

# Converting Colors

XYZ(38.2209, 61.1015, 60.0322)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(38.2209, 61.1015, 60.0322)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(38.2016, 61.0021,  
60.2132)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00E7C1
RGB	0, 231, 193
RGB Percent	0%, 91%, 76%
CMY	0.9998, 0.0941, 0.2431
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.16, 0.09
HSL	170°, 100%, 45%
HSV	170°, 100%, 91%
XYZ	38.2016, 61.0021, 60.2132
YIQ	157.5990, -125.4780, -60.7900

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

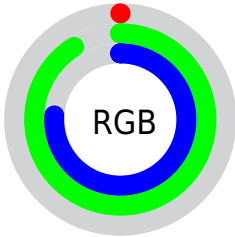
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 126, 231
Decimal	59329
CIELab	82.38, -55.06, 5.46
CIELCh	82, 55.328, 174.339
Yxy	61.0021, 0.2396, 0.3827
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278249409 (0xFF00E7C1)
YUV	157.5990, 17.4527, -138.2143
Hunter-Lab	78.1038, -49.3751, 8.9638

# Details

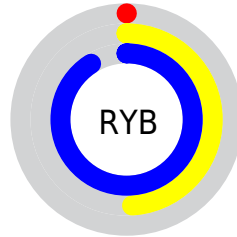
The XYZ color **38.2016, 61.0021, 60.2132** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33FFCC**. The color can be described as middle washed cyan. A complement of this color would be **33.3072, 17.1307, 3.3888**, and the grayscale version is **32.2889, 33.9705, 36.9938**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **59.4144, 81.7391, 102.2683**, and **19.8697, 32.1656, 29.9723** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **38.2019, 61.0038, 60.2102**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **38.9891, 61.3599, 62.4936**.

# Distribution



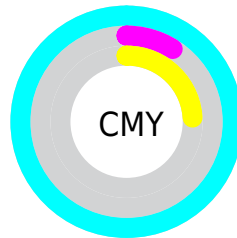
- Red (0%)
- Green (91%)
- Blue (76%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (24%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 38.2016, 61.0021, 60.2132 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 38.2016, 61.0021, 60.2132 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



38.2016, 61.0021,  
60.2132

38.2016, 61.0021,  
60.2132

329.7499,  
428.2817, 443.2096

26.3171, 44.2269,  
43.1641

71.7189, 106.2820,  
106.6853

17.1950, 30.8489,  
29.6815

94.0825, 135.5554,  
136.9453

10.4698, 20.4838,  
19.3470

120.6698,  
169.7637, 172.4461

5.7762, 12.7472,  
11.7419

151.8462,  
209.2912, 213.6061

2.7488, 7.2547,  
6.4478

187.9771,  
254.5224, 260.8439

1.0224, 3.6219,  
3.0461

229.4277,

0.0000, 1.4644,

305.8416, 314.5781

1.1182

276.5636,  
363.6332, 375.2271

■ 0.0000, 0.2635,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 38.2016, 61.0021,  
60.2132

■ 38.2016, 61.0021,  
60.2132

■ 38.2019, 61.0038,  
60.2102

■ 38.9891, 61.3599,  
62.4936

■ 40.2108, 61.9388,  
64.8503

■ 42.0035, 62.8108,  
67.2914

■ 44.4458, 64.0164,  
69.8210

■ 47.6038, 65.5896,  
72.4427

■ 51.5354, 67.5604,  
75.1595

■ 56.2924, 69.9554,  
77.9743

■ 61.9224, 72.7990,  
80.8896

■ 68.4690, 76.1139,  
83.9079

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



41.4270, 61.0021, 35.2771



38.2016, 61.0021, 60.2132



39.6633, 61.0021, 96.9708

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



38.2016, 61.0021, 60.2132



67.8460, 61.0021, 144.9856



72.2438, 61.0021, 26.3711

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



38.2016, 61.0021, 60.2132



33.3072, 17.1307, 3.3888

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



81.2145, 61.0021, 43.0733



38.2016, 61.0021, 60.2132



78.4438, 61.0021, 111.9766

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



38.2016, 61.0021, 60.2132



55.7705, 61.0021, 154.3681



83.6244, 61.0021, 73.0413



60.2484, 61.0021, 20.4640

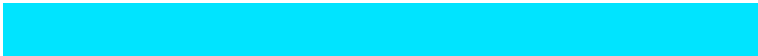


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



38.2016, 61.0021, 60.2132



43.2162, 61.0021, 122.9905



83.6244, 61.0021, 73.0413



75.7746, 61.0021, 30.5634

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



38.2033, 61.0044, 60.2146



70.3241, 87.4799, 97.5086



29.3965, 57.5763, 9.5653



14.4861, 18.4390, 20.5482



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



38.2033, 61.0044, 60.2146



47.7756, 76.3263, 75.1934



25.9834, 28.8870, 79.8102



14.7002, 16.2935, 17.9522



21.4552, 34.2142, 33.9613



1.6127, 2.5392, 2.6531



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



33.3072, 17.1307, 3.3888



41.6572, 21.4269, 4.1267



35.6125, 22.3018, 2.4290



14.4732, 14.4065, 15.4265



18.7014, 9.6148, 2.0567

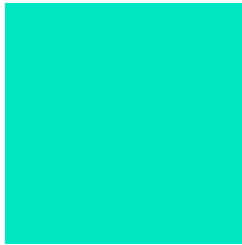


1.4112, 0.7222, 0.3060



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 38.2016, 61.0021, 60.2132 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 38.2016, 61.0021, 60.2132 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

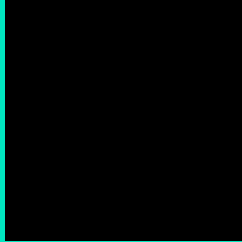
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

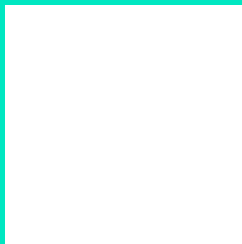
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 38.2016, 61.0021, 60.2132

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 38.2016, 61.0021, 60.2132.



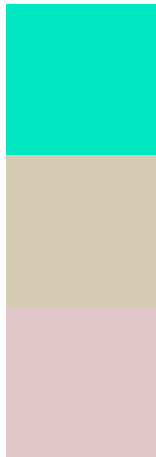
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 38.2016, 61.0021,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

38.2016, 61.0021, 60.2132

### Protanopia

56.8324, 60.0724, 50.7192

### Deuteranopia

61.2493, 59.9968, 63.6107



## Tritanopia

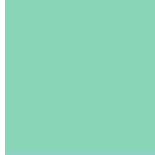
44.9294, 60.8804, 93.3875

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

38.2016, 61.0021, 60.2132



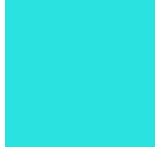
## Protanomaly

42.4948, 56.2416, 53.4158



## Deuteranomaly

44.3212, 55.5178, 61.8061



## Tritanomaly

41.8785, 60.8122, 80.0517

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

38.2016, 61.0021, 60.2132



## Achromatopsia

32.4990, 34.1914, 37.2345



## Achromatomaly

30.0665, 40.4049, 44.7423

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 38.2016, 61.0021, 60.2132 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 231, 193)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 231, 193)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 231, 193) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 231, 193) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 38.2016, 61.0021, 60.2132 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 231, 193) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 231, 193) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 231, 193)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 231, 193); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 231, 193);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 231,  
193) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 38.2016, 61.0021, 60.2132 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 231, 193) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 231,  
193) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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