

# Converting Colors

XYZ(38.3386, 48.8058, 53.6300)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(38.3386, 48.8058, 53.6300)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(38.2629, 48.6792,  
53.8337)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	82C6BA
RGB	130, 198, 186
RGB Percent	51%, 78%, 73%
CMY	0.4902, 0.2235, 0.2706
CMYK	0.34, 0.00, 0.06, 0.22
HSL	169°, 37%, 64%
HSV	169°, 34%, 78%
XYZ	38.2629, 48.6792, 53.8337
YIQ	176.3000, -36.6760, -18.1480

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

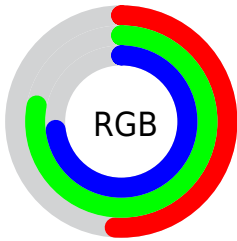
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	130, 167, 198
Decimal	8570554
CIELab	75.25, -24.13, -0.82
CIELCh	75, 24.149, 181.940
Yxy	48.6792, 0.2718, 0.3458
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286760634 (0xFF82C6BA)
YUV	176.3000, 4.7821, -40.6051
Hunter-Lab	69.7705, -24.2070, 3.0922

# Details

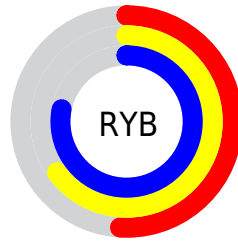
The XYZ color **38.2629, 48.6792, 53.8337** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **36.1555, 29.9253, 29.4636**, and the grayscale version is **41.4140, 43.5707, 47.4485**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **71.7946, 88.2451, 97.2534**, and **17.2675, 23.2178, 25.7617** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **35.1465, 47.1163, 51.7729**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **41.9756, 50.5510, 55.9720**.

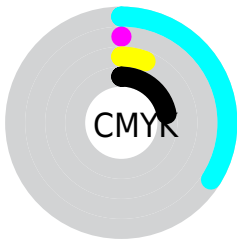
# Distribution



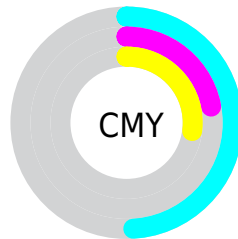
- Red (51%)
- Green (78%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (51%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Black (22%)




- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (27%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 38.2629, 48.6792, 53.8337 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 38.2629, 48.6792, 53.8337 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 38.2629, 48.6792,  
53.8337


 38.2629, 48.6792,  
53.8337


330.0078,  
381.4780, 418.6322


 26.3649, 34.3651,  
38.0765


 71.8122, 88.2148,  
97.2840

 17.2310, 23.1742,  
25.7397


 94.1943, 114.2051,  
125.8141

 10.4956, 14.7222,  
16.4050

 120.8018,  
144.8562, 159.4389

 5.7936, 8.6246,  
9.6538

152.0000,  
180.5525, 198.5769

 2.7594, 4.4972,  
5.0674

188.1544,  
221.6785, 243.6467

 1.0279, 1.9554,  
2.2274

229.6302,

 0.0000, 0.5814,

268.6184, 295.0668

0.6901

276.7929,  
321.7568, 353.2558

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 38.2629, 48.6792,  
53.8337

■ 38.2629, 48.6792,  
53.8337

■ 35.1465, 47.1163,  
51.7729

■ 41.9756, 50.5510,  
55.9720

■ 32.5884, 45.8389,  
49.7843

■ 46.3115, 52.7416,  
58.1861

■ 30.5531, 44.8300,  
47.8669

■ 51.3006, 55.2681,  
60.4789

■ 28.9987, 44.0680,  
46.0185

■ 56.9702, 58.1442,  
62.8520

■ 27.8772, 43.5281,  
44.2364

■ 63.3456, 61.3831,  
65.3069

■ 27.1301, 43.1802,  
42.5175

■ 70.4511, 64.9973,  
67.8450

■ 26.8108, 43.0363,  
41.5703

■ 73.1259, 66.3263,  
70.2251

■ 73.5674, 66.5029,  
72.5504

■ 74.0186, 66.6834,  
74.9262

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



39.1479, 48.6792, 42.3315



38.2629, 48.6792, 53.8337



39.4065, 48.6792, 66.9918

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



38.2629, 48.6792, 53.8337



50.9245, 48.6792, 76.5297



50.3938, 48.6792, 34.2513

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



38.2629, 48.6792, 53.8337



36.1555, 29.9253, 29.4636

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



53.8833, 48.6792, 41.1118



38.2629, 48.6792, 53.8337



54.2032, 48.6792, 65.3331

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



38.2629, 48.6792, 53.8337



46.5571, 48.6792, 81.3290



55.3186, 48.6792, 52.1816



45.9803, 48.6792, 32.1614



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



38.2629, 48.6792, 53.8337



41.2107, 48.6792, 74.6360



55.3186, 48.6792, 52.1816



51.7233, 48.6792, 36.0155

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



38.2643, 48.6812, 53.8348



85.5666, 95.1939, 104.7178



35.4604, 47.7941, 28.4761



18.0506, 20.2417, 22.2906



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



38.2643, 48.6812, 53.8348



63.6405, 84.1348, 92.6594



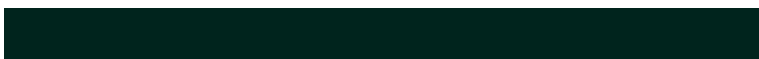
35.0174, 40.0587, 59.3149



10.8633, 12.0342, 13.2301



17.4634, 27.9977, 27.1826



0.8486, 1.3344, 1.4013



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36.1555, 29.9253, 29.4636



59.3707, 46.0775, 43.2532



38.4722, 35.9242, 26.0262



10.7090, 10.6670, 11.4510



15.3646, 7.8954, 1.8640

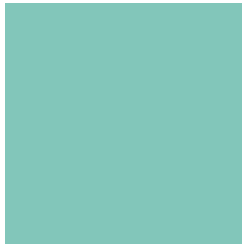


0.7516, 0.3835, 0.2154



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 38.2629, 48.6792, 53.8337 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

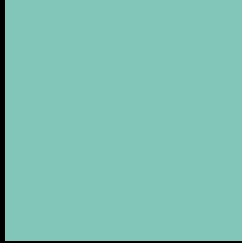
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 38.2629, 48.6792, 53.8337 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

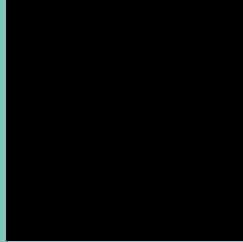
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 38.2629, 48.6792, 53.8337**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 38.2629, 48.6792, 53.8337.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 38.2629, 48.6792,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

38.2629, 48.6792, 53.8337

### Protanopia

46.1626, 48.3141, 49.0120

### Deuteranopia

49.2338, 48.2373, 55.4310



## Tritanopia

41.0780, 48.4710, 68.1636

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

38.2629, 48.6792, 53.8337

## Protanomaly

42.6865, 48.0562, 50.7420

## Deuteranomaly

44.4234, 47.9059, 55.0495

## Tritanomaly

39.8892, 48.3156, 62.4818

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

38.2629, 48.6792, 53.8337

## Achromatopsia

41.2663, 43.4154, 47.2793

## Achromatomaly

39.6768, 44.9472, 49.7645

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 38.2629, 48.6792, 53.8337 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(130, 198, 186)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(130, 198, 186)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(130, 198, 186) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(130, 198, 186) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 38.2629, 48.6792, 53.8337 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(130, 198, 186) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(130, 198, 186) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(130, 198, 186)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(130, 198, 186); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(130, 198, 186);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(130, 198,  
186) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 38.2629, 48.6792, 53.8337 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(130, 198, 186) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(130,  
198, 186) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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