

# Converting Colors

XYZ(38.5542, 49.8531, 7.5906)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(38.5542, 49.8531, 7.5906)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(38.5542, 49.8531,  
7.5906)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B2C600
RGB	178, 198, 0
RGB Percent	70%, 78%, 0%
CMY	0.3020, 0.2235, 0.9999
CMYK	0.10, 0.00, 1.00, 0.22
HSL	66°, 100%, 39%
HSV	66°, 100%, 78%
XYZ	38.5542, 49.8531, 7.5906
YIQ	169.4480, 51.6380, -65.8180

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">0, 198, 20</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">11716096</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">75.98, -26.34, 76.27</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">76, 80.691, 109.050</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">49.8531, 0.4016, 0.5193</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4289906176 (0xFFB2C600)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">169.4480, -83.5379, 7.5001</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">70.6067, -26.0934, 43.0507</a>

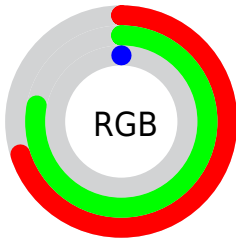
# Details

The XYZ color **38.5542, 49.8531, 7.5906** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC00**.

The color can be described as dark washed chartreuse. A complement of this color would be **10.4829, 4.2270, 53.6924**, and the grayscale version is **38.3204, 40.3160, 43.9041**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **72.2464, 90.1491, 21.7763**, and **17.7190, 23.9396, 3.6869** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **38.5547, 49.8551, 7.5909**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **39.1424, 50.1436, 8.2693**.

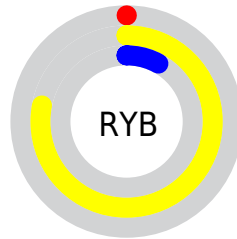
# Distribution



Red (70%)

Green (78%)

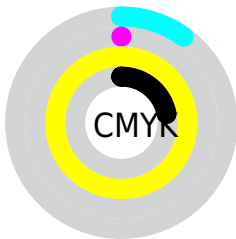
Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (78%)

Blue (8%)

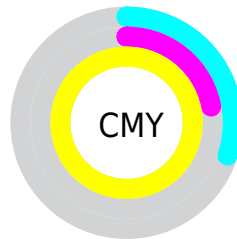


Cyan (10%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (22%)



Cyan (30%)

Magenta (22%)

Yellow (100%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 38.5542, 49.8531, 7.5906 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 38.5542, 49.8531, 7.5906 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 38.5542, 49.8531,  
7.5906

■ 38.5542, 49.8531,  
7.5906

331.2313,  
386.0912, 182.2977

■ 26.5923, 35.2967,  
3.7501

■ 72.2552, 89.9572,  
21.6846

■ 17.4022, 23.8915,  
1.4893

■ 94.7250, 116.2736,  
32.7752

■ 10.6188, 15.2532,  
0.2099

■ 121.4282,  
147.2789, 47.1197

■ 5.8765, 8.9973,  
0.0000

■ 152.7300,  
183.3574, 65.1364

■ 2.8101, 4.7394,  
0.0000

■ 188.9959,  
224.8935, 87.2441

■ 1.0541, 2.0952,  
0.0000

■ 230.5911,

■ 0.0000, 0.6619,

272.2715, 113.8611

0.0000

277.8812,  
325.8760, 145.4062

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 38.5542, 49.8531,  
7.5906

■ 38.5542, 49.8531,  
7.5906

■ 38.5547, 49.8551,  
7.5909

■ 39.1424, 50.1436,  
8.2693

■ 39.8635, 50.4863,  
9.6179

■ 40.7633, 50.9012,  
11.8721

■ 41.8650, 51.3976,  
15.1544

■ 43.1884, 51.9836,  
19.5683

■ 44.7508, 52.6658,  
25.2049

■ 46.5676, 53.4507,  
32.1459

■ 48.6532, 54.3439,  
40.4659

■ 51.0206, 55.3505,  
50.2340

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



53.0947, 49.8531, 6.8034



38.5542, 49.8531, 7.5906



28.7192, 49.8531, 16.0729

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



38.5542, 49.8531, 7.5906



30.8389, 49.8531, 143.9936



81.8428, 49.8531, 71.5909

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



38.5542, 49.8531, 7.5906



10.4829, 4.2270, 53.6924

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



72.7666, 49.8531, 128.7096



38.5542, 49.8531, 7.5906



42.0979, 49.8531, 183.0366

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



38.5542, 49.8531, 7.5906



24.9604, 49.8531, 86.0658



57.4682, 49.8531, 176.3091



80.3295, 49.8531, 31.4800



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



38.5542, 49.8531, 7.5906



25.1750, 49.8531, 29.7183



57.4682, 49.8531, 176.3091



79.8639, 49.8531, 89.6245

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



38.5553, 49.8554, 7.5916



82.2992, 94.5778, 56.3009



23.5371, 12.5005, 1.1730



17.3106, 20.1121, 10.8727



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



38.5553, 49.8554, 7.5916



68.1476, 88.2164, 13.4357



23.4378, 42.0620, 6.8841



11.4142, 12.3605, 11.3470



25.1133, 32.4417, 4.9383



1.2204, 1.5522, 0.2353



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.4829, 4.2270, 53.6924



18.4701, 7.4366, 95.0697



17.7759, 7.9866, 54.0337



10.1545, 10.3379, 13.3777



6.8510, 2.7660, 34.9172



0.3590, 0.1488, 1.6549



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 38.5542, 49.8531, 7.5906 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 38.5542, 49.8531, 7.5906 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

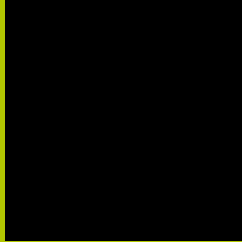
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 38.5542, 49.8531, 7.5906**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 38.5542, 49.8531, 7.5906.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 38.5542, 49.8531,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

38.5542, 49.8531, 7.5906

### Protanopia

44.8472, 49.8153, 7.2516

### Deuteranopia

50.5887, 49.3870, 8.3052



## Tritanopia

49.4416, 49.7420, 61.0281

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

38.5542, 49.8531, 7.5906

## Protanomaly

42.4028, 49.8414, 7.3855

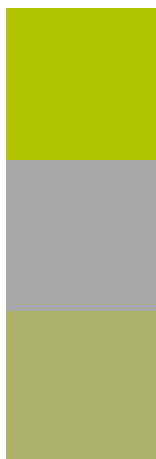
## Deuteranomaly

45.5087, 49.1991, 7.8073

## Tritanomaly

42.7674, 48.6189, 27.2090

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

38.5542, 49.8531, 7.5906

## Achromatopsia

37.7116, 39.6755, 43.2066

## Achromatomaly

36.0413, 42.4959, 20.4903

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 38.5542, 49.8531, 7.5906 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(178, 198, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(178, 198, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(178, 198, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(178, 198, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 38.5542, 49.8531, 7.5906 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(178, 198, 0) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(178, 198, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(178, 198, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(178, 198, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(178, 198, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(178, 198,  
0) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 38.5542, 49.8531, 7.5906 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(178, 198, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(178,  
198, 0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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