

# Converting Colors

XYZ(38.5385, 38.3082, 99.9708)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(38.5385, 38.3082, 99.9708)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(38.5508, 38.3022,  
99.9690)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	70A7FF
RGB	112, 167, 255
RGB Percent	44%, 65%, 100%
CMY	0.5608, 0.3451, 0.0000
CMYK	0.56, 0.35, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	217°, 100%, 72%
HSV	217°, 56%, 100%
XYZ	38.5508, 38.3022, 99.9690
YIQ	160.5870, -61.0280, 15.7080

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

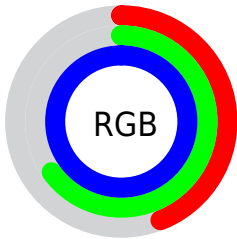
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	112, 152, 255
Decimal	7383039
CIE Lab	68.24, 7.00, -49.14
CIE LCh	68, 49.636, 278.105
Yxy	38.3022, 0.2180, 0.2166
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285573119 (0xFF70A7FF)
YUV	160.5870, 46.5456, -42.6108
Hunter-Lab	61.8888, 2.8831, -52.4491

# Details

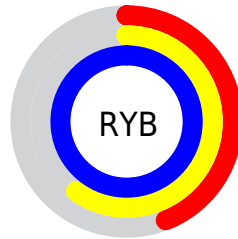
The XYZ color **38.5508, 38.3022, 99.9690** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **6699FF**. A complement of this color would be **64.8203, 63.7407, 24.2180**, and the grayscale version is **33.4977, 35.2422, 38.3788**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **61.1845, 68.2332, 104.5533**, and **17.4771, 17.1035, 55.8062** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **33.0511, 31.4556, 98.9373**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **45.3204, 46.3226, 101.1602**.

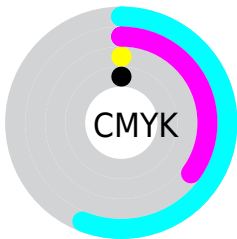
# Distribution



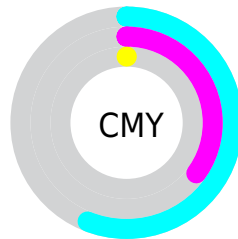
- Red (44%)
- Green (65%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (44%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 38.5508, 38.3022, 99.9690 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 38.5508, 38.3022, 99.9690 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 38.5508, 38.3022,  
99.9690

■ 38.5508, 38.3022,  
99.9690

331.2170,  
338.9146, 581.3391

■ 26.5896, 26.2173,  
75.6579

■ 72.2501, 72.5711,  
163.1661

■ 17.4002, 16.9863,  
55.6471

■ 94.7188, 95.5239,  
202.8892

■ 10.6173, 10.2247,  
39.5179

■ 121.4209,  
122.8681, 248.5866

■ 5.8755, 5.5482,  
26.8520

152.7215,  
154.9882, 300.6771

■ 2.8095, 2.5724,  
17.2306

188.9861,  
192.2685, 359.5790

■ 1.0538, 0.9128,  
10.2354

230.5799,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

235.0934, 425.7110

5.4476

277.8685,  
283.8473, 499.4915

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
2.4489

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.8129

■ 38.5508, 38.3022,  
99.9690

■ 38.5508, 38.3022,  
99.9690

■ 33.0511, 31.4556,  
98.9373

■ 45.3204, 46.3226,  
101.1602

■ 28.7252, 25.7129,  
98.0569

■ 53.4384, 55.5728,  
102.5179

■ 25.4678, 21.0010,  
97.3190

■ 62.9810, 66.1096,  
104.0487

■ 23.1489, 17.2319,  
96.7138

■ 74.0172, 77.9845,  
105.7591

■ 22.4246, 15.9691,  
96.5082

■ 86.6114, 91.2459,  
107.6551

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



31.1169, 38.3022, 95.2854



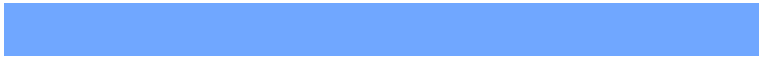
38.5508, 38.3022, 99.9690



46.4170, 38.3022, 85.2060

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



38.5508, 38.3022, 99.9690



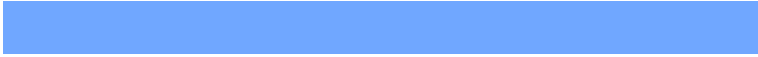
49.4613, 38.3022, 20.4928



24.2355, 38.3022, 27.7063

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



38.5508, 38.3022, 99.9690



64.8203, 63.7407, 24.2180

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



27.9475, 38.3022, 16.2970



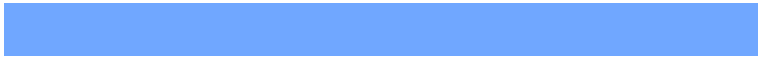
38.5508, 38.3022, 99.9690



42.2608, 38.3022, 13.2826

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



38.5508, 38.3022, 99.9690



53.2754, 38.3022, 35.9622



34.3405, 38.3022, 12.0816



23.5351, 38.3022, 48.0279



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



38.5508, 38.3022, 99.9690



50.6081, 38.3022, 68.6195



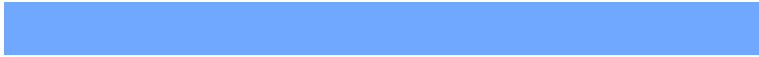
34.3405, 38.3022, 12.0816



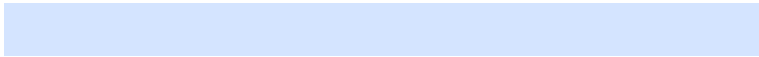
25.1441, 38.3022, 22.9475

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



38.5521, 38.3035, 99.9691



72.9328, 76.8295, 105.5933



52.6133, 79.0333, 65.7888



15.1159, 15.9160, 22.5254



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



38.5521, 38.3035, 99.9691



32.6035, 30.8795, 98.8497



32.4943, 23.2688, 97.3864



17.5757, 18.5231, 22.8989



11.8507, 8.6110, 50.4721



1.2557, 1.0422, 4.9482



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



54.0102, 35.6399, 40.5929



49.9157, 29.8214, 31.9200



74.8585, 91.3381, 29.0158



18.2985, 18.1027, 20.1890



22.7699, 11.5972, 7.4386



2.2684, 1.1498, 0.9951



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 38.5508, 38.3022, 99.9690 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

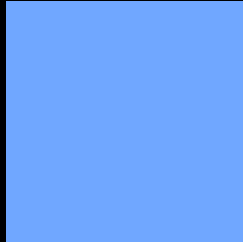
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 38.5508, 38.3022, 99.9690 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

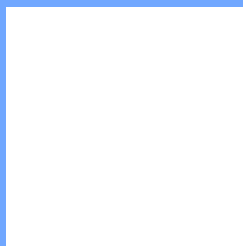
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 38.5508, 38.3022, 99.9690

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 38.5508, 38.3022, 99.9690.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 38.5508, 38.3022,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

38.5508, 38.3022, 99.9690

### Protanopia

40.3413, 38.2278, 96.5193

### Deuteranopia

39.2509, 38.1233, 99.8975



## Tritanopia

29.8822, 38.2099, 56.8392

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

38.5508, 38.3022, 99.9690

## Protanomaly

39.4503, 38.0148, 97.3538

## Deuteranomaly

39.0223, 38.2743, 99.9387

## Tritanomaly

32.6544, 38.1592, 70.6101

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

38.5508, 38.3022, 99.9690

## Achromatopsia

33.8758, 35.6400, 38.8120

## Achromatomaly

34.2752, 35.9742, 56.7670

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 38.5508, 38.3022, 99.9690 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(112, 167, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(112, 167, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(112, 167, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(112, 167, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 38.5508, 38.3022, 99.9690 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(112, 167, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(112, 167, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(112, 167, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(112, 167, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 167, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 167,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 38.5508, 38.3022, 99.9690 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(112, 167, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(112,  
167, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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