

# Converting Colors

XYZ(38.3988, 47.3247, 21.0315)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(38.3988, 47.3247, 21.0315)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(38.5167, 47.5315,  
21.0544)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ACC06B
RGB	172, 192, 107
RGB Percent	67%, 75%, 42%
CMY	0.3255, 0.2470, 0.5804
CMYK	0.10, 0.00, 0.44, 0.25
HSL	74°, 40%, 59%
HSV	74°, 44%, 75%
XYZ	38.5167, 47.5315, 21.0544
YIQ	176.3300, 15.3650, -30.6750

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

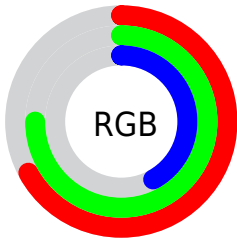
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">107, 192, 127</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">11321451</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">74.53, -20.20, 40.43</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">75, 45.198, 116.553</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">47.5315, 0.3596, 0.4438</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4289511531 (0xFFACC06B)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">176.3300, -34.1797, -3.7974</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">68.9431, -20.9271, 30.1537</a>

# Details

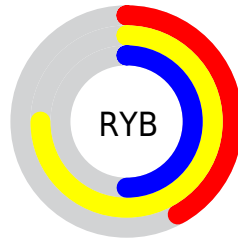
The XYZ color **38.5167, 47.5315, 21.0544** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC66**. A complement of this color would be **23.5265, 18.8345, 52.2675**, and the grayscale version is **41.6075, 43.7743, 47.6702**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **72.2257, 86.3309, 46.1145**, and **17.4424, 22.6122, 7.3162** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **36.6421, 46.6707, 16.2667**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **40.6517, 48.5037, 27.0270**.

# Distribution



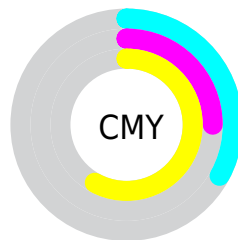
- Red (67%)
- Green (75%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (42%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Black (25%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (58%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 38.5167, 47.5315, 21.0544 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 38.5167, 47.5315, 21.0544 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 38.5167, 47.5315,  
21.0544

■ 38.5167, 47.5315,  
21.0544

331.0740,  
376.9321, 270.3580

■ 26.5630, 33.4560,  
12.9721

■ 72.1982, 86.5064,  
46.0600

■ 17.3802, 22.4760,  
7.2789

■ 94.6567, 112.1747,  
63.8205

■ 10.6029, 14.2071,  
3.5560

■ 121.3476,  
142.4760, 85.6440

■ 5.8658, 8.2648,  
1.3851

■ 152.6361,  
177.7948, 111.9493

■ 2.8035, 4.2649,  
0.1300

188.8876,  
218.5153, 143.1548

■ 1.0507, 1.8228,  
0.0000

230.4676,

■ 0.0000, 0.5013,

265.0222, 179.6790

0.0000

277.7412,  
317.6996, 221.9406

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 38.5167, 47.5315,  
21.0544

■ 38.5167, 47.5315,  
21.0544

■ 36.6421, 46.6707,  
16.2667

■ 40.6517, 48.5037,  
27.0270

■ 35.0090, 45.9087,  
12.5817

■ 43.0575, 49.5865,  
34.2532

■ 33.6015, 45.2407,  
9.9116


■ 45.7483, 50.7872,  
42.8003


■ 32.3997, 44.6588,  
8.1541


■ 48.7359, 52.1107,  
52.7297


■ 31.3797, 44.1534,  
7.1852


■ 52.0316, 53.5615,  
64.0990

 30.8505, 43.8875,  
6.8452

 55.6462, 55.1439,  
76.9627

 59.5895, 56.8619,  
91.3721

 62.9554, 58.3531,  
102.5529

 64.2454, 59.0181,  
102.6133

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



46.1278, 47.5315, 18.5977



38.5167, 47.5315, 21.0544



33.3036, 47.5315, 30.7181

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



38.5167, 47.5315, 21.0544



37.0654, 47.5315, 99.0620



62.7291, 47.5315, 54.5043

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



38.5167, 47.5315, 21.0544



23.5265, 18.8345, 52.2675

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



59.5829, 47.5315, 80.6994



38.5167, 47.5315, 21.0544



44.2399, 47.5315, 110.8539

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



38.5167, 47.5315, 21.0544



32.5393, 47.5315, 74.5657



52.5646, 47.5315, 103.2881



60.7253, 47.5315, 34.1450



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



38.5167, 47.5315, 21.0544



31.5645, 47.5315, 41.9868



52.5646, 47.5315, 103.2881



62.2301, 47.5315, 62.9288

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



38.5179, 47.5336, 21.0554



83.4380, 92.2626, 79.3385



31.9617, 27.4052, 17.5158



17.6547, 19.6842, 16.2222



92.9021, 97.7402, 106.4391



19.4759, 20.4902, 22.3138



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



38.5179, 47.5336, 21.0554



66.5240, 84.6221, 29.7971



30.6600, 43.4828, 20.6877



10.6742, 11.6350, 10.7451



20.8295, 29.5668, 4.6091



0.9576, 1.3072, 0.2018



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



23.5265, 18.8345, 52.2675



35.9798, 26.0785, 93.4976



31.2076, 22.7943, 52.6269



9.7453, 9.8598, 12.6743



7.1945, 2.9693, 33.7506



0.3743, 0.1610, 1.4612



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 38.5167, 47.5315, 21.0544 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 38.5167, 47.5315, 21.0544 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

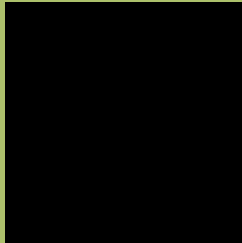
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 38.5167, 47.5315, 21.0544**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 38.5167, 47.5315, 21.0544.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 38.5167, 47.5315,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

38.5167, 47.5315, 21.0544

### Protanopia

43.5196, 47.2840, 19.9297

### Deuteranopia

48.3234, 47.3372, 21.6290



## **Tritanopia**

46.2202, 47.5087, 58.9586

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

38.5167, 47.5315, 21.0544

## Protanomaly

41.3439, 47.0849, 20.2738

## Deuteranomaly

44.2402, 47.0109, 21.4942

## Tritanomaly

42.8502, 47.3819, 42.0091

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

38.5167, 47.5315, 21.0544

## Achromatopsia

41.2663, 43.4154, 47.2793

## Achromatomaly

39.9931, 44.8042, 35.8184

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 38.5167, 47.5315, 21.0544 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(172, 192, 107)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(172, 192, 107)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(172, 192, 107) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(172, 192, 107) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 38.5167, 47.5315, 21.0544 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(172, 192, 107) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(172, 192, 107) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(172, 192, 107) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(172, 192, 107); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(172, 192, 107);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(172, 192,  
107) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 38.5167, 47.5315, 21.0544 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(172, 192, 107) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(172,  
192, 107) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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