

# Converting Colors

XYZ(38.4182, 35.4044, 33.8120)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(38.4182, 35.4044, 33.8120)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(38.4037, 35.3522,  
33.6537)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C19696
RGB	193, 150, 150
RGB Percent	76%, 59%, 59%
CMY	0.2431, 0.4117, 0.4118
CMYK	0.00, 0.22, 0.22, 0.24
HSL	0°, 26%, 67%
HSV	0°, 22%, 76%
XYZ	38.4037, 35.3522, 33.6537
YIQ	162.8570, 25.6280, 9.1160

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

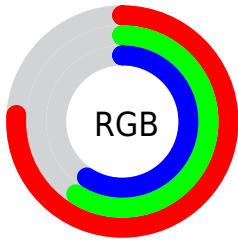
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	193, 150, 150
Decimal	12686998
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	66.02, 16.10, 6.19
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	66, 17.249, 21.041
Yxy	35.3522, 0.3575, 0.3291
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290877078 (0xFFC19696)
YUV	162.8570, -6.3385, 26.4354
Hunter-Lab	59.4577, 11.2420, 8.0616

# Details

The XYZ color **38.4037, 35.3522, 33.6537** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **41.2727, 48.4728, 57.6332**, and the grayscale version is **34.7666, 36.5772, 39.8326**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **71.9163, 67.8694, 66.4364**, and **17.3614, 15.3135, 13.8451** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **34.1459, 29.1220, 25.1881**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **43.4266, 42.7023, 43.6380**.

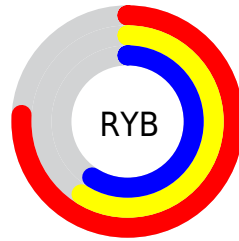
# Distribution



Red (76%)

Green (59%)

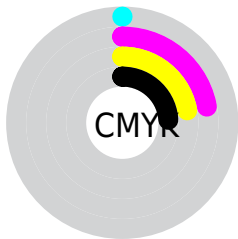
Blue (59%)



Red (76%)

Yellow (59%)

Blue (59%)

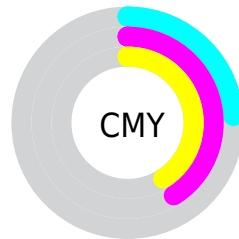


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (22%)

Yellow (22%)

Black (24%)



Cyan (24%)

Magenta (41%)


Yellow (41%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 38.4037, 35.3522, 33.6537 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 38.4037, 35.3522, 33.6537 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 38.4037, 35.3522,  
33.6537


 38.4037, 35.3522,  
33.6537


330.5996,  
326.1202, 333.3070

 26.4748, 23.9343,  
22.3525


 72.0264, 68.0310,  
66.5225

 17.3137, 15.2849,  
13.9153


 94.4509, 90.0607,  
88.9272

 10.5551, 9.0196,  
7.9237


121.1047,  
116.3965, 115.8701

 5.8336, 4.7540,  
3.9591

152.3530,  
147.4228, 147.7698

 2.7839, 2.1036,  
1.6029

188.5613,  
183.5239, 185.0448

 1.0405, 0.6667,  
0.2929

230.0950,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

225.0842, 228.1136

0.0000

277.3193,  
272.4882, 277.3949

■ 38.4037, 35.3522,  
33.6537

■ 38.4037, 35.3522,  
33.6537

■ 34.1459, 29.1220,  
25.1881

■ 43.4266, 42.7023,  
43.6380

■ 30.6129, 23.9523,  
18.1647

■ 49.2465, 51.2183,  
55.2080

■ 27.7653, 19.7854,  
12.5039

■ 55.8969, 60.9496,  
68.4291

■ 25.5586, 16.5563,  
8.1174

■ 63.4086, 71.9413,  
83.3628

■ 23.9432, 14.1925,  
4.9064

■ 71.8110, 84.2361,  
100.0670

■ 22.8623, 12.6106,  
2.7577

■ 75.8024, 90.0775,  
107.9992

■ 22.2476, 11.7110,  
1.5361

■ 21.9926, 11.3379,  
1.0293

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



38.6973, 35.3522, 40.7281



38.4037, 35.3522, 33.6537



36.7895, 35.3522, 28.5458

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



38.4037, 35.3522, 33.6537



29.9201, 35.3522, 30.2980



32.8411, 35.3522, 54.1498

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



38.4037, 35.3522, 33.6537



41.2727, 48.4728, 57.6332

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



30.6027, 35.3522, 50.5169



38.4037, 35.3522, 33.6537



28.9734, 35.3522, 36.3404

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



38.4037, 35.3522, 33.6537



31.8662, 35.3522, 26.7861



29.2168, 35.3522, 43.7743



35.3981, 35.3522, 53.1922



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



38.4037, 35.3522, 33.6537



35.2246, 35.3522, 26.6489



29.2168, 35.3522, 43.7743



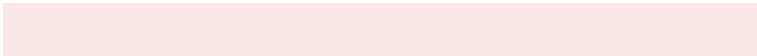
32.0285, 35.3522, 53.4096

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



38.4047, 35.3538, 33.6544



82.9837, 84.0984, 88.5063



42.5246, 37.0008, 55.3529



17.6676, 17.8441, 18.7189



92.9021, 97.7402, 106.4391



19.4759, 20.4902, 22.3138



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



38.4047, 35.3538, 33.6544



64.6930, 57.3342, 52.1446



42.1552, 42.8549, 34.9046



10.0733, 10.0780, 10.4762



14.6277, 7.5411, 0.6846



0.6320, 0.3259, 0.0296



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41.2727, 48.4728, 57.6332



70.7847, 85.1983, 103.0745



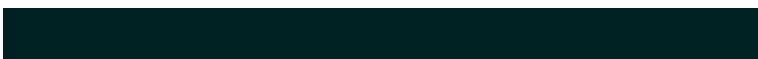
36.8612, 39.6498, 56.1627



10.3685, 11.4283, 12.9442



19.0834, 27.9234, 37.9406



0.8246, 1.2065, 1.6393



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 38.4037, 35.3522, 33.6537 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 38.4037, 35.3522, 33.6537 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

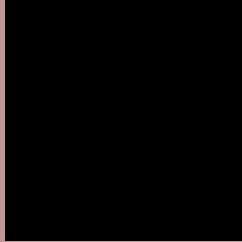
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 38.4037, 35.3522, 33.6537**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 38.4037, 35.3522, 33.6537.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 38.4037, 35.3522,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

38.4037, 35.3522, 33.6537

### Protanopia

34.0043, 35.5075, 36.0718

### Deuteranopia

36.2022, 35.4364, 33.3656



## Tritanopia

39.1832, 35.1872, 37.9843

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

38.4037, 35.3522, 33.6537

## Protanomaly

35.3174, 35.1908, 35.0681

## Deuteranomaly

36.8236, 35.2667, 33.3001

## Tritanomaly

38.9963, 35.3645, 36.2232

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

38.4037, 35.3522, 33.6537

## Achromatopsia

34.8123, 36.6253, 39.8849

## Achromatomaly

35.8540, 35.9210, 37.3915

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 38.4037, 35.3522, 33.6537 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(193, 150, 150)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(193, 150, 150)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(193, 150, 150) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(193, 150, 150) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 38.4037, 35.3522, 33.6537 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(193, 150, 150) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(193, 150, 150) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(193, 150, 150)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(193, 150, 150); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(193, 150, 150);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(193, 150,  
150) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 38.4037, 35.3522, 33.6537 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(193, 150, 150) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(193,  
150, 150) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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