

# Converting Colors

XYZ(38.6817, 19.9180, 2.8558)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(38.6817, 19.9180, 2.8558)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(38.5556, 19.8533,  
2.8369)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F7001B
RGB	247, 0, 27
RGB Percent	97%, 0%, 11%
CMY	0.0314, 0.9997, 0.8941
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.89, 0.03
HSL	353°, 100%, 48%
HSV	353°, 100%, 97%
XYZ	38.5556, 19.8533, 2.8369
YIQ	76.9310, 138.5450, 60.7610

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

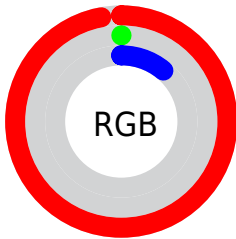
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	247, 0, 27
Decimal	16187419
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	51.67, 78.44, 57.38
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	52, 97.192, 36.186
Yxy	19.8533, 0.6295, 0.3242
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294377499 (0xFFFF7001B)
YUV	76.9310, -24.6160, 149.1505
Hunter-Lab	44.5570, 76.4828, 27.4150

# Details

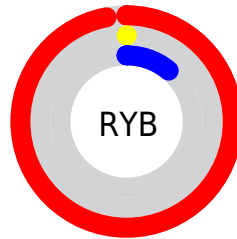
The XYZ color **38.5556, 19.8533, 2.8369** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF3333**. The color can be described as dark saturated red. A complement of this color would be **46.1882, 71.6922, 79.1588**, and the grayscale version is **7.0743, 7.4428, 8.1052**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **46.6022, 29.9524, 9.9818**, and **18.8224, 9.7033, 0.8809** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **38.5546, 19.8529, 2.8333**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **39.2546, 20.6811, 4.8294**.

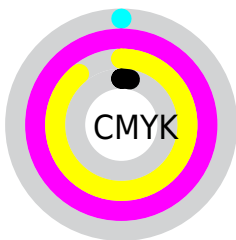
# Distribution



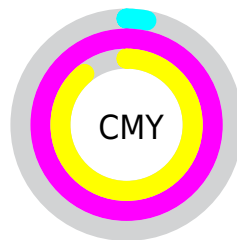
- Red (97%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (11%)



- Red (97%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (11%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Black (3%)




- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (89%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 38.5556, 19.8533, 2.8369 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 38.5556, 19.8533, 2.8369 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 38.5556, 19.8533,  
2.8369

 38.5556, 19.8533,  
2.8369


331.2372,  
251.1198, 134.2554


 26.5934, 12.2885,  
1.0120


 72.2574, 43.1711,  
11.2233


 17.4031, 6.9404,  
0.0000


 94.7276, 59.6928,  
18.6218


 10.6194, 3.4249,  
0.0000


 121.4312, 79.9690,  
28.7152

 5.8769, 1.3574,  
0.0000

 152.7335,  
104.3839, 41.9221

 2.8103, 0.1850,  
0.0000

 188.9999,  
133.3221, 58.6611


 1.0543, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 230.5957,


 0.0000, 0.0000,


167.1679, 79.3506


0.0000


 277.8864,  
206.3057, 104.4092


 38.5556, 19.8533,  
2.8369


 38.5556, 19.8533,  
2.8369


 38.5546, 19.8529,  
2.8333

 39.2546, 20.6811,  
4.8294

 40.6131, 22.4650,  
8.1590

 42.7940, 25.4845,  
13.0237

 45.9026, 29.9108,  
19.5810

 50.0284, 35.8879,  
27.9684

■ 55.2503, 43.5419,  
38.3095

■ 61.6393, 52.9861,  
50.7169

■ 69.2604, 64.3238,  
65.2947

■ 78.1739, 77.6504,  
82.1398

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



44.5212, 19.8533, 16.3026



38.5556, 19.8533, 2.8369



27.5568, 19.8533, 0.0120

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



38.5556, 19.8533, 2.8369



6.3391, 19.8533, 6.3185



20.9764, 19.8533, 132.0812

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



38.5556, 19.8533, 2.8369



46.1882, 71.6922, 79.1588

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.2325, 19.8533, 118.2718



38.5556, 19.8533, 2.8369



5.6432, 19.8533, 27.9762

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



38.5556, 19.8533, 2.8369



9.7804, 19.8533, 0.7442



7.3730, 19.8533, 71.7699



32.3413, 19.8533, 101.1023



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



38.5556, 19.8533, 2.8369



20.1527, 19.8533, 0.0000



7.3730, 19.8533, 71.7699



17.6428, 19.8533, 132.7337

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



38.5560, 19.8546, 2.8372



66.2130, 56.8813, 54.4157



45.7595, 21.6516, 89.7623



13.5185, 11.2067, 10.3834



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



38.5560, 19.8546, 2.8372



41.4474, 21.3430, 3.0221



42.4252, 27.9090, 3.1528



16.5726, 16.5119, 17.4959



20.4152, 10.5095, 1.6287



1.8180, 0.9332, 0.2680



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



38.5560, 19.8546, 2.8372



41.4474, 21.3430, 3.0221



28.0730, 29.2833, 92.1676



16.5726, 16.5119, 17.4959



20.4152, 10.5095, 1.6287



1.8180, 0.9332, 0.2680



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 38.5556, 19.8533, 2.8369 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

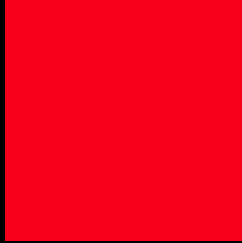
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 38.5556, 19.8533, 2.8369 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 38.5556, 19.8533, 2.8369**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 38.5556, 19.8533, 2.8369.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 38.5556, 19.8533,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

38.5556, 19.8533, 2.8369

### Protanopia

18.5355, 20.3779, 5.8621

### Deuteranopia

20.3831, 20.1250, 2.8102



## Tritanopia

37.9626, 20.0253, 1.8644

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

38.5556, 19.8533, 2.8369

## Protanomaly

21.6290, 15.3624, 3.9231

## Deuteranomaly

23.8061, 16.0012, 2.1210

## Tritanomaly

38.2316, 19.9564, 2.1241

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

38.5556, 19.8533, 2.8369

## Achromatopsia

7.0540, 7.4214, 8.0819

## Achromatomaly

12.5352, 8.0014, 5.0214

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 38.5556, 19.8533, 2.8369 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(247, 0, 27)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(247, 0, 27)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(247, 0, 27) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(247, 0, 27) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 38.5556, 19.8533, 2.8369 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(247, 0, 27) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(247, 0, 27) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(247, 0, 27) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(247, 0, 27); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(247, 0, 27);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(247, 0, 27)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 38.5556, 19.8533, 2.8369 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(247, 0, 27) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(247, 0,  
27) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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