

# Converting Colors

XYZ(38.3650, 37.9781, 39.5289)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(38.3650, 37.9781, 39.5289)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(38.3225, 37.9221, 39.4823)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(38.3225, 37.9221,  
39.4823)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B5A1A2
RGB	181, 161, 162
RGB Percent	71%, 63%, 64%
CMY	0.2902, 0.3686, 0.3647
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.10, 0.29
HSL	357°, 12%, 67%
HSV	357°, 11%, 71%
XYZ	38.3225, 37.9221, 39.4823
YIQ	167.0940, 11.5990, 4.5510

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

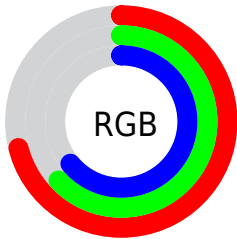
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	181, 161, 162
Decimal	11903394
CIELab	67.96, 7.47, 2.15
CIELCh	68, 7.773, 16.019
Yxy	37.9221, 0.3311, 0.3277
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290093474 (0xFFB5A1A2)
YUV	167.0940, -2.5113, 12.1956
Hunter-Lab	61.5809, 3.3159, 5.0932

# Details

The XYZ color **38.3225, 37.9221, 39.4823** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **39.4615, 43.9210, 49.5799**, and the grayscale version is **36.7851, 38.7008, 42.1452**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **72.0053, 72.1260, 75.7723**, and **17.1852, 16.6523, 17.0603** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **33.9600, 31.4783, 30.9947**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **43.3541, 45.3686, 49.2254**.

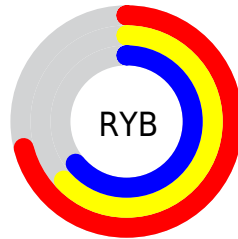
# Distribution



Red (71%)

Green (63%)

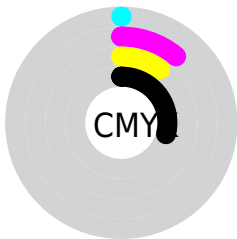
Blue (64%)



Red (71%)

Yellow (63%)

Blue (64%)

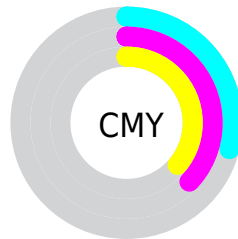


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (10%)

Black (29%)



Cyan (29%)

Magenta (37%)


Yellow (36%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 38.3225, 37.9221, 39.4823 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 38.3225, 37.9221, 39.4823 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 38.3225, 37.9221,  
39.4823


 38.3225, 37.9221,  
39.4823


330.2584,  
337.2857, 359.4237

 26.4114, 25.9222,  
26.8244


 71.9029, 71.9887,  
75.6030

 17.2660, 16.7655,  
17.2101

 94.3029, 94.8243,  
99.9028

 10.5208, 10.0674,  
10.2209


120.9300,  
122.0405, 128.9205

 5.8105, 5.4437,  
5.4381

152.1495,  
154.0218, 163.0744

 2.7698, 2.5099,  
2.4434

188.3267,  
191.1526, 202.7831

 1.0332, 0.8816,  
0.8099

229.8270,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

233.8172, 248.4652

0.0000

277.0158,  
282.4001, 300.5392

■ 38.3225, 37.9221,  
39.4823

■ 38.3225, 37.9221,  
39.4823

■ 33.9600, 31.4783,  
30.9947

■ 43.3541, 45.3686,  
49.2254

■ 30.2355, 25.9897,  
23.7092

■ 49.0780, 53.8529,  
60.2696

■ 27.1199, 21.4123,  
17.5722

■ 55.5202, 63.4143,  
72.6611

■ 24.5809, 17.6969,  
12.5251

■ 62.7043, 74.0888,  
86.4433

■ 22.5830, 14.7895,  
8.5041

■ 70.6530, 85.9107,  
101.6574

■ 21.0870, 12.6299,  
5.4389

■ 72.8662, 88.5639,  
107.8618

■ 20.0481, 11.1498,  
3.2502

■ 19.4138, 10.2682,  
1.8459

■ 19.1057, 9.8436,  
1.1521

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



38.3448, 37.9221, 42.9186



38.3225, 37.9221, 39.4823



37.6808, 37.9221, 36.6871

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



38.3225, 37.9221, 39.4823



34.3983, 37.9221, 36.8420



35.4856, 37.9221, 48.0872

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



38.3225, 37.9221, 39.4823



39.4615, 43.9210, 49.5799

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



34.4550, 37.9221, 46.2641



38.3225, 37.9221, 39.4823



33.8368, 37.9221, 39.7045

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



38.3225, 37.9221, 39.4823



35.4067, 37.9221, 35.2219



33.8573, 37.9221, 43.1535



36.6885, 37.9221, 48.0194



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



38.3225, 37.9221, 39.4823



36.9960, 37.9221, 35.5068



33.8573, 37.9221, 43.1535



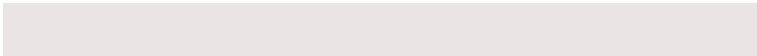
35.1081, 37.9221, 47.6710

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



38.3236, 37.9238, 39.4831



75.7436, 78.4369, 84.4831



39.9088, 38.5309, 49.0503



16.2097, 16.7144, 17.9480



86.6293, 91.1408, 99.2523



17.0014, 17.8868, 19.4787



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



38.3236, 37.9238, 39.4831



66.8409, 65.2663, 67.2270



39.8649, 41.1477, 39.5614



8.5130, 8.5119, 8.9337



13.1787, 6.7890, 0.8348



0.4203, 0.2159, 0.0560



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



38.3236, 37.9238, 39.4831



66.8409, 65.2663, 67.2270



37.7924, 40.4197, 49.5264



8.5130, 8.5119, 8.9337



13.1787, 6.7890, 0.8348



0.4203, 0.2159, 0.0560



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 38.3225, 37.9221, 39.4823 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 38.3225, 37.9221, 39.4823 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

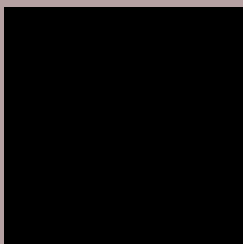
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

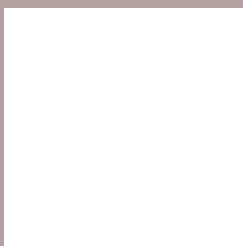
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 38.3225, 37.9221, 39.4823**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 38.3225, 37.9221, 39.4823.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 38.3225, 37.9221,

39.4823.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

38.3225, 37.9221, 39.4823

### Protanopia

36.5182, 38.0256, 40.5369

### Deuteranopia

38.6208, 37.8175, 39.4464



## Tritanopia

39.1359, 37.7199, 44.2477

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

38.3225, 37.9221, 39.4823

## Protanomaly

37.1199, 38.0795, 40.0440

## Deuteranomaly

38.3838, 37.6953, 39.4353

## Tritanomaly

38.9301, 37.9138, 42.3121

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

38.3225, 37.9221, 39.4823

## Achromatopsia

36.7301, 38.6429, 42.0822

## Achromatomaly

37.2599, 38.3975, 41.0450

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 38.3225, 37.9221, 39.4823 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(181, 161, 162)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(181, 161, 162)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(181, 161, 162) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(181, 161, 162) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 38.3225, 37.9221, 39.4823 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(181, 161, 162) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(181, 161, 162) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(181, 161, 162)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(181, 161, 162); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 161, 162);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 161,  
162) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 38.3225, 37.9221, 39.4823 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(181, 161, 162) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(181,  
161, 162) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor