

# Converting Colors

XYZ(38.5179, 45.0193, 53.3382)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(38.5179, 45.0193, 53.3382)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(38.4545, 44.8660,  
53.0876)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	93BABA
RGB	147, 186, 186
RGB Percent	58%, 73%, 73%
CMY	0.4235, 0.2706, 0.2706
CMYK	0.21, 0.00, 0.00, 0.27
HSL	180°, 22%, 65%
HSV	180°, 21%, 73%
XYZ	38.4545, 44.8660, 53.0876
YIQ	174.3390, -23.2440, -8.2680

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

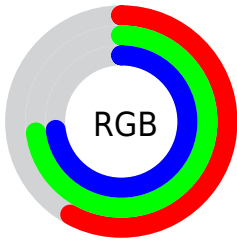
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	147, 167, 186
Decimal	9681594
CIELab	72.80, -12.97, -4.30
CIELCh	73, 13.664, 198.358
Yxy	44.8660, 0.2819, 0.3289
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287871674 (0xFF93BABA)
YUV	174.3390, 5.7489, -23.9763
Hunter-Lab	66.9821, -14.7416, -0.1037

# Details

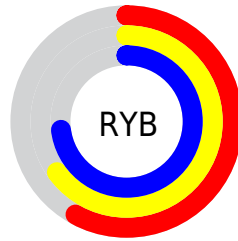
The XYZ color **38.4545, 44.8660, 53.0876** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **35.9515, 33.4145, 32.1605**, and the grayscale version is **40.3874, 42.4907, 46.2723**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **72.1363, 82.4716, 96.1210**, and **17.3405, 20.9014, 25.3107** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **35.3853, 43.2850, 52.9443**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **42.0656, 46.7287, 53.2582**.

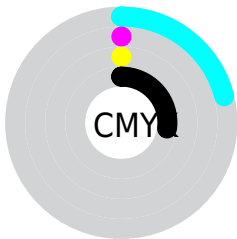
# Distribution



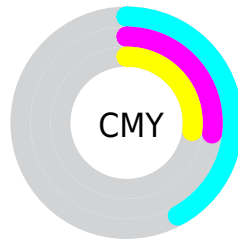
- Red (58%)
- Green (73%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (58%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (21%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (27%)



- Cyan (42%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (27%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 38.4545, 44.8660, 53.0876 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 38.4545, 44.8660, 53.0876 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 38.4545, 44.8660,  
53.0876

■ 38.4545, 44.8660,  
53.0876

330.8129,  
366.2306, 415.6969

■ 26.5144, 31.3519,  
37.4845

■ 72.1037, 82.5193,  
96.1761

■ 17.3436, 20.8670,  
25.2841

■ 94.5435, 107.4273,  
124.4986

■ 10.5766, 13.0268,  
16.0679

121.2139,  
136.9020, 157.8980

■ 5.8481, 7.4470,  
9.4173

152.4803,  
171.3279, 196.7928

■ 2.7927, 3.7432,  
4.9139

188.7081,  
211.0892, 241.6015

■ 1.0451, 1.5310,  
2.1390

230.2625,

■ 0.0000, 0.3104,

256.5706, 292.7428

0.6388

277.5090,  
308.1562, 350.6351

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 38.4545, 44.8660,  
53.0876

■ 38.4545, 44.8660,  
53.0876

■ 35.3853, 43.2850,  
52.9443

■ 42.0656, 46.7287,  
53.2582

■ 32.8283, 41.9668,  
52.8240

■ 46.2389, 48.8801,  
53.4541

■ 30.7566, 40.8988,  
52.7265

■ 50.9982, 51.3337,  
53.6774

■ 29.1398, 40.0653,  
52.6502

■ 56.3651, 54.1004,  
53.9292

■ 27.9435, 39.4486,  
52.5936

■ 62.3600, 57.1908,  
54.2104

■ 27.1288, 39.0286,  
52.5548

■ 67.6634, 59.9248,  
54.4592

■ 26.6495, 38.7816,  
52.5318

■ 67.6636, 59.9249,  
54.4598

■ 26.4218, 38.6642,  
52.5206

■ 67.6637, 59.9249,  
54.4604

■ 67.6638, 59.9250,  
54.4611

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



38.3254, 44.8660, 46.2593



38.4545, 44.8660, 53.0876



39.6806, 44.8660, 59.2920

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



38.4545, 44.8660, 53.0876



46.1485, 44.8660, 58.0679



43.5721, 44.8660, 37.1284

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



38.4545, 44.8660, 53.0876



35.9515, 33.4145, 32.1605

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



45.7509, 44.8660, 39.7146



38.4545, 44.8660, 53.0876



47.2749, 44.8660, 51.5387

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



38.4545, 44.8660, 53.0876



44.0984, 44.8660, 62.3463



47.1268, 44.8660, 44.8469



41.2216, 44.8660, 37.4596



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



38.4545, 44.8660, 53.0876



40.9815, 44.8660, 62.0451



47.1268, 44.8660, 44.8469



44.3504, 44.8660, 37.6748

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



38.4558, 44.8678, 53.0886



79.7956, 86.5264, 96.6963



34.9763, 43.4895, 34.1557



17.4640, 18.9987, 21.2891



90.7827, 95.5105, 104.0109



18.6292, 19.5994, 21.3438



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



38.4558, 44.8678, 53.0886



67.1083, 79.9859, 96.1004



34.7432, 37.4422, 51.8523



9.2667, 10.2107, 11.5618



17.7750, 26.0110, 35.3328



0.6266, 0.9170, 1.2456



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



35.9515, 33.4145, 32.1605



61.7794, 55.6142, 51.5673



39.1268, 39.7653, 33.2181



9.0047, 9.0122, 9.3719



13.6234, 7.0231, 0.6378



0.4803, 0.2476, 0.0225



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 38.4545, 44.8660, 53.0876 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

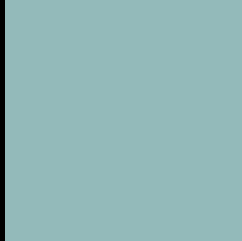
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 38.4545, 44.8660, 53.0876 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

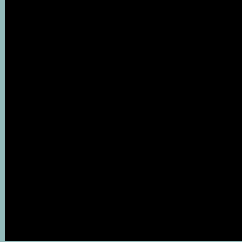
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

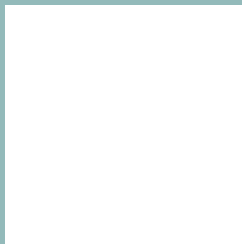
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 38.4545, 44.8660, 53.0876**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 38.4545, 44.8660, 53.0876.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 38.4545, 44.8660,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

38.4545, 44.8660, 53.0876

### Protanopia

42.8850, 44.4838, 50.0420

### Deuteranopia

45.6147, 44.6376, 54.3559



## Tritanopia

40.0270, 44.8885, 60.5875

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

38.4545, 44.8660, 53.0876

## Protanomaly

41.0170, 44.3862, 51.2053

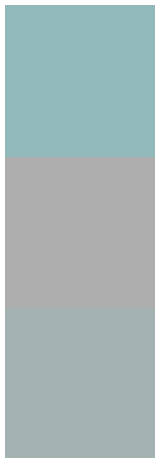
## Deuteranomaly

42.6767, 44.5856, 53.9335

## Tritanomaly

39.4810, 44.9825, 57.6406

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

38.4545, 44.8660, 53.0876

## Achromatopsia

40.2316, 42.3268, 46.0938

## Achromatomaly

39.2661, 42.9477, 48.3397

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 38.4545, 44.8660, 53.0876 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(147, 186, 186)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(147, 186, 186)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(147, 186, 186) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(147, 186, 186) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 38.4545, 44.8660, 53.0876 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

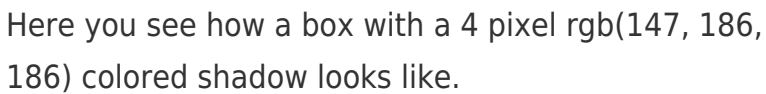
```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(147, 186, 186) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(147, 186, 186) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(147, 186, 186)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(147, 186, 186); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(147, 186, 186); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(147, 186, 186) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 38.4545, 44.8660, 53.0876 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(147, 186, 186) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(147,  
186, 186) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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