

# Converting Colors

XYZ(38.4163, 42.5544, 6.5057)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(38.4163, 42.5544, 6.5057)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(38.4163, 42.5544, 6.5057)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(38.4163, 42.5544,  
6.5057)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C5AF0B
RGB	197, 175, 11
RGB Percent	77%, 69%, 4%
CMY	0.2275, 0.3137, 0.9568
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.94, 0.23
HSL	53°, 89%, 41%
HSV	53°, 94%, 77%
XYZ	38.4163, 42.5544, 6.5057
YIQ	162.8820, 65.7560, -46.3400

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

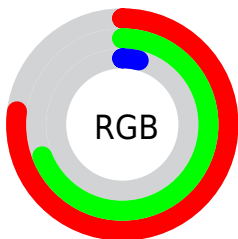
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">36, 197, 11</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">12955403</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">71.25, -6.40, 72.25</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">71, 72.528, 95.064</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">42.5544, 0.4392, 0.4865</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4291145483 (0xFFC5AF0B)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">162.8820, -74.8778, 29.9215</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">65.2337, -9.0400, 39.7507</a>

# Details

The XYZ color **38.4163, 42.5544, 6.5057** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC33**. The color can be described as dark washed orange. A complement of this color would be **10.7604, 5.1908, 53.2576**, and the grayscale version is **35.0795, 36.9064, 40.1910**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **71.0598, 78.4628, 19.3822**, and **17.5642, 19.5692, 2.8515** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **38.1044, 42.0275, 6.1038**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **39.0578, 43.5445, 7.6232**.

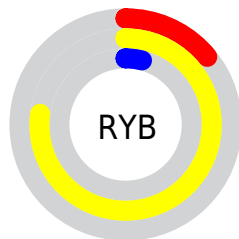
# Distribution



Red (77%)

Green (69%)

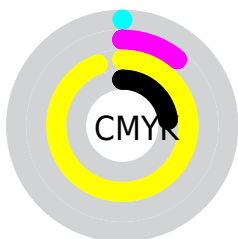
Blue (4%)



Red (14%)

Yellow (77%)

Blue (4%)

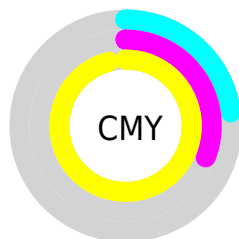


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (94%)

Black (23%)



Cyan (23%)

Magenta (31%)


Yellow (96%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 38.4163, 42.5544, 6.5057 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 38.4163, 42.5544, 6.5057 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 38.4163, 42.5544,  
6.5057


 38.4163, 42.5544,  
6.5057


330.6525,  
356.7760, 172.9629


 26.4846, 29.5356,  
3.0812


 72.0456, 79.0380,  
19.4673

 17.3211, 19.4864,  
1.1363


 94.4739, 103.2716,  
29.8416

 10.5604, 12.0223,  
0.0000


 121.1318,  
132.0124, 43.3695

 5.8372, 6.7588,  
0.0000

 152.3846,  
165.6446, 60.4696

 2.7861, 3.3117,  
0.0000

 188.5977,  
204.5526, 81.5604

 1.0417, 1.2966,  
0.0000

 230.1365,

 0.0000, 0.1385,

249.1210, 107.0606

0.0000

277.3663,  
299.7340, 137.3885

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 38.4163, 42.5544,  
6.5057

■ 38.4163, 42.5544,  
6.5057

■ 38.1044, 42.0275,  
6.1038

■ 39.0578, 43.5445,  
7.6232

■ 39.8642, 44.6114,  
9.5748

■ 40.8617, 45.7675,  
12.4941

■ 42.0713, 47.0210,  
16.4907

■ 43.5109, 48.3794,  
21.6593

■ 45.1966, 49.8490,  
28.0843

■ 47.1431, 51.4358,  
35.8424

■ 49.3636, 53.1451,  
45.0041

■ 51.8707, 54.9821,  
55.6349

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



51.1366, 42.5544, 8.2605



38.4163, 42.5544, 6.5057



28.4378, 42.5544, 10.2794

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



38.4163, 42.5544, 6.5057



24.1573, 42.5544, 96.4833



65.5928, 42.5544, 80.7228

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



38.4163, 42.5544, 6.5057



10.7604, 5.1908, 53.2576

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



55.4344, 42.5544, 125.6845



38.4163, 42.5544, 6.5057



31.3611, 42.5544, 137.5437

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



38.4163, 42.5544, 6.5057



21.3283, 42.5544, 52.5047



42.5474, 42.5544, 150.2822



68.5204, 42.5544, 40.6677



# Rectangle

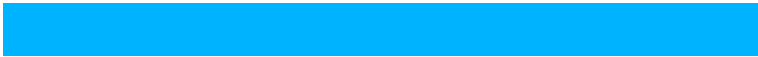
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



38.4163, 42.5544, 6.5057



24.1362, 42.5544, 17.5768



42.5474, 42.5544, 150.2822



62.8229, 42.5544, 96.2850

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



38.4173, 42.5564, 6.5065



82.9751, 90.9545, 58.3106



23.4612, 12.2362, 2.7796



17.4387, 19.2039, 11.2060



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



38.4173, 42.5564, 6.5065



68.1231, 75.0263, 10.8910



29.0504, 44.6083, 7.3963



11.4127, 12.1946, 11.3150



25.1034, 27.7240, 4.0282



1.2197, 1.3748, 0.2011



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.7604, 5.1908, 53.2576



18.5182, 8.1564, 95.2061



13.4398, 5.9422, 53.2614



10.1560, 10.4862, 13.4062



6.8668, 3.1275, 34.9861



0.3597, 0.2172, 1.6681



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 38.4163, 42.5544, 6.5057 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 38.4163, 42.5544, 6.5057 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 38.4163, 42.5544, 6.5057**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 38.4163, 42.5544, 6.5057.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 38.4163, 42.5544,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

38.4163, 42.5544, 6.5057

### Protanopia

38.4163, 42.5544, 6.5057

### Deuteranopia

43.3163, 42.5540, 6.7949



## Tritanopia

46.5672, 42.5549, 46.3170

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

38.4163, 42.5544, 6.5057

## Protanomaly

38.4163, 42.5544, 6.5057

## Deuteranomaly

41.4569, 42.4200, 6.6190

## Tritanomaly

41.5418, 41.5717, 22.0543

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

38.4163, 42.5544, 6.5057

## Achromatopsia

34.8123, 36.6253, 39.8849

## Achromatomaly

34.2047, 37.8341, 19.6873

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 38.4163, 42.5544, 6.5057 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(197, 175, 11)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(197, 175, 11)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(197, 175, 11) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(197, 175, 11) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 38.4163, 42.5544, 6.5057 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(197, 175, 11) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(197, 175, 11) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(197, 175, 11)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(197, 175, 11); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 175, 11);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 175,  
11) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 38.4163, 42.5544, 6.5057 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(197, 175, 11) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(197,  
175, 11) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor