

# Converting Colors

XYZ(38.6607, 33.0192, 36.2206)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(38.6607, 33.0192, 36.2206)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(38.6071, 32.9053,  
36.2148)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C68B9D
RGB	198, 139, 157
RGB Percent	78%, 55%, 62%
CMY	0.2235, 0.4549, 0.3843
CMYK	0.00, 0.30, 0.21, 0.22
HSL	342°, 34%, 66%
HSV	342°, 30%, 78%
XYZ	38.6071, 32.9053, 36.2148
YIQ	158.6930, 29.3860, 18.1060

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

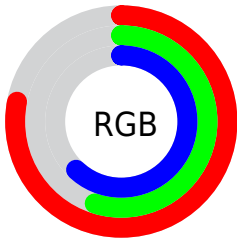
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	198, 139, 157
Decimal	13011869
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	64.08, 25.10, -0.49
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	64, 25.108, 358.871
Yxy	32.9053, 0.3584, 0.3055
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291201949 (0xFFC68B9D)
YUV	158.6930, -0.8346, 34.4722
Hunter-Lab	57.3631, 19.7503, 2.7229

# Details

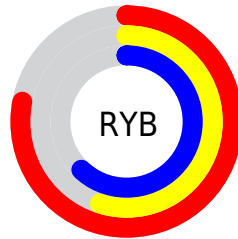
The XYZ color **38.6071, 32.9053, 36.2148** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **39.0811, 49.1732, 50.6140**, and the grayscale version is **32.8096, 34.5182, 37.5903**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **72.0678, 64.1031, 70.2028**, and **17.4189, 13.8597, 15.3928** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **34.8862, 27.2388, 29.5012**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **42.9814, 39.6662, 43.7998**.

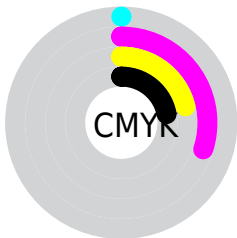
# Distribution



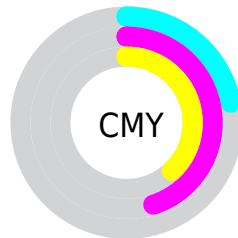
- Red (78%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (62%)



- Red (78%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Blue (62%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Black (22%)




- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (38%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 38.6071, 32.9053, 36.2148 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 38.6071, 32.9053, 36.2148 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 38.6071, 32.9053,  
36.2148


 38.6071, 32.9053,  
36.2148


331.4532,  
315.2228, 344.9642


 26.6336, 22.0539,  
24.3091

 72.3356, 64.2277,  
70.5362

 17.4334, 13.8965,  
15.3488


 94.8213, 85.4674,  
93.7891

 10.6412, 8.0487,  
8.9152


 121.5418,  
110.9387, 121.6614

 5.8916, 4.1261,  
4.5898

152.8624,  
141.0260, 154.5718

 2.8193, 1.7444,  
1.9542

189.1485,  
176.1137, 192.9387

 1.0589, 0.4521,  
0.5269

230.7654,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

216.5861, 237.1807

0.0000

278.0785,  
262.8277, 287.7164

■ 38.6071, 32.9053,  
36.2148

■ 38.6071, 32.9053,  
36.2148

■ 34.8862, 27.2388,  
29.5012

■ 42.9814, 39.6662,  
43.7998

■ 31.7836, 22.6042,  
23.6246

■ 48.0364, 47.5705,  
52.2847

■ 29.2648, 18.9399,  
18.5511

■ 53.8012, 56.6696,  
61.6992

■ 27.2908, 16.1756,  
14.2438

■ 60.3024, 67.0106,  
72.0711

■ 25.8175, 14.2316,  
10.6622

■ 67.5652, 78.6380,  
83.4268

■ 24.7935, 13.0137,  
7.7616

■ 74.7120, 89.7911,  
95.4913

■ 24.1269, 12.3481,  
5.4815

■ 76.8299, 90.6383,  
106.6437

■ 24.1150, 12.3363,  
5.4405

■ 77.0988, 90.7458,  
108.0599

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



37.4887, 32.9053, 46.9123



38.6071, 32.9053, 36.2148



37.6407, 32.9053, 27.1954

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



38.6071, 32.9053, 36.2148



28.0947, 32.9053, 21.2931



27.8784, 32.9053, 55.2987

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



38.6071, 32.9053, 36.2148



39.0811, 49.1732, 50.6140

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



25.6717, 32.9053, 46.1184



38.6071, 32.9053, 36.2148



25.7897, 32.9053, 26.6441

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



38.6071, 32.9053, 36.2148



31.4102, 32.9053, 19.6242



24.9363, 32.9053, 35.4445



31.1412, 32.9053, 59.1380



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



38.6071, 32.9053, 36.2148



35.9827, 32.9053, 23.0305



24.9363, 32.9053, 35.4445



26.9979, 32.9053, 52.6590

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



38.6080, 32.9068, 36.2155



85.6982, 85.2364, 93.6361



38.0905, 32.1656, 57.6273



18.0407, 17.7692, 19.5417



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



38.6080, 32.9068, 36.2155



63.7990, 51.2960, 55.9458



38.8271, 35.6256, 29.2580



10.7648, 10.6893, 11.7450



15.7163, 8.0361, 3.7158



0.7769, 0.3936, 0.3483



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



38.6080, 32.9068, 36.2155



63.7990, 51.2960, 55.9458



38.6509, 45.1857, 60.1109



10.7648, 10.6893, 11.7450



15.7163, 8.0361, 3.7158

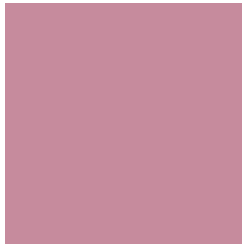


0.7769, 0.3936, 0.3483



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 38.6071, 32.9053, 36.2148 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

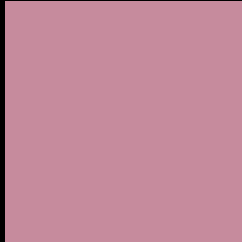
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 38.6071, 32.9053, 36.2148 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

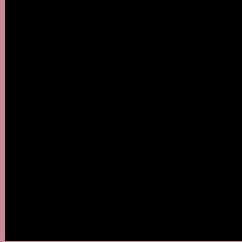
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 38.6071, 32.9053, 36.2148**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 38.6071, 32.9053, 36.2148.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 38.6071, 32.9053,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

38.6071, 32.9053, 36.2148

### Protanopia

32.1218, 33.1644, 40.7848

### Deuteranopia

33.7776, 33.1577, 35.6302



## Tritanopia

37.9900, 32.8608, 33.6186

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

38.6071, 32.9053, 36.2148

## Protanomaly

34.1529, 32.7972, 39.1808

## Deuteranomaly

35.4905, 33.0915, 35.9692

## Tritanomaly

38.1538, 32.9264, 34.4815

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

38.6071, 32.9053, 36.2148

## Achromatopsia

32.9542, 34.6704, 37.7561

## Achromatomaly

34.6334, 33.8093, 37.0482

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 38.6071, 32.9053, 36.2148 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(198, 139, 157)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(198, 139, 157)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(198, 139, 157) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(198, 139, 157) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 38.6071, 32.9053, 36.2148 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(198, 139, 157) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(198, 139, 157) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(198, 139, 157)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(198, 139, 157); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 139, 157);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 139,  
157) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 38.6071, 32.9053, 36.2148 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(198, 139, 157) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(198,  
139, 157) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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