

# Converting Colors

XYZ(38.2877, 72.5311, 25.2305)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(38.2877, 72.5311, 25.2305)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(38.3098, 72.5399,  
25.3471)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00FF69
RGB	0, 255, 105
RGB Percent	0%, 100%, 41%
CMY	1.0000, 0.0000, 0.5882
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.59, 0.00
HSL	145°, 100%, 50%
HSV	145°, 100%, 100%
XYZ	38.3098, 72.5399, 25.3471
YIQ	161.6550, -103.8300, -100.7100

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

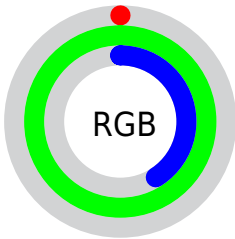
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 181, 255
Decimal	65385
CIELab	88.23, -79.92, 56.67
CIELCh	88, 97.971, 144.659
Yxy	72.5399, 0.2813, 0.5326
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278255465 (0xFF00FF69)
YUV	161.6550, -27.9309, -141.7714
Hunter-Lab	85.1704, -68.7585, 41.9743

# Details

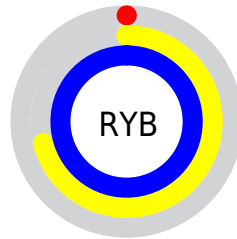
The XYZ color **38.3098, 72.5399, 25.3471** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **00FF66**. The color can be described as dark saturated spring green. A complement of this color would be **46.7457, 23.4625, 30.9219**, and the grayscale version is **34.3440, 36.1326, 39.3484**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **49.3076, 77.7711, 45.6702**, and **20.3157, 39.7101, 9.6117** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **38.3097, 72.5399, 25.3465**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **39.5641, 73.0894, 29.7932**.

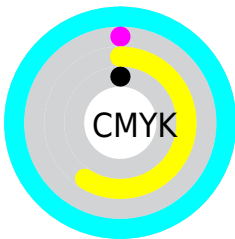
# Distribution



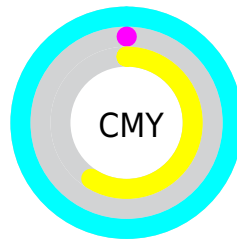
- Red (0%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (41%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (59%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (59%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 38.3098, 72.5399, 25.3471 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 38.3098, 72.5399, 25.3471 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 38.3098, 72.5399,  
25.3471


 38.3098, 72.5399,  
25.3471


330.2050,  
469.4186, 293.0649


 26.4015, 53.5998,  
16.1145


 71.8836, 122.8238,  
53.1908


 17.2585, 38.2818,  
9.4500


 94.2798, 154.9365,  
72.6391


 10.5154, 26.2015,  
4.9350


 120.9027,  
192.2087, 96.3295

 5.8069, 16.9744,  
2.1511

 152.1176,  
235.0251, 124.6808

 2.7676, 10.2163,  
0.6459

 188.2900,  
283.7698, 158.1115

 1.0321, 5.5426,  
0.0000

229.7851,

 0.0000, 2.5690,

338.8274, 197.0400

0.0000

276.9683,  
400.5822, 241.8850

■ 0.0000, 0.9111,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 38.3098, 72.5399,  
25.3471

■ 38.3098, 72.5399,  
25.3471

■ 38.3097, 72.5399,  
25.3465

■ 39.5641, 73.0894,  
29.7932

■ 41.4993, 73.9735,  
35.0146

■ 44.2867, 75.2797,  
41.0526

■ 48.0328, 77.0622,  
47.9428

■ 52.8275, 79.3669,  
55.7180

■ 58.7500, 82.2338,  
64.4094

■ 65.8712, 85.6990,  
74.0464

■ 74.2564, 89.7955,  
84.6571

■ 83.9656, 94.5539,  
96.2683

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



51.7882, 72.5399, 10.1439



38.3098, 72.5399, 25.3471



33.0819, 72.5399, 67.5585

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



38.3098, 72.5399, 25.3471



64.8329, 72.5399, 290.0541



118.6011, 72.5399, 36.4169

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



38.3098, 72.5399, 25.3471



46.7457, 23.4625, 30.9219

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



124.3146, 72.5399, 91.6292



38.3098, 72.5399, 25.3471



89.5302, 72.5399, 264.1600

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



38.3098, 72.5399, 25.3471



46.0083, 72.5399, 238.1694



112.6747, 72.5399, 179.7499



98.4682, 72.5399, 13.5232



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



38.3098, 72.5399, 25.3471



33.8679, 72.5399, 116.3923



112.6747, 72.5399, 179.7499



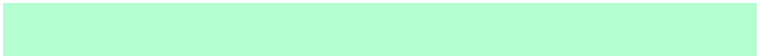
122.4392, 72.5399, 50.5954

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



38.3102, 72.5401, 25.3483



65.8678, 85.6973, 74.0420



48.8978, 78.2928, 12.5352



13.4236, 18.0140, 14.9533



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



38.3102, 72.5401, 25.3483



38.3097, 72.5399, 25.3465



49.9731, 77.2053, 86.7644



18.0817, 20.2922, 20.7330



20.0875, 37.9316, 13.6120



2.0086, 3.7144, 1.6030



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46.7457, 23.4625, 30.9219



46.7452, 23.4621, 30.9199



41.4211, 21.3327, 2.8833



18.4577, 18.1664, 21.0273



24.5014, 12.2899, 16.5569

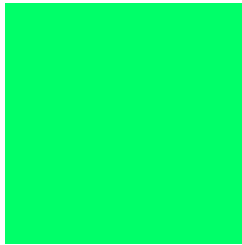


2.4400, 1.2184, 1.8983



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 38.3098, 72.5399, 25.3471 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 38.3098, 72.5399, 25.3471 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

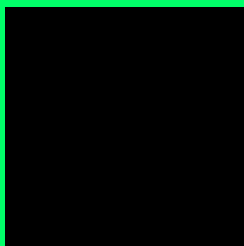
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 38.3098, 72.5399, 25.3471**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 38.3098, 72.5399, 25.3471.



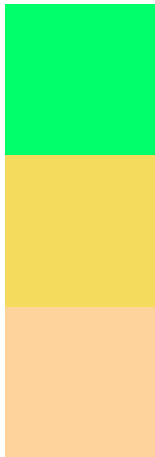
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 38.3098, 72.5399,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

38.3098, 72.5399, 25.3471

### Protanopia

64.6601, 70.7043, 20.8290

### Deuteranopia

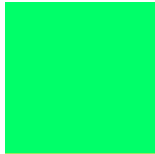
70.7842, 70.7473, 41.3773



## Tritanopia

56.0799, 71.7814, 105.5072

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

38.3098, 72.5399, 25.3471



## Protanomaly

44.5788, 65.5636, 21.8608



## Deuteranomaly

47.1591, 64.9743, 33.7227



## Tritanomaly

45.7565, 70.4080, 65.8221

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

38.3098, 72.5399, 25.3471



## Achromatopsia

34.3422, 36.1307, 39.3463



## Achromatomaly

30.1412, 44.2865, 32.1588

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 38.3098, 72.5399, 25.3471 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 255, 105)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 255, 105)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 255, 105) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 255, 105) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 38.3098, 72.5399, 25.3471 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 255, 105) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 255, 105) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 255, 105)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 255, 105); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 255, 105);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 255,  
105) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 38.3098, 72.5399, 25.3471 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 255, 105) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 255,  
105) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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