

# Converting Colors

XYZ(38.5742, 48.7126, 60.9987)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(38.5742, 48.7126, 60.9987)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(38.5555, 48.6763,  
60.7895)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7BC6C6
RGB	123, 198, 198
RGB Percent	48%, 78%, 78%
CMY	0.5176, 0.2235, 0.2235
CMYK	0.38, 0.00, 0.00, 0.22
HSL	180°, 40%, 63%
HSV	180°, 38%, 78%
XYZ	38.5555, 48.6763, 60.7895
YIQ	175.5750, -44.7000, -15.9000

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

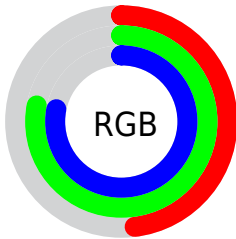
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">123, 161, 198</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">8111814</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">75.25, -23.19, -7.36</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">75, 24.328, 197.605</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">48.6763, 0.2605, 0.3288</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4286301894</a> ( <a href="#">0xFF7BC6C6</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">175.5750, 11.0555, -46.1083</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">69.7684, -23.4518, -2.8217</a>

# Details

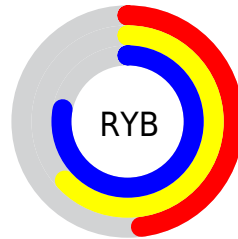
The XYZ color **38.5555, 48.6763, 60.7895** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **33.9485, 27.6032, 22.2793**, and the grayscale version is **41.0078, 43.1434, 46.9832**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **72.4004, 88.3237, 107.8400**, and **17.3912, 23.1891, 29.9449** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **36.0049, 47.3626, 60.6709**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **41.6819, 50.2892, 60.9372**.

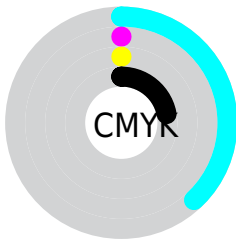
# Distribution



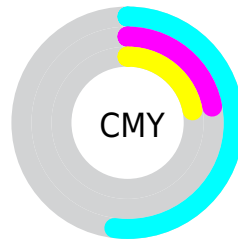
- Red (48%)
- Green (78%)
- Blue (78%)



- Red (48%)
- Yellow (63%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (22%)



- Cyan (52%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (22%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 38.5555, 48.6763, 60.7895 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 38.5555, 48.6763, 60.7895 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 38.5555, 48.6763,  
60.7895

■ 38.5555, 48.6763,  
60.7895

331.2368,  
381.4666, 445.3869

■ 26.5933, 34.3628,  
43.6259

■ 72.2572, 88.2105,  
107.5286

■ 17.4030, 23.1724,  
30.0414

■ 94.7274, 114.2000,  
137.9412

■ 10.6193, 14.7209,  
19.6177

■ 121.4310,  
144.8502, 173.6072

■ 5.8769, 8.6237,  
11.9362

152.7333,  
180.5456, 214.9451

■ 2.8103, 4.4966,  
6.5782

188.9996,  
221.6705, 262.3735

■ 1.0543, 1.9550,  
3.1253

230.5954,

■ 0.0000, 0.5812,

268.6094, 316.3109

1.1590

277.8860,  
321.7466, 377.1759

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 38.5555, 48.6763,  
60.7895

■ 38.5555, 48.6763,  
60.7895

■ 36.0049, 47.3626,  
60.6709

■ 41.6819, 50.2892,  
60.9372

■ 33.9909, 46.3243,  
60.5763

■ 45.4115, 52.2119,  
61.1120

■ 32.4765, 45.5437,  
60.5051


■ 49.7753, 54.4615,  
61.3166


■ 31.4181, 44.9980,  
60.4553


■ 54.8009, 57.0523,  
61.5521


■ 30.7645, 44.6611,  
60.4244


■ 60.5141, 59.9975,  
61.8198


 30.4403, 44.4940,  
60.4089

 66.9396, 63.3100,  
62.1208

 30.3877, 44.4669,  
60.4064

 71.6285, 65.7272,  
62.3406

 71.6286, 65.7272,  
62.3409

 71.6286, 65.7272,  
62.3412

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



38.3769, 48.6763, 47.8958



38.5555, 48.6763, 60.7895



40.7151, 48.6763, 73.3100

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



38.5555, 48.6763, 60.7895



52.8994, 48.6763, 71.3658



48.1327, 48.6763, 32.4310

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



38.5555, 48.6763, 60.7895



33.9485, 27.6032, 22.2793

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



52.2984, 48.6763, 36.8375



38.5555, 48.6763, 60.7895



55.1668, 48.6763, 58.4550

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



38.5555, 48.6763, 60.7895



48.9107, 48.6763, 80.0589



54.9401, 48.6763, 45.9065



43.7172, 48.6763, 32.8496



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



38.5555, 48.6763, 60.7895



43.0710, 48.6763, 79.1371



54.9401, 48.6763, 45.9065



49.6138, 48.6763, 33.3633

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



38.5569, 48.6782, 60.7906



85.4727, 95.0627, 108.4512



32.1191, 46.1239, 25.9499



18.0636, 20.2282, 23.2022



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



38.5569, 48.6782, 60.7906



64.6669, 84.3370, 107.4755



31.2392, 34.0424, 58.3525



10.9467, 12.0676, 13.6697



19.7611, 28.9168, 39.2823



0.9357, 1.3692, 1.8600



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



33.9485, 27.6032, 22.2793



55.4070, 41.9902, 30.0935



39.3067, 38.3199, 24.0648



10.6339, 10.6370, 11.0555



15.1453, 7.8077, 0.7089

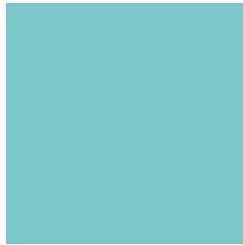


0.7171, 0.3697, 0.0336



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 38.5555, 48.6763, 60.7895 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

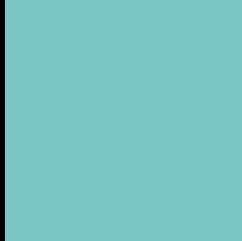
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 38.5555, 48.6763, 60.7895 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

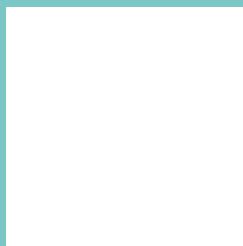
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 38.5555, 48.6763, 60.7895**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 38.5555, 48.6763, 60.7895.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 38.5555, 48.6763,

60.7895.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

38.5555, 48.6763, 60.7895

### Protanopia

46.3685, 47.9802, 54.9613

### Deuteranopia

49.0289, 47.9738, 62.5529



## Tritanopia

40.3760, 48.7453, 69.5681

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

38.5555, 48.6763, 60.7895

## Protanomaly

42.6019, 47.5587, 56.8036

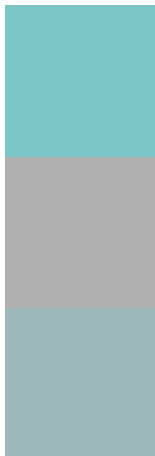
## Deuteranomaly

44.2500, 47.6597, 62.1254

## Tritanomaly

39.8329, 48.8731, 66.3655

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

38.5555, 48.6763, 60.7895

## Achromatopsia

41.2663, 43.4154, 47.2793

## Achromatomaly

39.6968, 44.9098, 51.9236

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 38.5555, 48.6763, 60.7895 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(123, 198, 198)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(123, 198, 198)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(123, 198, 198) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(123, 198, 198) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 38.5555, 48.6763, 60.7895 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(123, 198, 198) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(123, 198, 198) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(123, 198, 198)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(123, 198, 198); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(123, 198, 198);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(123, 198,  
198) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 38.5555, 48.6763, 60.7895 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(123, 198, 198) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(123,  
198, 198) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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