

# Converting Colors

XYZ(38.3999, 26.0951, 91.9151)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(38.3999, 26.0951, 91.9151)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(38.4556, 26.1447,  
91.8265)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A76EF8
RGB	167, 110, 248
RGB Percent	65%, 43%, 97%
CMY	0.3451, 0.5686, 0.0274
CMYK	0.33, 0.56, 0.00, 0.03
HSL	265°, 91%, 70%
HSV	265°, 56%, 97%
XYZ	38.4556, 26.1447, 91.8265
YIQ	142.7750, -10.3260, 55.0020

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

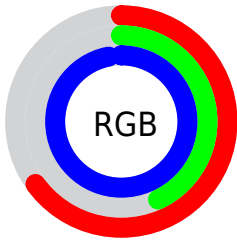
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	167, 110, 248
Decimal	10972920
CIE Lab	58.17, 50.09, -61.07
CIE LCh	58, 78.988, 309.359
Yxy	26.1447, 0.2458, 0.1671
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289163000 (0xFFA76EF8)
YUV	142.7750, 51.8759, 21.2453
Hunter-Lab	51.1319, 44.7666, -70.6851

# Details

The XYZ color **38.4556, 26.1447, 91.8265** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9966FF**. A complement of this color would be **57.8679, 79.3373, 27.0162**, and the grayscale version is **25.8228, 27.1675, 29.5855**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **62.5112, 49.5831, 100.8835**, and **17.3983, 10.2045, 50.3429** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **33.2407, 20.0249, 90.9206**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **44.7675, 33.9418, 92.9993**.

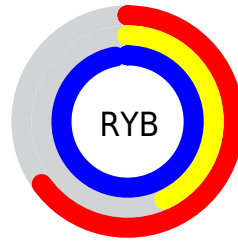
# Distribution



Red (65%)

Green (43%)

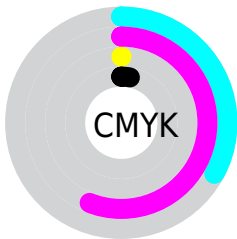
Blue (97%)



Red (65%)

Yellow (43%)

Blue (97%)

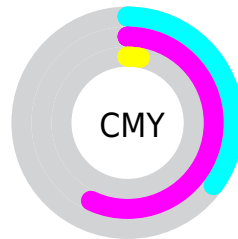


Cyan (33%)

Magenta (56%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (3%)



Cyan (35%)

Magenta (57%)


Yellow (3%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 38.4556, 26.1447, 91.8265 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 38.4556, 26.1447, 91.8265 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 38.4556, 26.1447,  
91.8265


 38.4556, 26.1447,  
91.8265

330.8175,  
283.4917, 554.6773


 26.5153, 16.9319,  
68.9143

 72.1053, 53.5083,  
151.8305

 17.3442, 10.1860,  
50.1706


 94.5455, 72.4279,  
189.7594

 10.5770, 5.5224,  
35.1768


 121.2163, 95.3519,  
233.5310

 5.8484, 2.5569,  
23.5145

 152.4831,  
122.6647, 283.5637

 2.7929, 0.9051,  
14.7650

188.7112,  
154.7507, 340.2761

 1.0452, 0.0000,  
8.5098

230.2661,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

191.9942, 404.0869

4.3305

277.5131,  
234.7798, 475.4144

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
1.8083

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.4334

■ 38.4556, 26.1447,  
91.8265

■ 38.4556, 26.1447,  
91.8265

■ 33.2407, 20.0249,  
90.9206

■ 44.7675, 33.9418,  
92.9993

■ 29.0437, 15.4454,  
90.2579

■ 52.2406, 43.5327,  
94.4567

■ 25.7787, 12.2509,  
89.8134

■ 60.9378, 55.0264,  
96.2168

■ 23.3403, 10.2494,  
89.5556

■ 70.9162, 68.5221,  
98.2958

■ 22.4727, 9.6278,  
89.4813

■ 82.2291, 84.1122,  
100.7087

■ 93.7013, 99.4325,  
103.0612

■ 93.9434, 99.5573,  
103.0725

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



27.9669, 26.1447, 118.6721



38.4556, 26.1447, 91.8265



46.3772, 26.1447, 51.4028

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



38.4556, 26.1447, 91.8265



31.9239, 26.1447, 2.1395



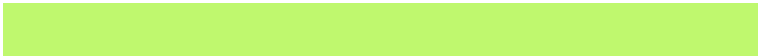
10.7471, 26.1447, 37.9357

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



38.4556, 26.1447, 91.8265



57.8679, 79.3373, 27.0162

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.2919, 26.1447, 13.6279



38.4556, 26.1447, 91.8265



21.9733, 26.1447, 1.6962

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



38.4556, 26.1447, 91.8265



41.9834, 26.1447, 6.4078



14.9040, 26.1447, 4.0596



13.1564, 26.1447, 76.7319



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



38.4556, 26.1447, 91.8265



48.1907, 26.1447, 29.0610



14.9040, 26.1447, 4.0596



10.6081, 26.1447, 27.8814

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



38.4567, 26.1456, 91.8271



73.9969, 70.8818, 104.3892



42.4002, 48.1447, 95.8655



15.3649, 14.5279, 22.2443



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



38.4567, 26.1456, 91.8271



34.6961, 20.5250, 96.7408



56.5172, 35.4562, 92.6723



16.9622, 16.9931, 21.7713



12.2901, 5.2785, 48.3446



1.2555, 0.5493, 4.4830



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53.6917, 34.8705, 53.1906



53.1188, 31.1027, 48.7872



44.6658, 72.5314, 26.3984



17.6720, 17.3962, 20.1286



23.7677, 11.9228, 16.0172



2.2540, 1.1254, 1.7611



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 38.4556, 26.1447, 91.8265 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

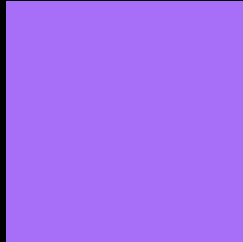
Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 38.4556, 26.1447, 91.8265 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

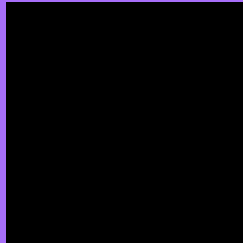
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 38.4556, 26.1447, 91.8265**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 38.4556, 26.1447, 91.8265.



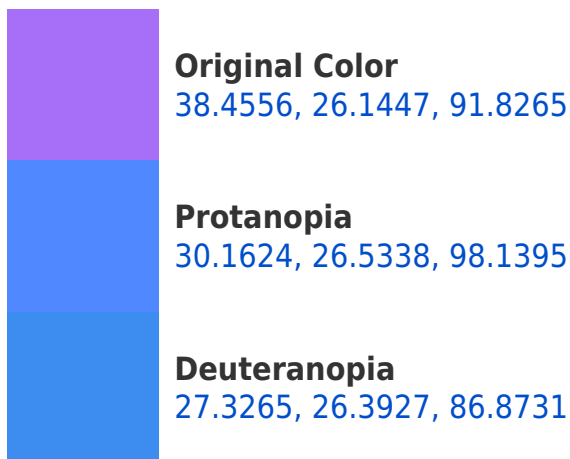
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 38.4556, 26.1447,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





## Tritanopia

26.1032, 25.9179, 31.2306

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

38.4556, 26.1447, 91.8265



## Protanomaly

31.8422, 25.6518, 95.3685



## Deuteranomaly

29.5673, 25.2062, 88.8949



## Tritanomaly

29.5675, 25.5095, 48.7128

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

38.4556, 26.1447, 91.8265



## Achromatopsia

26.1081, 27.4677, 29.9124



## Achromatomaly

29.4057, 26.2442, 47.2319

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 38.4556, 26.1447, 91.8265 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(167, 110, 248)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(167, 110, 248)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(167, 110, 248) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(167, 110, 248) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 38.4556, 26.1447, 91.8265 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

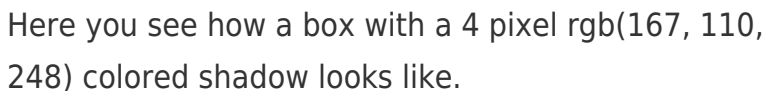
```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(167, 110, 248) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(167, 110, 248) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(167, 110, 248) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(167, 110, 248); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(167, 110, 248);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(167, 110,  
248) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 38.4556, 26.1447, 91.8265 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(167, 110, 248) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(167,  
110, 248) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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