.2829

# Details

The XYZ color **38.1721, 41.5416, 46.5639** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **37.3888, 37.9538, 40.0075**, and the grayscale version is **38.9108, 40.9372, 44.5806**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **71.7723, 77.7704, 86.0913**, and **17.2137, 18.9755, 21.4943** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **34.8339, 39.8219, 46.4066**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **42.0086, 43.5205, 46.7463**.

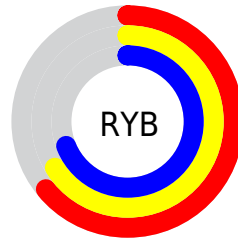
# Distribution



Red (64%)

Green (69%)

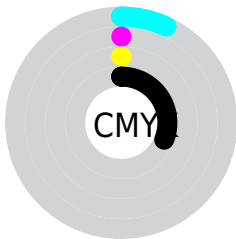
Blue (69%)



Red (64%)

Yellow (66%)

Blue (69%)

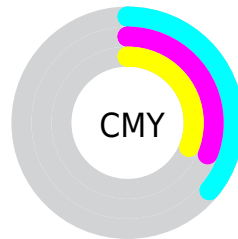


Cyan (7%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (31%)



Cyan (36%)

Magenta (31%)

Yellow (31%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 38.1721, 41.5416, 46.5639 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 38.1721, 41.5416, 46.5639 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 38.1721, 41.5416,  
46.5639

■ 38.1721, 41.5416,  
46.5639

329.6258,  
352.5792, 389.4143

■ 26.2941, 28.7425,  
32.3392

■ 71.6740, 77.5054,  
86.4054

■ 17.1776, 18.8861,  
21.3537

■ 94.0287, 101.4389,  
112.8593

■ 10.4573, 11.5880,  
13.1891

120.6063,  
129.8526, 144.2267

■ 5.7678, 6.4638,  
7.4266

151.7722,  
163.1310, 180.9261

■ 2.7437, 3.1291,  
3.6478

187.8917,  
201.6585, 223.3760

■ 1.0197, 1.1995,  
1.4342

229.3303,

■ 0.0000, 0.0613,

245.8194, 271.9949

0.1682

276.4532,  
295.9982, 327.2016

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 38.1721, 41.5416,  
46.5639

■ 38.1721, 41.5416,  
46.5639

■ 34.8339, 39.8219,  
46.4066

■ 42.0086, 43.5205,  
46.7463

■ 31.9702, 38.3456,  
46.2705

■ 46.3588, 45.7630,  
46.9519

■ 29.5604, 37.1034,  
46.1558

■ 51.2420, 48.2804,  
47.1824

■ 27.5814, 36.0832,  
46.0612

■ 56.6755, 51.0814,  
47.4386

■ 26.0077, 35.2720,  
45.9855

■ 62.6756, 54.1746,  
47.7214

■ 24.8113, 34.6553,  
45.9276

■ 64.3110, 55.0176,  
47.8000

■ 23.9606, 34.2168,  
45.8858

■ 64.3114, 55.0177,  
47.8020

■ 23.4190, 33.9376,  
45.8584

■ 64.3118, 55.0179,  
47.8040

■ 23.1341, 33.7908,  
45.8431

■ 64.3121, 55.0180,  
47.8060

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



38.1207, 41.5416, 44.4786



38.1721, 41.5416, 46.5639



38.5725, 41.5416, 48.3429

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



38.1721, 41.5416, 46.5639



40.5559, 41.5416, 47.9141



39.7491, 41.5416, 41.3953

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



38.1721, 41.5416, 46.5639



37.3888, 37.9538, 40.0075

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



40.4099, 41.5416, 42.2570



38.1721, 41.5416, 46.5639



40.8795, 41.5416, 45.9933

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



38.1721, 41.5416, 46.5639



39.9465, 41.5416, 49.1388



40.8257, 41.5416, 43.9252



39.0252, 41.5416, 41.5374



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



38.1721, 41.5416, 46.5639



38.9862, 41.5416, 49.0956



40.8257, 41.5416, 43.9252



39.9861, 41.5416, 41.5761

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



38.1733, 41.5434, 46.5648



71.5637, 76.0486, 83.5432



37.0873, 41.1137, 40.6321



15.9225, 16.9112, 18.5692



84.5950, 89.0005, 96.9216



16.2198, 17.0645, 18.5832



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



38.1733, 41.5434, 46.5648



67.5493, 73.9792, 83.3531



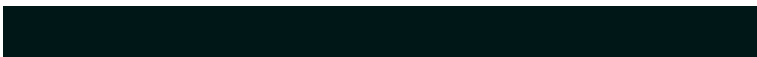
37.0685, 39.3334, 46.1979



8.2363, 9.0721, 10.2693



16.5169, 24.1720, 32.8255



0.4595, 0.6724, 0.9133



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



37.3888, 37.9538, 40.0075



65.8964, 66.4161, 69.5371



38.4424, 40.0614, 40.3575



8.0053, 8.0154, 8.3389



12.6608, 6.5269, 0.5935

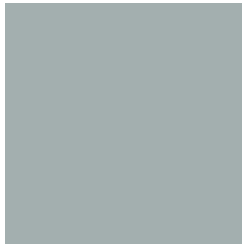


0.3522, 0.1816, 0.0166



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 38.1721, 41.5416, 46.5639 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

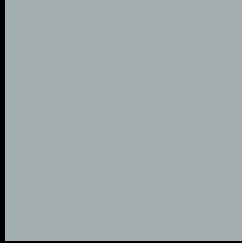
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 38.1721, 41.5416, 46.5639 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

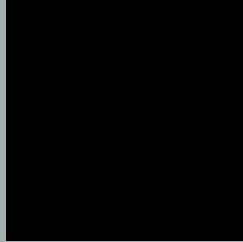
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

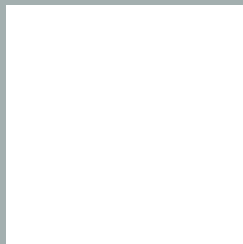
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 38.1721, 41.5416, 46.5639**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 38.1721, 41.5416, 46.5639.



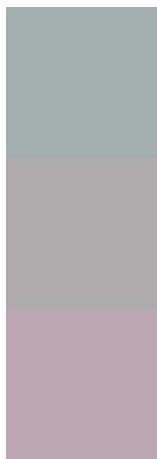
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 38.1721, 41.5416,

46.5639.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

38.1721, 41.5416, 46.5639

### Protanopia

39.9745, 41.6361, 45.4649

### Deuteranopia

42.2480, 41.3766, 47.3547



## Tritanopia

39.4303, 41.4743, 52.9409

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

38.1721, 41.5416, 46.5639

## Protanomaly

39.3781, 41.6011, 45.9988

## Deuteranomaly

40.5713, 41.3490, 46.9171

## Tritanomaly

38.9931, 41.5835, 50.7710

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

38.1721, 41.5416, 46.5639

## Achromatopsia

38.7082, 40.7240, 44.3485

## Achromatomaly

38.3474, 40.8084, 44.8854

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 38.1721, 41.5416, 46.5639 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(163, 175, 175)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(163, 175, 175)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(163, 175, 175) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(163, 175, 175) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 38.1721, 41.5416, 46.5639 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(163, 175, 175) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(163, 175, 175) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(163, 175, 175)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(163, 175, 175); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 175, 175);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 175,  
175) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 38.1721, 41.5416, 46.5639 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(163, 175, 175) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(163,  
175, 175) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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